CYCLES
All British Made
Prices on request.
WELLINGTON CYCLE AND MOTOR CO.
Fort, Bombay and Poona.

# The Bombay Chronicle

CYCLES
All British Made
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Fort, Bombay and Poona.

EDITED BY S. S. HORNIMAN, 1913—19.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1918

CONDUCTED BY MAHOMEDBHOY PIRKHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BREVI.

VOL. X. NO. 48 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1922. TWO ANNAS

## SHIPPING.

### P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

**MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE**

P. & O. SAILING TO PLYMOUTH & LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

| Date. | Steamer. | Tons |
|---|---|---|
| 1922 | | |
| 25th „ | MOREA | 10,390 |
| 4th March | MALWA | 10,941 |
| 11th „ | KARMALA | 8,983 |
| 18th „ | KAISAR-I-HIND | 11,430 |
| 25th „ | CHINA | 7,952 |
| 1st April | NARKUNDA* | 16,118 |
| 5th „ | CALEDONIA | 7,572 |
| 15th „ | EGYPT | 7,941 |
| 22nd „ | MACEDONIA | 10,512 |
| 29th „ | MANTUA * | 10,902 |
| 6th May | MOREA | 10,890 |
| 13th „ | KALYAN | 8,987 |
| 20th „ | KAISAR-I-HIND | 11,430 |
| 27th „ | NALDERA* | 15,825 |

MALWA, NARKUNDA, *MANTUA, *NALDERA, *KALYAN — Through steamers from Australia

Through steamer from China.

The P. and O. Marseilles Special Train, leaves Marseilles for London, via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH.

| Date about | Steamer | Tons. |
|---|---|---|
| 1922 | | |
| 9th Mar. | NIRVANA | 6,021 |
| 23rd Mar. | MANDALA | 8,246 |
| 6th April | NEVASA | 9,071 |
| 18th May | MASHOBRA | 8,288 |
| 1st June | MANELA | 8,305 |

* PROCEEDS TO LONDON.

SAILING FOR CHINA

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 28th February | SICILIA | Calls at Colombo Singapore, Hongkong & Shanghai |

SAILING TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

| Date | Steamers, | |
|---|---|---|
| 1922 | | |
| 24th Feb. | Mantua | Call at Colombo Fremantle, Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney. |
| 24th March | Naldera | |
| 5th May | Malwa | |

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

| Date about | Steamer | Destination. |
|---|---|---|
| 27th Feb. | LHASA | Karachi Coasting |
| 28th „ | VARSOVA | Bushreh direct. |
| 2nd March | BARJORA | E. & S. Africa. |
| 3rd Mar. | LINGA | Karachi direct. |
| 8th „ | KARAPARA | K. & P. Gulf. |
| End February or Early Mar. | ORNA .. | Australian Ports. |

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. and O. B. I. sailings may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box 128.

### NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE, LTD., AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICES.

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT

TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT

Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—

MACKINON MACKENZIE & CO.,
18, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 188.

Telephone No. 1880.

### OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Arrival. | Departure. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Java Maru | J. Kojima | 14th Feb. | 28th Feb. |
| Malay Maru | Y. Saito | 2nd Mar. | 16th Mar. |
| Indus Maru | Nishimura | 21st Mar. | 4th Apr. |
| Indo Maru | S. Kametaka | 22nd Mar. | 5th Apr. |

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to
K. SHIMA,
Manager
Ballard Road, Bombay.

## SHIPPING.

### N. Y. K. LINE.

(NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.)

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer Captain Tons, Arrival Departure

Wakasa Maru B. Tsuda 8137 24th Feb 12th March Tokushima

Maru J. Shibutami 8968 2nd Mar 17th Mar
TsurugaMaru Y Masuzumi 6988 13th Mar 26Mar
MorokaMaru B Takiguchi 6469 31st Mar 15th Ap

For freight and passage apply to
K. AKIYAMA,
Manager.

Hornby Road, Bombay.

## BANKING

### NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELS BANK.

(NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK.)

(Incorporated in Holland.)

Established 1863.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Authorised Capital | .....F. | 60,000,000 | about £5,000,000 |
| Paid up Capital | .....F. | 55,000,000 | „ £4,600,000 |
| Reserve Fund | .....F. | 47,750,000 | „ £4,000,000 |

HEAD OFFICE at AMSTERDAM (Holland.)
SUB-OFFICE: THE HAGUE.

EASTERN HEAD AGENCY at BATAVIA BRANCHES.

DUTCH EAST INDIES:

| | |
|---|---|
| Ampenan. | Pekalongan. |
| Bandoeng. | Probolinggo. |
| Cheribon. | Semarang. |
| Gorontalo. | Soerabaia. |
| Macassar. | Tegal. |
| Medan. | Tjilatjap. |
| Menado. | Weltevreden. |
| Palembang. | |

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS:—Singapore.
CHINA and JAPAN:—Hongkong, Shanghai and Kobe.

BRITISH INDIA:—Bombay and Calcutta.

LONDON BANKERS:—London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd., Swiss Bank Corporation, Williams Deacon's Bank, Ltd.

PARIS BANKERS:—Park Union Foreign Banking Corporation.

NEW YORK BANKERS:—Farmers Loan and Trust, Co., Guaranty Trust Coy., of New York, Goldman Sachs and Co.

Correspondents in every part of the World.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

Sorab Building, No. 7, Murzban Road, Fort. Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

W. J. DeGRAAN,
Manager.

### ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

(Affiliated with the P. and O. Banking Corporation Ltd.)

| | |
|---|---|
| AUTHORISED AND SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL | Rs. 40,000,000 |
| CAPITAL CALLED UP | Rs. 85,50,000 |
| RESERVE FUND IN GOVERNMENT PAPER | Rs. 85,50,000 |
| CONTINGENCY FUND for equalisation of Dividend, Provision for bad or doubtful debts, adjusting fluctuations in values of investments or etc. | Rs. 6,00,000 |

HEAD OFFICE—ALLAHABAD.
BRANCHES.

Bombay, Bareilly, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Dehra Dun, Gorakhpur, Jhansi, Jubbulpore Lucknow, Meerut, Mussooree, Naini Tal, Nagpur Patna.

SUB-AGENCIES.

Allahabad City Office, Amritsar, Aminabad Park, Lucknow, Benares, Cawnpore City Office, Chandausi, Fyzabad, Hathras, Hapur Lucknow City Office, Lyallpur, Morabad, Muttra, Rae Bareli, Sitapur.

CORRESPONDENTS, In all the principal Towns throughout India.

LONDON BANKERS.—The P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited. The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS. Interest at 2 per cent. allowed on balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 100,000 provided the interest amounts to Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS. Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT. Small sums received. Copy of Rules can be obtained on application. Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the Custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realised. Loans and Cash Credits granted.

Currency Notes of any Circle Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit account free of charge. Banking business of every description transacted. Copy of Rules may be had on application at the Head Office and at any of the Branches.

T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent.

Bombay Branch,
Allahabad Bank Buildings,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

## BANKING.

### THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... | 5,00,00,000 |
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... | 3,97,61,500 |
| CALLED-UP CAPITAL ..... | 60,00,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 18-8-2 ... | 59,76,150 |

HEAD OFFICE:
62-68, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
SUB-BRANCHES:
Zaveri Bazar, 239, Chaik Memon Street,

LONDON, AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINISTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS: Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS: Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.

SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.

Banking business of every description transacted.

A. B. OLIPHANT.
Ag. Manager.

### THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK

LIMITED.

| | |
|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital ... | Rs. 7,58,73,523. |
| Paid-Up Capital and Reserves ... | Rs. 2,44,74,608. |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... | Rs. 5,31,11,467. |

Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, of Directors.

HEAD OFFICES: BOMBAY.
Branches: CALCUTTA, CAWNPORE, DELHI, HYDERABAD, (DECCAN), LUCKNOW, MADRAS, RANGOON, etc.

Every facility offered for General Industrial and Exchange banking throughout India and with Europe and America. Bills of Exchange negotiated. Deposits received.

For terms apply to Head Office or to any branch. ... ...

*General Manager:*
L. D. L. BUCKLEY.

### THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

| | |
|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital ..... | Yen 100,000,000 |
| Paid-up Capital ..... | Yen 100,000,000 |
| Reserve Fund ..... | Yen 53,000,000 |

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Batavia | Kobe | Saigon |
| Bombay | London | San Francisco |
| Buenos Aires | Los Angeles | Seattle |
| Calcutta | Lyons | Shanghai |
| Changchun | Manila | Shimonoseki |
| Dairen | Nagasaki | Singapore |
| Fengtien | Newchwang | Sourabaya |
| Hamburg | New York | Sydney |
| Hankow | Nagoya | Tientsin |
| Harbin | Osaka | Tokyo |
| Hongkong | Peking | Tsinan |
| Honolulu | Rangoon | Tsingtau |
| Kai Yuan | Rio de Janeiro | Vladivostock |

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. OTSUKA,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 687.

## BANKING.

### THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED.

Head Office—APOLLO STREET, FORT.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| AUTHORIZED & ISSUED CAPITAL ..... | 10,00,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... | 10,00,000 |
| RESERVE FUND ..... | 1,05,000 |
| CONTINGENCY FUND ..... | 1,15,700 |

DIRECTORS:

Sir Goculdas Kahandas Parekh, Kt., Chairman.
The Hon. Mr. Mahomed Hajeebhoy (Messrs. Hajeebhoy Lalji & Co.).
Lalji Govindji, Esq., (Messrs. Bhucandas Govandji & Co.).
Narsnji Dayal, Esq. (Messrs. Premchand Chhaganlal & Co.).
Gopaldas Tricumji Jivandas, Esq. (Messrs. Tricumji Jivandas), Managing Director.

CURRENT DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed at 5 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed at 6½ per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 and upwards for twelve months. Rates for short term deposit may be ascertained from the Bank.

LOANS, CASH CREDITS AND OVERDRAFTS given on approved securities.

LOCAL DEMANS BILLS collected free of charge.

Copies of rules may be obtained from the Bank on application.

GOPALDAS TRICAMJI,
Managing Director.

### THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTTBLISHED 1895.

| | | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Capital | Authorised ..... | 50,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital | Issued ..... | 50,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital | Subscribed ..... | 50,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital | Paid-up ..... | 20,45,920 | 0 | 0 |
| Reserve Funds ..... | | 17,20,000 | 0 | 0 |

Dividend at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amritsar | Hyderabad (Sindh) | Montgomery |
| Bombay | Jullundur | Peshawar City |
| Cawnpore | Jammu | Patiala |
| Calcutta | Jhelum City | Quetta |
| Delhi | Karachi | Rawalpindi |
| D. I. Khan | Kasur | Rahon |
| Ferozepore | Lahore City | Sargodha |
| Gujranwalla | Lyallpur | Sialkot |
| Gojra | Ludhiana | Srinagar |
| Hapur | Multan City | Umballa City |
| Hoshiarpur | | Umballa Cantt. |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June, and 2½ per cent. from July to December.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

### THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 3.

BRANCHES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Amara | Bombay |
| Baghdad | Calcutta |
| Bahrein | Colombo |
| Basrah | Hillah |
| Basrah City | Madras |
| | Mosul |

| | |
|---|---|
| Authorised Capital ..... | £2,000,000 |
| Paid-up Capital ..... | £ 999,500 |
| Reserve Fund ..... | £ 266,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders | £1,005,000 |

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman,
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esqr.,
G. Bromley-Martin, Esqr.,
Emile Franequi, Esqr.,
Meyer Sassoon, Esqr.,

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

A. J. Raymond, Esqr.,
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Esqr.,

BOMBAY BRANCH.

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

### THE SHILOTRI BANK LTD.

SHILOTRI BANK BUILDING
TAMARIND LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.

The Girgaum Branch of this Bank will remain open (besides the usual hours) every day except on Holidays between the hours of 8-30—9-30 A. M. S. T. This facility is given to our constituents, specially to enable them to ascertain the fate of cheques, on other Banks in the City, deposited by them, with us for Collection. However, petty payments and receipts of other cash items, will be allowed during this hour.

SAVINGS BANK 5% P. A. CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3% P. A.

YESHWANT ANNA KUNTE.
*Director, Girgaum, Branch.*

### THE INDUSTRIAL & EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

7, FORT STREET BOMBAY

BRANCHES AT KARACHI RAWALPINDI AND SURAT Agencies in all parts of India

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowd at 3 per cent.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 5 per cent.

FIXED DEPOSITS for short period, one year and more accepted, interest allowed for 12 months at 6 per cent. for 5000 and under and at 6½ per cent. on sums above 5000, special rates for large deposits Cheques or Receipts of any part of India accepted at par in long term deposits ADVANCES MADE, OVERDRAFTS ALLOWED, CASH CREDIT OPENED ON APPROVED SECURITIES.

Bills for Collection accepted. Every description of Banking business undertaken.

SHARES AVAILABLE AT PAR.

G. P. Notes, Shares Stocks bought and sold Free of Charge for Customers.

Short terms deposits invited on favourable terms.

Further particulars from:— KHOLSA AND CO.
Post Box 22. Phone 5305. Manager

INDIAN CAPITAL INDIAN MANAGEMENT.

## BANKING.

### THE BANK OF MORVI, LTD.

(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY).

HEAD OFFICE: Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES—Shroff Bazar (Bombay and Surat.

LONDON AGENTS—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England Ltd.

| | |
|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital ..... | Rs. 1,00,00,000 |
| Paid-up Capital ..... | Rs. 40,00,000 |
| Reserves Liability for Calls ..... | Rs. 60,00,000 |
| Reserve and Contingency Funds | Rs. 3,85,000 |

CURRENT ACCOUNT—Interest at 3 per cent all round the year on sums of s. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.

STERLINGS, DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.

GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.

STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.

All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

C. I. PAREKH AND CO.,
Agents.

### THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH, AHMEDABAD.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... | 2,00,00,000 |
| CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... | 1,00,00,000 |
| RESERVE FUND ..... | 72,50,000 |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs 300 to Rs 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorted period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

H. A. STRINGFELLOW.
Manager.

### HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

| | |
|---|---|
| PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... | $20,000,000 |
| STERLING RESERVE FUND ... | £ 4,500,000 |
| SILVER RESERVE FUND ... | $23,500,000 |
| RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ..... | $20,000,000 |

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.

BOMBAY OFFICE.
40, Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amoy | Johore | Saigon |
| Bangkok | Kobe | San Francisco |
| Batavia | Kuala Lumpur | Shanghai |
| Calcutta | Lyons | Singapore |
| Canton | Malacca | Sourabaya |
| Colombo | Manila | Tientsin |
| Foochow | Nagasaki | Tsingtao |
| Hankow | New York | Vladivostock |
| Harbin | Peking | Yokohama |
| Hongkew | Penang | Ymilo |
| Ipoh | Rangoon | |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

R. B. HYNE,
Agent.

## INSURANCE.

### THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

13. ESPLANADE ROAD FORT, BOMBAY

CHAIRMAN:
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.,

Attractive Plans for Life Insurance with lowest rates and with special advantages.

For particulars apply to:
JIVANLAL DASTUR AND CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

### HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.

CALCUTTA.

Second Quinquennium Valuation-Report and commends a Bonus of ½ per cent. on the sum assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April, 1922, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One Lac.

Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 47,00,000.

The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.

Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office, or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.

S. R. KHOPKAR.
Manager,
Bombay Branch,
43, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

According to the Government of India Insurance Blue Book,

The Oldest Life Office of Bengal.

### THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, LTD.

Established 1891.

Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 3,00,000.

Government of Bengal (Official Trustee) is the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.

Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.

LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.

This is the only policy-holders' office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before assuring elsewhere.

For particulars apply to:—

The Secretary, or The Chief of Agents.
209, Bow Bazar Street Calcutta. D SEN and CO., 1, Chowringhee, Calcutta.

Agency Applications Invited.

### NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. LD.

HEAD OFFICE,

7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA,

This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security, Lowest rates of Premium in India Liberal Policy terms.

"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."

For all forms of Assurance please apply to

P. BANERJEA.
Secretary.

RAE & CO.,
Managing Agents,
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS.
Chief Agents,

Bombay Presidency, C. P. Berar and Kh... 209, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

## AUCTION SALE.

### BENNETT & CO.

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE AT COLABA CHAMBERS.

On SUNDAY, the 26th February, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Colaba Chambers, Opposite Parsee Cemetorium, Colaba, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass, crockery and platedware, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboards and dumb waiter, rich carpets, table ornaments, Chester field sofas and easy chairs, fancy cabinet, pictures, electric fan and table lamps, revolving office table, glass door book cases, single and double bedsteads, almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash-hand tables, ice boxes, meat-safe, aluminium, utensils, perambulators, etc., etc. The property of A. Sydney Smith, Esq., of Messrs. Leach and Weborney and others.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 NEW CROSSLEY IN DUSTRIAL CRUDE OIL ENGINE.

By order of Messrs. Kittick Nixon and Co. and on account and risk of Mr. T. Beltie Shah (Gilani) of Dehra Dun, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 25th day of February, 1922, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 120 Apollo Street, the following:—

3 Three New Crossley Industrial Crude Oil Engine as under:—

1 New Crossley Industrial Crude Oil Engine Size 6117, H. P. 25.

1 New Crossley Industrial Crude Oil Engine size 6120, H. P. 40.

1 New Crossley Industrial Crude Oil Engine size 6122, H. P. 45.

The above on view at the compound of the Kohinoor Mills at Dadar.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF CUTLERY AND HABERDASHERY.

By order of the Bank concerned, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 25th instant, sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 120, Apollo Street, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), the following:—

On account and risk of the defaulting indentor N. H. E. Karawalla:—

1 case Cutlery.

On account and risk of the defaulting indenter Mohamed Haji Jusab:—

1 case Haberdashery.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 250 BALES AMERICAN GREY SHIRTING.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 25th instant, sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), by order of the Bank concerned and on account and risk of the concerned:—

250 bales American grey shirting each 25 pieces 36 inches 30 yards of Belton Mills, B.B.B.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 25th February, 1922, at 3-30 p.m. (S T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods, one iron safe on stand, etc.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

1 second-hand rubber tyred canoe victoria in good order.

1 second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram.

1 second-hand rubber tyred vis-a-vis in good order.

1 handsome strong light canoe shaped Cabriolette, made to order by Stephens, very smart carriage.

AUCTION SALE of Unglazed Wood Free Writing Papers, Unglazed White Printing Papers, Wire Cloth, Collars and Ties, etc.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 25th instant, sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 120, Apollo Street, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), by order of the Banks and Offices concerned and on account and risk of the concerned:—

18 bales unglazed wood free writing paper No. 17309, in all 7,622 lbs.

22 bales unglazed white printing papers No. 20019.

4 cases steel wire cloth, size 24 by 16 Mesh (green), 100 Rolls.

2 cases Collars and Ties.

8 rolls Doffer fillet each 172 feet.

2 rolls cylinder fillet each 272 feet.

On account and risk of P. Rastamji.

3 cases Allenbury food.

1 case Bynocrismol.

On account and risk of Fidahossain Abdul Rasul.

1 case Boys and girls Boots.

By order of the concerned and on account and risk of Bombay Stationery Equipment Co.:—

4 cases Stationery.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.,

### MESSRS MISTRY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

8, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 5921.

SALE TO COMMENCE AT 10-30 A.M.

AUCTION SALE of decent High Class and Household Furniture by John Roberts, Wimbridge and other well-known makers; Sliding Dining Table, Sideboard, 1 Full size Billiard Table by Lazarus with complete set of Balls, Cues, Board Lamp, etc., Handsome Silver Show Case, Cabinet, Palmstands, Platedware Glassware, Crockery, Carpets, etc., etc.

On SUNDAY, the 26th February, 1922, at New Gamdevi Laburnum Road opp. Laburnum House at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MISTRY and Co. will sell by Public Auction very rich and selected pieces of furniture, comprising of sliding Dining Table Sideboard, Dinner Waggon, Dumbwaiter, Tea Tables, Handsome Silver Show and Cabinet, Chesterfield Sofas and Easy Chairs to Match, Righly Carved Table, Brass Top Centre Table, Palmstands, Full size Billiard Table by Lazarus with complete set of Balls, Cues, Boards Lamps, etc., Tea Tables, Low Arm Chairs, Ladies' Fancy Writing Table, Hatstands, Card Tables, English Carpets, Bedroom Furniture, Mirror Almirahs Cloth and Gown Press, Dressing Tables, Marble Top Wash Tables and Toilet set, Revolving Book Stands and Revolving Chairs, Ice Box Electric A.C. Ceiling fans, Glassware, Crockery, Cutlery, etc., etc.

The property of a gentleman and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property is open to View.

Property of another gentleman.

1 Handerson 4 Cylinder motor Cycle with Sidecar in perfect running order.

MISTRY and Co.,

Auctioneers.

Bombay, 25th Feb. 1922.

## AUCTION SALE.

### MESSRS MEHTA & CO.

Government and G. I. P. Railway List.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO CONTRACTORS, HOUSE BUILDERS TIMBER MERCHANTS AND FURNITURE MAKERS.

AUCTION SALE OF OVER 300 TONS ROUGH-HEWN SELECTED FIRST CLASS TEAK SQUARES.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 25th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at Sewree Bunder by order of Rai Bahadur Seth Shivgwandas Bagla and on account and at the risk of the constituents.

About 300 tons Rough-hewn selected First class teak squares sizes above 15 ft., 16 ft., 10 ft., 8 to 14 ft. and 8 to 13 to

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AND SWEEPINGS AT WADI BUNDER GOODS DEPOT G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Under instructions from the G. I. P Ry. Co., and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Ry. Act No. IX of 1890 Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 28th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the above address the following unclaimed Goods and Sweepings consisting of bags of cotton seeds, bags of wheat, bags of jawari, bags of bajree, bags of Hirda, bags of grain, bags of Linseeds, bags of till seeds, bags of rice, bags of toor, bags of dall, bags of copra, bale of C. P. goods, cases of shoes, bales of F. P. Cotton, Bale of Iron Pipes, Bale of Gunny bags, loose wooden pieces, Bdles. of forms, cases of stationery, cases of Sunlight Soap, cases of Machinery, cases of thread, cases of locks, cases of iron nails, bags of sugar, bags of sweeping grain, empty casks, bundles of iron bars etc., etc.

Deposit of 50 per cent. will be required cash at the time of sale for each lot worth Rs. 100 and in special lots if the Auctioneers demand, full amount shall have to be paid and the goods to be removed within 10 days from the date of sale otherwise wharfage will be charged at one anna per maund per day.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS STORES.

AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE TEXTILE AND LEATHER GOODS.

Auction sale on WEDNESDAY the 1st March, and THURSDAY, the 2nd March (if necessary) at 10 a.m. at the Surplus Stores Depot in the compound of Sir Shapurji Broacha Mills (old Howard and Bullogh Mills) De Lisle Road, Parel by Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers under orders from the Controller (Sales) Surplus Government Stores, of very large lots of:—

Linen Stable bags, Ration bags, Holdalls, Tooth Sticks, Grey Woollen Mittens, Holdalls for bedding, Nensooks, Khaki imitation and white serge, Fleecy lining, Drab Serge, Pyjama cloth, Union cloth, Towelling cloth, Khaki black white and grey tapes, Navars, Khaki Cotton webbing Dammered Calico, flannel belts, velvet caps, woolen jackets, mosquitte nets, woolen pants, spinepads, waiste coats, New remais. shoulder pads, cotton pyjamas, khaki Sunshades, flannel shirts, ration bags, pith hats, cotton shirts, putties, flannel vests, Heal tips, tiptoe boots, cotton and flannel drawers, mattress cases, Helmets curtain, Salohets, Kamarbands, pillow cases, Bolsters, Slip bolster mattress and pillow cases, etc., etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required on all lots knocked down at the time of sale and the balance to be paid and goods cleared within 2 days of the sale. For further particulars and conditions of sale and inspection of the goods apply to the Controller (Sales) at his offices at New Customs House, Ballard Pier or the undersigned.

MEHTA AND CO.,
Auctioneers

### VORA AND CO,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

72 Appolo Street, Fort.

GRAND WEEKLY SALE of High Class Rich Furniture, Sliding Dining Tables, Gramophones, Valuable Jewellery, Gold Wrist Watches, Fireproof Safes, a Beautiful Set of Encyclopaedia, etc., etc.

On SATURDAY, the 25th instant, Messrs. VORA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell the undermentioned furniture, high class and valuable jewellery, gold watches, gramophones, a beautiful set of new popular Encyclopaedia, 14 volumes, leather bound with beautiful large size illustrations at their Auction Room at Apollo Street, opposite the New Building of Imperial Bank, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.):—

Furniture, such as dining sliding tables, rich tapestry and leather lined drawing room suits, iron and wooden bedsteads, hat-stands, single and double door almyrahs, drawing room cabinets, fancy teapoys, lady's and office writing tables, dining chairs arm and armless chairs, revolving office chairs, rocking chairs, cots, sofas, gramophones, etc., etc.

Fireproof safes.

2 safes in 28 by 24 by 22.

1 safe in 30 by 26 by 24.

A lot of real jewellery of one private jeweller:—

Fancy rings, necklaces, earrings, etc., etc., set in fine white brilliant diamonds, deep coloured emereld and rubies.

Single and double row pearl necklaces, bangles, etc., etc.

By order of one watchmaker:—

One lot high class and very valuable gold wrist watches.

The said is on view

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONAFIDE SALE.

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF HIGH CLASS AND RICH FURNITURE MADE BY ORDER.

An opportunity to the Furniture Merchants and the others to buy the teak and Blackwood High Class and Rich Furniure, Safe; Electric Hall Lamps, Nice and Beautiful Carpets, etc., etc.

On Sunday 26th instant at 2 p.m. Auction Sale at Sandhurst Road, opp. Khetwadi, Moraji Gocouldas Bldg. in the shop of Messrs. Lall Bros. by order of Messrs. Gossa Ossaman & Co. Furniure Merchans Messrs. Vora and Co., will sell by the public auction, the undermentioned Furniture at the above address on Sunday 26th instant at 2 p.m.

Furniture such as fancy and rich tapestry lined Drawing Room Suits, Drawing Room Cabinets, single and double door Almyrahs, Dressing Chest of Drawers, Fancy Teapoys, Gramophones, Sofas arm and armless, chairs Revolving, Office Chair's Lady's and Office Writing Tables, etc., etc., Electric Table Lamp Hall Lamps, etc., etc.

One Fire proof and Strong Safe, 26 and 24 and 22.

Three very beautiful and nice Carpets.

The said articles and Furniture is on view at the above place.

A Deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of Sale.

VORA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 25th Feb. 1922.

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## AMUSEMENTS.


## Globe Cinema

(Sandhurst Road.)

Messrs K. D. and Brothers are very much gratified to acknowledge the unmistakable patronage the public is giving to their new supreme serial,

"The Mystery Mind"

The last week was a week of uninterrupted success. As innumerable patrons have had to go back owing to the unusual rush last week the Management have decided to screen

THIRD, FORTH, FIFTH, & SIXTH EPISODES

THIS WEEK

—i.e. Eight parts in all! This will enable even the new-comers to follow the serial practically from the beginning, since important developments of

"THE MYSTERY MIND"

Commence at the Third Episode.

Come; it's a serial incomparable a story that thrills you fifteen times in one minute.

Romance, Mystery, Science, Dare devilry—agalore!

To-night: 3-30, 5-30, 7, 8-45, and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

Globe Cinema.

(Sandhurst Road).

A ROLLICKING, SPARKLING SOCIETY DRAMA FOR YOU!

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present the dainty

Madge Kennedy

THISWEEK-TO-NIGHT

In a charming nerve-tickling romance of young married life or rather young unmarried life!

Nearly Married

6 Reels-6000 feet

They were a a pair af sweethearts the one adoring the other. Silly children that they were-they married!—aye, nearly-married But ere the honeymoon could begin, in came that abominable infernal nuisance, that eternal damper, to marrital bliss-he wife's brother! Oh he was a bore, The

NEARLY MARRIED

Had to get the divorce. But still they yoked, and-well married again in spite of that awful beast, the wife's brother!

A Comedy in the Programme.

To-Night 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)

West-End Cinema

(New Churney Road.)

Under Public Patronage

Lalitkaladarsha Sangit Co.

Founded by Late Mr. KESHAVRAO BHONSLE,

GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY THEATRE.

Saturday 25th Feb. 1922. at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.)

Rakshasi Mahatvakanksha

Sunday 26th Feb. 1922. at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

Shaha-Shivaji

Proprietors { V. B. P. S. N. C.


## AMUSEMENTS.


## THE EXCELSIOR.

TO-DAY AT 6-30 p. m.

"A TWILIGHT BABY"

"A TWILIGHT BABY"

A Four Reel Screaming Comedy Treatise on Why Boys Leave Home, Why Girls Stay at Home and how to make the World Safe for Chickens (Poultry).

"JOSHUA JEWT'S ROMANCE"

"JOSHUA JEWT'S ROMANCE"

Directed by Geo. L. Leywood,

MANY OTHER FILMS.

To-Night At 9-30 and To-morrow At 5-30

THE MIDNIGHT FROLICS,

## THE EXCELSIOR

To-morrow Sunday at 9-30

SIXTH CONCERT

THE BOMBAY SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.

PATRON: H. E. SIR GEORGE LLOYD

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PLAN AT THE THEATRE.

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TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4-30; 6-30; 8-15 & 10 p. m.

DOROTHY DALTON

DOROTHY DALTON

IN

"THE MATING OF MARCELLA"

"THE MATING OF MARCELLA"

An Unusual Drama of Love, Power and Temptation. Dorothy Dalton as Marcella plays a variety of dramatic roles sounding the prime human emotions, desparation, fear, tenderness, fury, love—playing each scene with a tenseness that grips and sways.

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CHINESE ACROBATS

Whose Wonderful Performances have been greeted by audiences with delight and frantic applause at Paris, London and Berlin.

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This turn will be given daily in conjunction with the Cinema Programme at 6-30; 8-15 and 10 p. m.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.

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Italy's Strong Man

MARIO GUAITA AUSONIA

MARIO GUAITA AUSONIA

in

"THE GIANT'S STRUGGLE"

"THE GIANT'S STRUGGLE"

Six Reels of Gripping Situations.

And Thrilling Climaxes.

Romance and Adventure Galore.

One fight after another with a sprinkling of love.

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The Programme includes

PATHE'S LATEST PICTORIAL

## THE "STAR"

To-night and This Week

A Marvel of Science

"The Invisible Ray"

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FURTHER THREE EPISODES

Episode 11th. "THE DYNAMITERS"

" 12th. "AVENGED"

" 13th. "THE MANIAC"

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FULL ORCHESTRA PLAYING IN OUR 7 and 10-30 shows daily.

4 Shows daily, commencing, 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 Saturday and Sunday extra Matinee at 3-30.

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Sunday February 26th at 7 p. m.

Tickets Rs. 2, 1, and 0-8-0.

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"WHAT WILL A MAN NOT DO FOR A WOMAN?"!

*COME & SEE IT.*

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CINEMA.

BELLASIS ROAD,

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The Vultures Claw

This production was taken in the most picturesque places of Italy and France,

*COMING! COMING!! COMING!!!*

NEXT WEEK!!!

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A new Thundering super serial Featuring,

FRANKLYN FARNUM.

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5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10 30. p. m.

ONE WEEK MORE!!!

THE KOHINOOR MARVEL

SATI TORAL

A beautiful Moral Story adapted from the ancient true history of Kathiawar

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Featuring

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LAST WEEK

## SHELLAR'S ROYAL CIRCUS

LOCATION;

GIRGAUM, CHURNI ROAD.

Late Stephen's Stable Premises

Opp. MANGALDAS MILL.

To-Night and Every-Night at 9-30 p. m.

Matinee Shows on Friday Saturday and Sunday at 5-30 p. m.

Children under 12 years half prices In Matinee Shows only.

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HE WAS A BORN FIGHTER

Nothing daunted him—See him outwit plotters and see him make a sensational escape. Follow this Yank's adventures. He is a double-quick, red-blooded hero!

SENSATIONAL ACTION!

RARE ROMANCE!

See it!

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Featuring

JUNE CAPRICE & GEORGE B. SEITZ.

Episode 8th Dropped from the Clouds.

" 9th The House on the Roof.

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*TIME*:—Daily 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.

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For quickly repairing cuts, dig-outs, sand blisters and stone-bruises in casings, Prevents water and sand from working into the fabric.

Also used for mending other articles made of rubber. Easy to apply, tough, strong and elastic. It hardens and becomes a part of the article repaired.

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ONE OUTFIT WILL REPAIR 100 PUNCTURES in tubes, or will fill up the cuts which are so detrimental to the life of a tyre stopping grit and dirt from working in, and wet from rotting the canvas.

Repairs to portion of tread that comes in contact with road should be done at night when car is finished with the "Uneedit" will then be vulcanised and ready for use in the morning.

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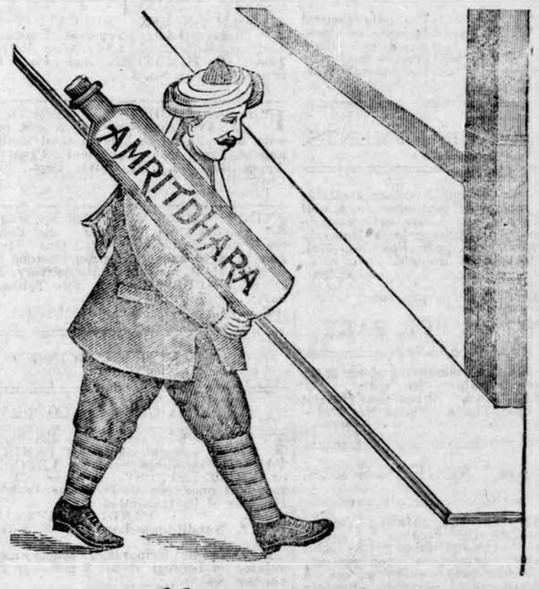


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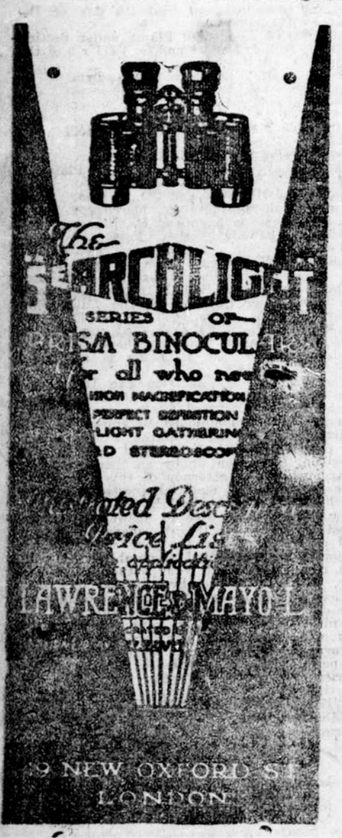


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which are brilliant and non-corrosive, cheap and gest. Free samples to school master, and merchants, Blue, Black Violet and Green with fancy tin box. Each kind 15 annas per gross, Red Re. 1-6 per gross.

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COLLARS GLAZED at One Anna each.

DIAMOND JUBILEE WASHING Co.
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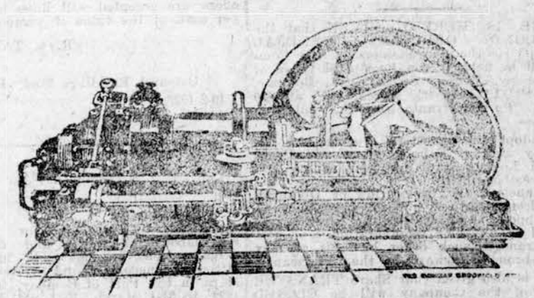

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SOLE AGENTS

## MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA Ltd.,

Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rangoon, Colombo

---

## OMEGA

STRAP WATCHES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Nikel case from | | Rs. 41 |
| 0936 Silver | " | " 49 |
| Square Shape | " | " 65 |
| Gold 9 ct. | Rs. | 122 |
| " 14 ct. | " | 150 |
| " 18 ct. | " | 180 |

Luminous Dials Rs. 10 extra

Obtainable Everywher.

*SOLE AGENTS:—*

ABRECHT & Co.

CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, RANGOON

ornby Road, Fort, Opp. Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd

BO31

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PRICES REDUCED.

All kinds of stove prices have been reduced and Sciling Primus No. 100 (folding) Stove complete for Rs. 15 only [illegible] extra.

D. R. [illegible]

STOVE-[illegible]

Tram Ter[illegible]

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—AGENTS and CANVASSERS to sell Cigars, Cigarettes, etc. Please see G. B. HURJI, Khadack.
A R2945

WANTED SOLICTOR ASSISTANT by firm of Solicitors. Salary according to experience and qualifications. Apply Box No. 7783 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle"
A C12249

WANTED—A DRAWING TEACHER on Rs. 40 plus free board and lodging. Apply to SERVICE SECURING AGENCY, Delhi.
A R2897

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—DRAFTSMEN for a Factory. Apply stating salary, with copies of testimonials to the Box No. 7777, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A C12227

WANTED—A SALESMAN for Sports and Games business. Pay Rs. 50—75 per mensem. Those who can give reference of a Bombay Business house will be preferred. Apply to DODHY and SONS, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
A C12256

WANTED.—Good DRAUGHTSMAN on temporary scheme used to structural steel work design and Workshop playout. Reply stating experience and salary required to LOCO SUPERINTENDENT, B. B. and C. I. Rly., DeLisle Road, Bombay.
A C12238

WANTED AN EXPERT CLOTH SALES-MAN for an up-country cotton Mill. Those having experience in cotton weaving need only apply. Handsome pay with commission. Box No. 7779. Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle".
A R2931

WANTED—An ASSISTANT SURGEON from 1st March or nearest date to conduct anti-malarial operations in Savantvadi State. Pay 175 p.m. T. A. No private practice allowed. Reply by wire and send testimonials etc. to undersigned. G. L. MACGREGOR, Political Agent, Savantvadi, Belgaum, 20th February, 1922.
A R12267

WANTED—A first class DYER and BLEACHER for the Jajodia Cotton Mills, Ltd., Calcutta. none need apply who has not had an extensive experience of dying and bleaching of yarn and cloth in first class Cotton Mills, applicant must be thoroughly conversant with all the process of dying and bleaching and the various shades and designs. Apply stating salary and copies of testimonials to THE MANAGING AGENTS, Jajodia Cotton Mills Ltd., 1, Mission Row, CALCUTTA.
A R12230

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUNG MOHAMEDAN GRADUATE of literary taste wants EMPLOYMENT as Secretary or Assistant. Excellent character. Highest references. Write Box No. 7778, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R2964

AN energetic young B.Sc. (with Chemistry Principal, high 2nd class) seeks an opportunity to join any Chemical Industry or Research Works. For particular write to X C/o Post Master, Kurla (G. I. P. Ry.).
B R2976

## HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET, IN BALLARD ESTATE FORT.—Offices TO BE LET, from February, 1922 in AMRUT BUILDING, situated on DOUGALL ROAD next to Asiatic Petroleum Co.'s Offices near New CUSTOM HOUSE Blocks, measuring from 600 sq. ft. to 1,401 sq. (larger if required), at a monthly rent from Rs. 175 to Rs. 490 on First, Second and third Floor. For particulars and inspection apply personally to THE MANAGER, on the Premises between 12-30 and 1-30 p.m., or 5 and 6 p.m., or in writing to the owner at the undermentioned address: AMRATLAL AMARCHAND, 208-10, Kazi Syed St., Bombay, No. 3.
C. R2551

TO BE LET at Mazagon, Mount Road, Blocks, Rooms and Motor Garages. Apply to T. A. S. COMRUDIN & CO., 173/75, Abdul Rehman Street, Bombay.
C R2919

TO BE LET at 181, Hornby Road, Bombay, spacious office premises. Apply to LUXMIDAS BHIMJI, 181, Hornby Road, Fort.
C R2972

SPACIOUS GODOWNS and MOTOR GARAGES at Mazagaon. Apply Mrs. JEEJEEBHOY, Nerbit Hall, Nerbit Road, Bombay.
C R2969

BLOCKS TO BE LET for High Class Hindoos at Queen's Road, opposite Marine Lines Station.
C R2921

A very big spacious SHOP with telephone arrangement TO BE LET at Abdul Rahman Street. Apply Box No. 7774, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C R2943

TO BE LET—ROOMS and BLOCKS for residence over the Works of Italian Motor Car Co., Ltd., at Arthur Road, Jacob, Circle. Apply within.
R2723

WANTED—A SUB-TENANT to occupy a well big sea-face room on the first floor of a building on Hornby Road. Please apply [illegible] No. 7785 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
12265

[illegible] (Nigeria) SEASON. April to June. Well furnished BUNGALOW. [illegible] dining rooms, four bedrooms with bathrooms, large compound, fine gardens [illegible] Park. Post and telegraph Address—D. A. NAWROJ, Grays, Calabar (Nigeria.)
C C12225

GROUND FLOOR OFFICE BLOCKS TO BE LET in Jamarchand Building on Ballard Road [illegible] possession, most suitable for [illegible] Companies Offices. Shops or Show [illegible] offices on first floor; all blocks [illegible] situated near Alexandra Dock [illegible] particulars please apply [illegible] on the premises between [illegible] 5 and 6 p.m., or in writing to the undermentioned address: [illegible] CHAND, 208/10, [illegible]

## HOTEL.

THE ORIENT HOTEL—The only Central Hotel in Bombay just opposite to Crawford Market and Police Commissioner's Office. Electriet lift, lights etc. Terms moderate Monthly boarders and families special charges. Apply MANAGER.

## BOARD & APARTMENTS.

ROOMS with or without boarding available for two respectable gentlemen in a well ventilated and furnished house with electric light near Chaupaty, Madrasee and Malayaly Non-Brahmin preferred. Apply Box No. 7781, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
E R2968

## PROPERTIES FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A PLOT, measuring about 36,000 square yards, suitable for Mills, Factories next to Tansa Pipes near Kirol Cabin Kurla, Dist Thana. Phone No. 4225.
G R2705

## MOTORS & ACCESSORIES.

MOTOR REPAIRS and painting quickly and economically executed in newly-built extensive workshop, fitted with latest machinery under European management. Cars will be fetched from owners' garage on receipt of request and an estimate promptly rendered. Apply THE ITALIAN MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., Arther Road, Jacob's Circle.

HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTOR CYCLE with Luxurious Side Car, Hood Screen, Acetylene Lamps, complete. Sacrifice as owner going Home. Rs. 1,200 or nearest offer. Apply JEHANGIR BAPUJI, Forjett Street, Gowalia Tank, Bombay.
JA R2979

## MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc.

FOR SALE—Two MOTAR GRINDING MILLS, 8 feet pon complete. Apply P. J. MISTRY, Arab Lane, Grant Road.
K R2935

## BOOKS AND STAMPS.

WANTED—public to know that AIDS TO NEWSPAPER READING by N. N. Majumdar (7th Edn. revised and improved) is, as INDIAN MIRROR says, "Excellent dictionary of choice words, phrases, and Latin and other foreign expressions commonly in use in newspapers." Price Rs. 1-6. Apply to AUTHOR at 10, Mati Lal Sen Lane, Narkeldanga, (B.) CALCUTTA.
L

## EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTIONS, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalkadevi Road, Borabay.

INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE—Established 1906—Sound Training in Book-keeping and Accountancy, Auditing, Banking, Law, etc., imparted by Principals, A. J. Mukati and B. S. Bharucha (late of the Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution): Fees Moderates. Enrolment Daily, Classes Morning and Evening. Kanta Terrace, Kalbadevi, Bombay. Prospectus on Application.

BOMBAY LAW CLASSES—Meet every morning. Through coaching to High Court Pleader and LL. B. students by S. C. JOSHI, M.A., LL.B., and M. N. Talpade, B.A., LL.B., 8, Mohan Building, Girgaum.
M R2262

## FINANCIAL.

BONA FIDE INVESTOR will have on hand by MARCH first to advance upto to Rupees Thirty Lakhs against sound securities in Immoveable properties in Bombay proper. Stocks or—other safe valuables, etc., fairly reasonable interest. No brokers or intermediate party need apply. Correspondence treated strictly confidentially. Apply early to Box 7782 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle"
R 2970

## TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SALE—Brand New Generating Sets from 4 to 20 K.W. 110 Volts. Coupled with Oil Engines starting on Petrol and working on Oil. Apply The EASTERN ELECTRIC L. & P. CO., Hornby Road, Fort.
T R2902

PADLOCKS—Brass Master-key Sets of 6 padlocks 4 levers, socketed, with duplicate keys to each padlock and 2, Master-keys to fit the whole set.
1½" size Rs. 16-4 per set complete; 1¾" size Rs. 17-4 per set complete; 2" size Rs. 23 per set complete; 2½" size Rs. 28-12 per set complete; 3" and other sizes quotations on applications.
H. S. PATUCK and CO., (Sole Agents for J. H. Johnson and Co.), 119, Parsee Bazar Street, Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay.
T R2771

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE—SPECIAL OFFER.—To enable the public to buy New, Rebuilt, Little Used or Second-hand Typewriters at this time when prices are high, we have decided to reduce to the lowest the price of our whole stock for ONE MONTH only. Earnest buyers are sincerely advised to avail themselves of the opportunity. Investigate, and you will be convinced. Call or write. NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts, opposite Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

GLOBE TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Fox portable New with Case | 175 |
| Corona folding New with case | 195 |
| Remington No. 10, visible | 185 |
| Remington No. 10, Factory Rebuilt | 275 |
| Oliver No. 9 Rebuilt like new | 225 |
| Royal Visible | 125 |
| Remington No. 7, Rs. 100. No. 8, Brief | 115 |

Ribbons, Carbons and all supplies. Repairs to All Makes of Typewriters. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay. Phone 4289.

## TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

BOOKS ON SEX EDUCATION—Married Love, 4-8-0; Venereal disease, 1-14-0; Radiant motherland, 4-8-0; Wise Paternthood 2-10-0; C. HIMATLAL and Co., Princess Street, Bombay No. 2.
T R2901

FOR SALE GOERZ AUSCHERUTZ CAMERA, Post card size Dagor lens, complete with 3 double plate holders solid leather case and telephoto lens attachment. Price Rs. 600. Apply Box No. 7784, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T R2978

GIN FACTORY WASHERS for single and double Gins of Paper and Coir also ready made Rollers for sale. One Steam Engine 14 x 30 and oil engines Rustons from 6 to 65 B. H. P. for immediate delivery. ERUCH D. ENGINEER AND CO., Two Tanks, Bombay.
T R2959

## PROFESSION

### LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA

IT has now been arranged to distribute about 10,000 sample packets of PANDIT KRIPARAM'S infallible cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY. It never fails. Write for it at once, per V. P. P. for As. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission, to

PANDIT KRIPARAM,
8, Nandibagan Lane, P. O. Salkhia, (HOWRAH).

P.S.—Pandit Kriparam's deeply interesting volume on Leprosy at As. 8 per copy (V. P. P. charges As. 5).
10886

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### AUCTION SALE OF A GINNING FACTORY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that as resolved by the General Meeting and under the consent of the Mortgagees the undersigned will sell by public auction on the factory premises, the Company's Ginning Factory with all Buildings Machinery, etc, of the Western Cotton Co., Ltd., situated at Adoni (M.S.M. Ry.) on Sunday the 5th March, 1922, at 11 A.M. The Factory land is lease hold. It was originally built and fitted with 40 Platts Double Roller Gins and Suitable Engine, Boiler, etc. It has now 26 Gins with all other plant, as original Details furnished on application. Terms and conditions of sale will be announced at the time of sale.

(By order of the Board)
NARANJEE JAITHA AND CO.
Secretaries and Treasurers.
The Western Cotton Co., Ltd.,
C12246

### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's S.S. "WAKASA MARU" are hereby informed of the Steamer's arrival on the 24th February from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of Steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

### NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the right of retail vend of Foreign Liquors for consumption on the premises for each shop separately except privileged Foreign Liquor "On" shops, Hotels and Refreshment Rooms in the Town and Island of Bombay for the period of nine months commencing from 1st April, 1922 and ending on 31st December, 1922, will be sold by public auction at the Old Custom House Building near the Town Hall at 11.30 a.m. (Standard Time) on Friday, the 10th March, 1922.

2. The conditions of sale and the form of license, etc. can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Salt and Excise, Town Custom House, Bombay, on any working day during office hours.

J. P. BRANDER,
Collector of Bombay.
Bombay, 22nd February, 1922.
C12251

### THE MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING, CO, LTD,

NOTICE OF AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND AND BONUS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors, by virtue of the power vested in them under the Articles of Association, have determined to pay an interim Dividend of Rs. 25 per share of Rs. 250 and of Rs. 5 per share of Rs. 50 and a Bonus of Rs. 25 per share of Rs. 250 and of Rs. 5 per share of Rs. 50, for the half year ending 31st August, 1921.

The Dividend and Bonus will be payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after the 25th day of February, 1922, between 12 noon and 3 p.m. on week days, other than Saturdays, and between 12 noon and 1-30 p.m. on Saturdays, to those shareholders, whose names appear in the Register of Members on the 15th day of February, 1922.

In view of the Special Resolution passed and confirmed at the Extraordinary General Meetings held on the 14th and 30th days of March, 1921, respectively, under which the Rs. 250 shares in the Company are to be subdivided, every holder of Rs. 250 or of Rs. 50 shares applying for payment of the interim Dividend and Bonus must, at the time of application, produce and hand over the share certificates now held by him, for which a temporary receipt will be given and in respect of which New Certificates will in due course be issued.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 16th to the 23rd February, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
N. SIRUR & CO.,
Agents.
Registered Office,
Henshaw's Buildings,
9, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.
6th February, 1922.
C12106

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### NOTICE OF REMOVAL OF OFFICES

THE OFFICES of the following Companies will be removed from 12, Hamam Street, to Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.'s Buildings, No. 2, Rampart Row, Fort, from 1st March, 1922.

1. Thackersey Mooljee and Company.
2. Sir Vithaldas Damodher Trackersey, Kt.
3. The Hindoostan Spg. and Wvg. Mills Co., Ltd.
4. The Western India Spg. and Mfg. Co., Ltd.
5. The Indian Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
6. Vithaldas Damodher Thackersey and Co., Ltd.

C12253

### NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

ON and from WEDNESDAY, the 1st March, 1922, the Offices of the following companies will be REMOVED from No. 6, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, to Messrs. E. D. SASSOON and COMPANY'S BUILDING, No. 2, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay:—

Crown Spg. and Mfg. Co., Ltd.
Govindjee Madhowjee and Co., Ltd.
Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co., Ltd.
Dwarka Cement Co., Ltd.
New Era Industries, Ltd.
Agricultural Implements Co., Ltd.
Jamnagar Dwarka Railway Co., Ltd.
Gaekwar Oil and Chemical Co., Ltd.
Western India Rope Co., Ltd.
Poona Building Co., Ltd.

R2878

### NOTICE OF REMOVAL

ATLAS ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

THE BOMBAY BRANCH of this Company is now REMOVED to E. D. SASSOON BUILDING, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate. Phone 206 P. O. Box No. 8.

MELVILLE LESLIE
Branch Manager.
C12226

### THE DHARAMSI MORARJI CHEMICAL COMPANY, LTD.

SECOND CALL:

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a Meeting of the Directors of this Company held on the 17th day of February, 1922, a Call of Rs. 10 per Share of this Company was made and it was determined that such Call should be paid to the Company's Agent's at their Registered Office on or before the 20th day of April, 1922, from which date interest at the rate of 9 per cent per annum will be charged until payment.

The above Call is made payable by such shareholders as are on the Company's register on the 25th February, 1922.

By order of the Board,
DHARAMSI MORARJI & CO.,
Agents.
Ismail Buildings,
Hornsby Road, Fort,
Bombay, 25th Feb. 1922.
C12254

### THE BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE LD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 4th March, 1922, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.) for transacting the following business:—

1 To adopt the Directors' Report and the duly audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for year ending 31st December, 1921.
2 To sanction the declaration of Dividend.
3 To elect Directors.
4 To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5 To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the Chairman.

Notice is also given that Share TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 26th February, 1922 to 10th March, 1922 both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
M. D. DARU,
Secretary.
Bombay, 18th February, 1922.
C12255

### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

GERMAN REPARATION DYES. REDUCTION IN PRICES.

THE prices of German Reparation dyes on sale by the Government of India have recently been greatly reduced.

For lists of dyes and conditions of sale apply to

THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES,
New Custom House,
BOMBAY.
C11476

### THE DWARKA CEMENT CO. LTD.

TEMPLE BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT

GUARANTEED British Standard Test. Ready Delivery.

Further particulars from the AGENTS.

PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
6, Hamam Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

### WANTED

AS SUPERINENDENT MUNICIPAL JUBILEE TECHNICAL SCHOOL and MUNICIPAL WORKSHOP, Poona City, a Mechanical Engineer with at least the second class certificate under the Boilers, Act. He should possess a certificate of having completed the full course of the normal class of the Poona Engineering College or the Bombay Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, or the Kalabhawan of Baroda, and should posses at least 2 years' experience of workshop management. Age should be below 40. The pay of the post is Rs. 100—10—150. Applications should be addressed before 15th March, 1922 to the undersigned.

(Sd.) S. R. BHAGWAT,
Chief Officer,
Poona City Municipality.
C12267

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### NOTICE.

CONTRACTS for the undermentioned articles will be given by Public Auction on 25-5-22 at 3 p.m. in the Husur Office at Dharampur.

Detailed information can be had from the Forest Department of the State on application.

1. Bamboo.
2. Timber, other than teakwood such as Saddo Kher, Tanach, etc.
3. Charcoal.
4. Honey.
5. Catechuc.
6. Asindra and Timri leaves.
7. Minor Forest products.

(Sd.) A. J. MODY,
Dewan, Dharampur State.
C12266

### PUBLIC NOTICE.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE NAUSARI, BARODA STATE.

Suit No. 1 of 1921-22.

GANESH SAKHARAM SARDESAI of Bombay .....Plaintiff
vs.
NARAYAN SAKHARAM SARDESAI, of Bilimora ..... Defendant.

IT IS NOTIFIED HEREBY for public information that, the plaintiff Mr. GANESH SAKHARAM SARDESAI, of Bombay, having filed the above suit No. 1 of 1921-22 against the defendant Mr. Narayanrao Sakharam Sardesai of Bilimora, for declaration of right as a proprietor of "THE HIND CANDLE WORKS and THE CHOCOLATE WORKS" of Bilimora in this court the said defendant Mr. Narayanrao Sakharam Sardesai has been appointed a receiver of the above factories by this court on 7-10-1921 during the pendency of the suit in miscellaneous application No. 16 of 1921-22 of this Court.

M. K. SHARANGPANI,
District Judge, Navsari
C12268

## TENDERS.

### FOR SALE

TENDERS are invited for a bungalow at Santa-Cruz estimated cost Rs. 80,000. Apply personally KORA AND BHATT, Engineers, Bruce Lane, Fort.
TA R2955

### KHATAU MAKANJI SPINNING AND WEAVING CO. LTD.

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the sale of all sorts of cotton spinning and Weaving waste to be produced at the above Mills for the year ending 31st December, 1922.

Form of tenders could be had from the Registered Office of the Company and the same be forwarded to the SECRETARY upto 28th February, 1922, with deposit of Rs. 100.

The Company is not bound to accept any lower or higher offer. The merchants whose offers are accepted will have to deposit 20 per cent. of the value of waste sold to them.

R. A. TARKHAD.
Secretary.
Oriental Building, Fort, Bombay.
10-2-1922.
C12143

### NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of labour for loading and discharging of cargo, rations, baggage and ballast, etc., ex Hired Transports and Government Troopships in the Port of Bombay, from 1st April, 1922, to 31st March, 1923, will be received by the Director, Royal Indian Marine, at his Office in the R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, up to 4 p.m., (Standard Time) on Tuesday, the 28th February, 1922.

2. Tenders must be accompanied by a Bank of Bombay Receipt for the amount to be deposited or by Goernment Loan paper, which will not be endorsed to any Government Officer, but should stand in the name of the tenderer, interest being first made payable at the Bombay Treasury. Cheques will not be accepted. Tenders must be sent by Registered Post; if forwarded in any other way they will not be received. Informal tenders will be rejected, and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any tender. The Director of the Royal Indian Marine does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

3. Tender Forms may be obtained on payment of annas eight per copy. Any information required in connection with the aforementioned contract will be furnished by the Divisional Marine Transport Officer, Central Headquarters and Bombay.

E. J. HEADLAM.
Deputy Director, Royal Indian Marine.
TA C12240

## LEGAL NOTICES.

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of our client ASMABAI, daughter of Hyderally Adamji and wife of Ahmedali Noorbhai for herself and as guardian of her minor brothers Mahomedally Hyderally and Gulamally Hyderally and sisters Fatmabai, Ruhabai and Kubrabai daughters of Hyderally Adamji that Mahomedaly Hyderally who is a minor is attempting to deal with the immoveable properties belonging to the estate of Hyderally Adamji and Khatizabai widow of Hyderally Adamji. The public are hereby warned against dealing with the properties of the said Hyderally Adamji or Khatizabai in any manner without her consent. Should anybody deal with the said properties or take any assurance from the said Mahomedally Hyderally the same is null and void and none of the heirs of the deceased Hyderally Adamji and Khatizabai will be responsible for the same. Any person dealing with the said properties in contravention of this notice will do so at his or her own risk.

Bombay, Dated this 22nd day of Feb., 1922.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADON.
Attorneys-at-Law.
No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay.
C12241

## LOST SHARES.

### NOTICE.

LOST TRANSFER SLIP of 5 shares of the General Jupiter Insurance Co. If found requested to return to the undersigned within 10 days.

DIPCHAND B. SHAH,
103, Medows Street,
R2973

## LEGAL NOTICES

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the grace of God of the United Kingdom of great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India

Petition for Letters of Administration to the property and credits of SULEMANJI DOSAJI PLUMBER, late of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant ..... Deceased.

FATMABAI MULLA TAYEBJI, of Bombay Mahomedan inhabitant, widow of the abovenamed deceased, residing at two Tanks, outside the Fort ..... Petitioner.

All person claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 7th day of February in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty two and in the twelfth year of our Reign.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.
High Court at Bombay
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,

The 8th day of February, 1922.
Messrs. DASTUR & CO.,
Petitioners Attorneys.
C12237

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 5064 of 1921.
SHORT CAUSE.

Plaint presented and filed 5th day of December, 1921.

SUMMONS to answer Plaint under Section 27 O. V. rr 1, 5, 7 and 8 and O. VIII r 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Messrs. G. ATHERTON and Co., a firm of Merchants carrying on business at Liverpool, Calcutta and other places in India by their constituted attorney Shapurji Framji Colah of Bombay Parsi Merchant, residing at 70, Appollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.

VS.

Messrs. S. JOHNSON and CO., a firm, carrying on business as Merchants and Commission Agents at Mangaldas Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendants.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the faith, Emperor of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:

The Plaintiffs claim from the Defendants Rupees 7509-5-2 as per particulars mentioned in the Plaint, costs and interest on judgment. you are hereby summoned to appear in this court on the 7th day of March, 1922, at quarter past eleven o'clock standard time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) and document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiff's case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

WITNESS Sir, NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this 14th day of December, 1921.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
for Prothonotary,
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,

The 14th day of December, 1921.
Messrs. ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW and CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
C12263

## AUCTION SALE

### MESSRS J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
20, Apollo Street.
Tel. No. 3169.

AUCTION SALE OF 11 CASES WOOLLEN MELTON AND 3 BALES BLACK WOOLLEN SERGE.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of March, 1922, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their Rooms next to the Post Office in Apollo Street, Fort, by order fo the Office concerned and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser R. J. Naranjee, of Chawk, Mulji Jetha Market.

11 cases woollen Melton (English make) each 12 to 14 pieces 54" x 45/50 yards.

3 bales black woollen serge, (English) 17 pieces in all, 54" x 40/50 yards.

The said goods are lying in the Port Trust warehouses and will be sold on delivery orders.

Terms:—25 per cent. deposit and delivery within six days.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 25th Feb., 1922.

# BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

## Engagements.

TO-DAY.

**The** S. S. Morea with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.

**Bombay** Races: 12th Extra Meeting.

**Mr.** Jhabwala's lecture on "How America gained Freedom", Marwadi Vidyalaya, 6-30 p.m.

**Public** lecture in Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall at 6-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, February 26.

**Opening** ceremony of the Bombay Working Men's Institute, near Parel Tram Terminus, 5-30 p.m., by Sir V. D. Thackersey.

**Confirmation** Service by His Grace the Archbishop Bishop of Damaun in the Gloria Church, Byculla, at 9-45 a.m.

**Performance** of the drama "Her Only Love" in aid of Dr. Goodiers' Charities, St. Xavier's College Hall, Bombay, 7 p.m., His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay presiding.

**Prize** distribution of the Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya, Vidyalaya, Hall, Sandhurst Road, 7 p.m., Sir Vithaldas D. Thackarsey Kt., presiding.

### BAND AT BANDRA.

**The** Imperial Band will play the following programme of music at the Bandra Point, to-morrow (Sunday, at 6 p.m. (S.T.) under the direction of Mr. P C. Freitas, Bandmaster.

### GOVERNMENT HOUSE GARDEN PARTY.

Their Excellencies' Garden Party fixed for Thursday the 2nd March is now postponed to Friday the 3rd March. Invitations already issued will hold good for the altered date.

### "HOW AMERICA GAINED HER FREEDOM."

Under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeya Subha Mr. S. H. Jhabwalla will deliver to-day at 6-30 p.m. at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, a public lecture on "How America Gained Her Freedom," when Prof. Bhathena of the National College, will preside.

### GANDHARVA MAHA VIDYALA.

**The** Prize Distribution Ceremony of the Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya will take place to-morrow (Sunday) at 7 p.m. in the Vidyalaya Hall when Sir Vithaldas D Thackersey, Kt will preside. It is open to the public.

### MAHASHIVRATRI DAY.

Yesterday being Mahashivratri, the Hindoo holiday, the Hindoos were seen offering their prayer at the Mumbadevi Hindoo temple in large numbers. A large number of them thronged at the Chowpatty where they were found bathing in the sea.

### MUNICIPAL DINNER.

To have the honour of meeting H. E. Sir George Lloyd," Sir Sassoon David, President of the Bombay Municipal Corporation has issued invitations for a dinner at the Corporation Hall, on Thursday, the 9th March next at 7-51 p.m. (B.T.)

### ARYA MAHILLA SAMAJ.

The 39 Anniversary of the Arya Mahila Samaj will be celebrated to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road. Mrs. Mamalabai Saheb Kibe of Indore will preside. The meeting is open to all ladies.

### SHREE JAIN BAL MITRA MANDAL.

Under the auspices of Shri Jain Bala Mitra Mandal, a meeting will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 2 p.m. (S.T) when Mr. Jethalal Amritlal will deliver a lecture on "Student Life." Mr. Vadilal Muljibhai will preside. It is open to the public.

### GIRGAUM NIGHT HIGH SCHOOL.

The annual social gathering and the prize distribution of the Young Men's Educational Society's Girgaum Night High Schoo lwill be held to-day (Saturday), at 5 p.m., (S.T.) at the Society's Headquarters when ladies and gentlemen are requested to attend. Seth Hansraj Pragji Thakersey, J.P. will preside on the occasion.

### INDIAN MUSIC AT VICTORIA GARDENS.

A concert of Indian Music will be given at the Victoria Gardens on Sunday the 26th instant from 5 to 7 p.m by Mr. Patwardhan of the Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya. A limited number of seats can be provided of which the first two rows will be for ladies only, so male visitors are requested not to occupy them.

### SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

The Opening Ceremony of the Social Service League's Working Men's Institute, near Parel Tram Terminus by Sir Vithaldas Damodher Thackersey, Kt., wil take place to-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) when all are cordially invited to attend.

### BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Prof. P. A. Wadia, will conduct the Sunday Class on "Art and Religion" in the Hall of the Servants of India Society, to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. (S.T.) The Class is open to the public.

### BOMBAY WORKING MEN'S INSTITUTE.

The Ceremony of the Opening of The Bombay Working Men's Institute (Damodher Thackersey Mooljee Hall and Bachubai Building) (near Parel Tram Terminus), will be performed by Sir Vithaldas Damodher Thackersey, Kt., to-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.)

### AFRICAN FREIGHT.

Under the auspices of the British Indian Colonial Merchants' Association and at the request of many of the merchants of East and South Africa, a meeting of the merchants trading with Africa will be held at the offices of Messrs. Narandas Rajaram and Co., 111, Esplanade Road today (Saturday) at 12-0 noon (S.T.) to consider the freight problem.

### UNIVERSAL DAY OF PRAYER FOR STUDENTS.

In connection with the Universal Day of Prayer for Students, a meeting of Christian Students in Bombay will be held in the Bowen Memorial Hall, Y. M. C .A., Lamington Road, to-morrow (Sunday), at 5 p.m., Students and their friends are requested to be present The meeting will terminate before 6 p.m.

### SAVANTWADI RESIDENTS' MEETING.

A public meeting of the subjects of the Savantwadi State will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the Hall of Vanita Vishram, Sandhurst Road, to consider the rules drafted by the rules committee for the Savantwadi Association.

Mr. P. B. Gothorkar, will describe the havoc played by Malaria at Savantwadi, and the attempts of the local Malaria Relief Committee to resist it.

### ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

Quinquagesima Sunday: 7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion—Choral Lloyd Eh.; Hymns—529, 270, 553, 551, 5-30 p.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon; Canticles—Stanford Bh. Hymns—178, 290, 545, Collections for Church Expenses. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m. and Evensong at 4-45 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m On Wednesday, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

### A MARATHA MEETING.

According to the third resolution passed in the Maratha students gathering, a body of those gentlemen who take keen interest in the Maratha Students' education is to be formed to look an control the fund that is started. A meeting, for this purpose, is going to be held of all Maratha gentlemen and students to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. at the Maratha Students Hostel, Navalkar Lane (near the Servants of India Society) all are requested to attend.

### MR. KHURSHED S C. DHONDY'S CANDIDATURE.

Mr. Sorabji C. Dhondy's death has created a vacancy in the Municipal Corporation. Mr. Dhondy had served the Byculla Ward for past 27 years, and several friends of the deceased gentleman have now put forward the candidature of Mr. Dhondy's eldest son Mr. Khurshed S. C. Dhondy in place of his father.

Mr. Khurshed S. C Dhondy is also a candidate for the delegateship of the Parsi Chief Matrimonial Court in place of his father.

### A CENTRAL LABOUR BOARD.

A Central Labour Board has been founded, with its Head Office in Esplanade Road, Bombay, to which all Labour Unions in the Bombay Presidency will be affiliated on payment of a small admission fee of Rs. 10. In exceptional cases this fee may be reduced or excused by the Managing Committee. The policy of the Board, as well as th affiliated Unions shall be non-political.

Among the principal aims and objects of the Board will be the following:—

(1) To carry on propoganda work for the promotion of the economic welfare of Labourers ;2) To open Schools, Libraries and such other educational institutions for Labourers; (3) To collect statistic and such other information so as to give a correct idea regarding the condition of Labourers.; (4) To protect the rights of Trade Unonists; (5) To organise new Unions indifferent industries; (6) To study and write on different labour questions. (7) To co-ordinate the egorts of the digerent Unions; (8) To organise Temperance and such other purrity movments, as are calculated to promote the moral status of labourers.

Some important items in the Constitution are the following:—

Each affiliated Union shall have the power to send three (3) representatives to form the Council of the Central Labour Board; (2) Workers for the Central Labour Board who are not members of officials of Unions may be admitted as members of the Board with the approval of the Council. Their number shall not exceed one-third of the total number of representatives. (3) The Council of the Board shall elect a Standing Committee of 12 members. It will consist of the President, vice-president, Secretary. Treasurer and 8 other members; it will meet once a week to despatch business. (4) There shall be a Meeting of the Central Labour Board in the second week of every month and at every monthly meeting the financial statement of the Central Labour Board will be submitted to be passed. (5) The Standing Committee shall carry on the following business for the Temperance, Organisation, Co-operation Law present:—Statistics, Grievances, Education, and Legislation.

The following Five Unions are already affiliated to the Board:—

G. I. P. Railway Workmen's Union; B. B. and C I Railway Workmen's Union; Port Trust Workmen's Union; Postmen's Workmen's Union; Telegraphmen's Union.

Further information as regards rules, etc. may be obtained from the Secretary at 123, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

## 20 DACOITS COVICTED.

### HEAVY PUNISHMENTS.

The trial concluded before Mr. Justice Fancelt and a Common Jury, of a gang of 24 Luidhi—Baluchi dacoits, who were charged with various dacoities convicted in different parts of the Presidency. After numerous hearings 4 of the accused were acquitted, 4 sentenced to transportation for life, 4 to 10 years, 10 to 7 years one to 5 years, and one to 18 months.

The jury expressed their appreciation of the services rendered to the public by Inspectors Wagle and Fern in bringing a dangerous gang of dacoits to book.

## STAR CINEMA.

Further three Episodes of "The Invisible Ray" are screened this week at the "Star" Cinema. The scenes in this weeks's episodes, especially those of the 11th, and 12th, are of sensational character, while the 13th. Episode again revolves round the mystery as to the identity of Haldane. His persecution of Mystery in his delirium, her narrow escape from a Railway accident, and the timely arrival of Jack to his sweetheart's aid are scenes that make a very strong impression on the spectator's mind. Marriana and the Ferret have now decided to reveal their real identities before Jack and Mystery thus taking them into their confidence and doing off any doubts that existed in their minds.

## EXCELSIOR THEATRE

On Tuesday there will be more magic at the Excelsior, provided by Chefalo and Palermo, who if they are as good as their press notices suggest are of a standard not often seen in the East. Attilla and Okito relied mainly upon the sensational; Chefalo and Palermo are amusing as well as mystifying. They come down amongst the audience, and there is much good humoured banter as all sorts of apparently impossible things are done within a few inches of the eyes.

Then there is the dancing. The dances include a real Spanish dance by Signorina Palermo, a medley of dances comprising the sailor's hornpipe, a Scotch reel and other by Miss Faye, the Argentine tango by Chefalo and Palermo and the jazz for trot by Chefalo and Faye. And all of them are cleverly executed.

## GLOBE CINEMA.

The Great Mystery Serial at the Globe, which commenced last week, has proved a distinct hit. "The Mystery Mind" is a Chapter-play, full of thrilling, momentous punches and great scientific revelations. To enable their patrons to follow the Serial practically from its beginning. Messrs. K. D. and Brothers have announced their intention of screening Episodes 3, 4, 5 and 6 simultaneously this week,—i. e. eight parts nearly. 10,000 feet.

## EMPIRE CINEMA.

The management of the Empire Thatre have decided that every Friday night at the Empire Theatre will be a "fun" night, which means that the programme will be funny, that there will be nothing serious, that everything will be merry and bright.

The programme includes films showing three great comedians of the day in the cinema world. There is Chaplin there is "Luke", and there is be "Fatty." The films are short.

## WEST-END CINEMA

The Goldwyn Picture is "Nearly Married." A foolish couple find their honeymoon deferred owing to the interference of the brother-in-law. The wife adores her brother Dickie, and prefers even divorce to becoming an unloving sister. It is an interesting picture well got up.

## TO-DAY'S RACES.

SELECTIONS BY "SENEX."

THE BOMBAY HANDICAP.—Distance 1 mile.

| | |
|---|---|
| VERGE | ..... 1 |
| GOLDGAINER | ..... 2 |
| SIMON'S CHOICE | ..... 3 |

THE LEOPARDSTOWN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs, 41 yards.

| | |
|---|---|
| FLOREAL | ..... 1 |
| FLIGHT ERRANT | ..... 2 |
| ARCLIGHT | ..... 3 |

THE GOSFORTH PARK PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

| | |
|---|---|
| GOLD REEF | ..... 1 |
| MY EVA | ..... 2 |
| SOUTH NOTTS | ..... 3 |

THE SWINDON PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs, 41 yards.

| | |
|---|---|
| ALLENSMORE | ..... 1 |
| TROOP LEADER | ..... 2 |
| MILK MAID | ..... 3 |

THE ST. PATRICK'S HANDICAP.—Distance 5 furlongs (Straight).

| | |
|---|---|
| CHUMMY | ..... 1 |
| BOHEA | ..... 2 |
| GOLDEN TREASURY | ..... 3 |

THE JUNIOR PLATE. No. 2.—Distance 1 mile.

| | |
|---|---|
| MARSHAL PETAIN | ..... 1 |
| SIR JAMAL | ..... 2 |
| SANNAYAT | ..... 3 |

THE MELTON PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs, 41 yards.

| | |
|---|---|
| SOORIA | ..... 1 |
| AMIN | ..... 2 |
| ARBEED | ..... 3 |

THE MELTON PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs, 41 yards.

| | |
|---|---|
| RESOLUTE | ..... 1 |
| JABAR | ..... 2 |
| HISTORY | ..... 3 |

## CALCUTTA RACES.

### HORSES LEFT IN.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 24.

The following are the horses left in for to-morrow's Races of Calcutta Spring Meeting, Fourth Day:—

WOODLANDS PLATE. (Div. II. Distance 7 furlongs.

Silver Gift 9/0, Charmoi 8/13, Lussker 8/13, Thumerstone 8/13, Chert 8/11, Arthur O'Leary 8/9, Gibberish Reconquesta 8/7, Summer's Hope 8/7, Robena 8/5, Winning Way 8/5, My Motto 8/5, Ohra 8/5 Little Life 8/3, Rose Lydia 8/3, Grab 7/13, Dara Bay 7/12.

EDEN PLATE. (Div. II.) Distance 1 mile. Royal Sign 9/5, Staples 9/4, King of Bees 8/11 Devil's Bridge 8/10, Wild Woman 8/5 Simple Simon 8/5 Chauntress 8/3 Golden Treasure 8/1 Anzio 7/10 Cymerald 7/9 Hurdy Gurdy 7/9 Ashbede 7/8 Green Boy 7/8 Verland Rose 7/8 Polignac 7/6 Caddy 7/5.

WOODLAND'S PLATE. (Div. I.) Distance 7 furlongs.

Sherwood Belle 8/8, Maharani 8/7, Lady Picten 8-6 Rags 8/4 San Fairy Ann 8/4, More Trouble 8/4, Enchanter 8/4, Cory Glass 8/2 Roxa 8/1, Tycoon 8/1, Stepaside 8/0, Riedock The Brat 8/2, Gahley Law 8/2, Hiloa A 8/1, 7/13, Bill 7/11.

GREAT EASTERN PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs.

Pompano 9-6 Kilrea 9/4 Pretty Girl 9/0, 9/0. Golden Square 8/13, Happy Iola 8/8, Maeldune 7/12 Stamford 7/9, Allan Brig 7/6 China Doll 7/2.

EDEN PLATE. (Div I.) Distance 1 mile.

Peace Celebration 9/5, Glenalvon 9/5, Martin 9/0, Tete Monte 9/0, Picket 8/13, Still Better 8/13, Harvest Home 7/3, Demon 8/3, Soviet 8/2, One Too Many 7/12, The O'Malley 7/6.

Bluster 9/6 Slow Coach 9/3, Mignonette 9/2 Strange Likeness 8/13, Glen Lusset 8/12, Smoke Wrath 8/11, Jazz Band 8/9, Sans Merci 8/4, Ethelwill 8/6 Tanyum 8/2, Bruslee 8/2, Mirror of Fashion 8/1, Aquae Solis 8/1, Cross Swords 7/8, One Too Much 7/0.

RAILWAY PLATE. Distance 1½ miles.

Fleurette 10/0, May Morn 9/6 Slow Coach 9/6 Careless Girl 9/2, Wailly 9/0, Fancy Fair 8/7, Banner 8/6 Lady Renton 7/0, Baby 7/0, Gold Shot 7/0.

## H OUSE COLLAPSE KILLS THREE MEN

At the Coroner's Court, Mr. A. E. King, the Corner resumed the hearing of the inquest yesterday evening at 5-30 touching the deaths of Hadi Alli Asgar; Samuel Saloman Ghosalkar and Nane Murroo Ali who fell a victim to the collapse of a house belonging to Mr. Ismail Ebhrahim situated on Omercarry Road on the 18th of February.

Inspector Gole led the evidence, while Mr. Mohanlal Desai, pleader watched the proceedings on behalf of Mr. Ismail Ebhrahim, the owner of the house.

Maruti Govind, a fire-man in the Fire-brigade, Babula Tank Road deposed finding the dead bodies of Ali Asgar and Samual Soleman in the *debris*. The materials and wood work of the house, he said were old and decayed.

Mr. Bomanji Dadabhoy Billimoria, L.C.E. and Assistant Engineer, the Bombay Municipality, deposed that he was in charge of "A" and "B" Wards. He did not know Mr. Ismail Ebhrahim. He had inspected the building in question on the 2nd of May 1921. A report had been received from the owner's engineer, who referred especially to the gallery used as a passage leading into the rooms. He gave reasons for considering all the galleries in a dangerous condition and recommended their reconstruction. He inspected the galleries and found that with the exception of one beam and one post on the ground-floor of the gallery it was not necessary to remove the gallery. He, issued a notice for the removal of the beam and post. These were afterwards removed. He did not specially mention the galleries leading the water-closets. The beam and post were on the west-side. No further notice was issued as the buildings were not considerd in danger of falling. He had not since inspected the building except after the collapse.

To the Coroner, the witness said that after the report of the Engineer and the heavy monsoon it was not considered necessary to inspect the building as the post and beam had been removed. The building was constructed about ten years ago and the materials used were evidently *inferior*. He found a beam on the ground-floor wall of the water-closet in a decayed condition. The collapse was greatly due to that and weakness of the wall on account of moisture. Proceedings were taken against the land-lord before the beam and post were removed. He wrote to the Municipality on the 13th May 1921 asking for permission to pull down the building and construct another on modern plans. He was informed that no permission was required to pull down the building. The owner said it was impossible to repair the building. He considered that the collapse of the water-closet was not caused by the galleries.

Cross-examined by Mr. Desai, witness said he he could not say how long the building would have remained safe after the beam and post had. If the galleries fell down the tenants would not be able to go in and out of their room.

At this stage several Hindoo Jurors expressed their desire to inspect the building in question as they would not otherwise he in a position to decide which party was at fault.

The Coroner adjourned the inquest till Monday next at 5-30 p.m.

## A WARNING.

(BY. MAHATMA GANDHI.)

The following is a free translation of a long article in the "Navajivan" of the 19th instant by Mahatma Gandhi:—

A single mistake is pardonable. A generous man would forgive twice. But what does that man deserve excepting dismissal who continues to blunder for the third time?

One who is deceived once is simple; he is a simpleton who is deceived twice. But what else is he if not a fool who continues to be deceived for the third time?

Civil Disobedience of Bardoli passed away like a dream. The very moment of commencement was destined to be the moment of suspension. If the hour of Coronation of Ram turns out to be the hour of exile what wonder if Bardoli shares such a fate? We will be able to realise the true significance of Swaraj only when those things which appear to be settled and true are found to be a dream. At present to me there is only one meaning of Swaraj. The genuine effort to win Swaraj is the true Swaraj. The more we will try for it the further will it seem to recede.

This is true of all ideals. The more a man becomes truthful the more does the truth elude his grasp. He begins to realise that what he took to be the truth is only an alloy.

I become more and more convinced that our Swaraj lies in one efforts.

In 1919, Ahmedabad and Viramgam, Amritsar and Kasur pointed out to me my mistake. Satyagrah was suspended. In November last I was an eye-witness to the inhuman barbarities practised by the mob in Bombay. Once more mass civil disobedience was suspended. Now Chauri Chaura administered a further warning. How many more blunders are destined for me? The people are no longer to be blamed if they lose all confidence in me or consider me foolish. If I do not know human nature why do I undertake such tasks?

I cannot but do it. When I err I must confess it too. I like to forfeit all confidence, still more I like to be considered foolish; but never will I allow my soul to be tarnished by keeping within me the dirt of my crimes. Better be subjected to world's vituperation than commit a sin against God. His warning should be respected.

Despite the warning from Gorakhpur if Civil Disobedience were practised in Bardoli we would have repented, the nation would have suffered immensely and truth and non-violence would have been put to shame.

We yielded, we receded only to advance. One who moves away from the right path has got once more to come back to that very spot. When he returns he begins to progress. Since the Working Committee's decision we began to advance.

But that was not enough for me. I had to undergo greater repentance. Since I received messages from Gorakhpur my mental agony began. But physical suffering was necessary for me. Taking into consideration the magnitude of my crime I should not have been satisfied with fasting for five days only. It was my intention to fast for fourteen days. If this is not enough penitence for me I shall have to pay with compound interest. He who clears his accounts cent. per cent. in time escapes from a great debt.

I should not have placarded by fasting. There was reason for my having announced it. My fasting is penance for me but it is a punishment to those of the people of Chauri Chaura who are responsible for the occurrences. Punishment that love offers one of this nature. A loving person, when pained, does not punish him who loves but he himself suffers voluntarily. He is indifferent whether the person for whom he suffer is affected in any way.

The act of announcing my fasting should also serve as a warning to others. There is no other alternative with me. If non-co-operators deceive me—and I regard almost the whole of India as non-co-operating—they might choose for my life. I am infatuated by the idea that India still desires me to live. If that is true I respectfully appeal to the country by my act of suffering that she should not deceive me. She might very well set me aside by abadoning the creed of non-violence. But so long as she accept my services there is no other course open to her but to accept truth and non-violence.

This time I feel content only with five days' fasting. But if the people would pay no heed to this, fine days would grow into fifteen and fifteen growing into fifty might relieve me of life.

I am writing this article on the third day of my fasting. I believe that the Hindus, Muslims, Parsees, Christians and others will win Swaraj only by methods of non-violence and truth, only by non-violence and truth will they best serve the cause of Khilafat and secure justice for the Punjab. That way has been agreed upon at the Congress, and the Khilafat Sessions. Now if we leave aside that method we will not be fighting for religion and for God but for irreligion and the Satan.

After arguing at some length that it would take ages for India to win Swaraj if she were to resort to sword, Mahatmaji concludes:

With whose help does India want to fight against England? Is it with the help of Japan or Afghanistan? She shall have to accept the subjection of that country whose help we would take. If India, therefore, wants freedom in these days there is no other help for her exeepting that of God. And God helps those who follow the principles of truth and non-violence. It is, therefore, that the warning of Gorakhpur teaches us the lesson that if we want to see our innermost desires accomplished we must create an atmosphere of complete non-violence.

## MALABAR RELIEF.

### METHOD OF DISTRIBUTION

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 22.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Malabar Central Relief Committee held yesterday, the letter of the Special Commissioner was considered. It is reported that there are nearly thirtyfive thousand destitute Mopla women and children who are in need of immediate help and that this help should be continued for a period of about three months. After considerable discussion, the Committee resolved that in accordance with the policy recently decided upon and also in view of the funds available, the Committee sould only select, for relief, first from among Moplahs such widows, orphans, old, infirm. decrep men and women who were destitute and to those alone they could within their means begin to give relief in their homes with the help of local Mopla gentlemen. If, however, additional funds were or could be procured, the question of Moplah relief on a large scale would be considered. The Committee also decided to request members of the Moplah District Committee appointed by Mr. Knapp to help the Committee in collecting funds and suggesting adequate arrangements for the distribution of relief. As the Special Commissioner had desired to know the decision of the Committee for an early action on the instructions starting of seed depots, the Committee expressed its strict adherence to the lines of relief already laid down and in adopting the Special Commissioner's suggestions of seed-depots they would confine their relief to widows, orphans, old, decrepit men and women by giving them valedictory doles in the interior in the shape of seed if they prefered it to money doles.

It is estimated that the area under wet cultivation in the two taluks Ernad and Walluvanad is more than three hundred thousand acres and the quantity of seed required would be at least five paras per acre.

## VISAPUR JAIL.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Sad tales are told of the Visapur jail. They remind us of the terriorism and barbarism of the Middle Ages. There are well nigh 2,500 prisoners crowded together in a frightful way. Will the Director of Information answer these querries?

(1) Are not the jail buildings more suitable for cattle than for men?

(2) Are they not full of vermins and stinks?

(3) Are not the prisoners kept in chains even at night?

(4) Are they not denied even a proper blanket or a lota?

(5) Are they not made to attend nature's calls within a few feet from their mattress?

(6) Are they not given just one suit, which they wash and wear once a weak?

(7) Are they not made to work from early morning till late in the afternoon?

(8) Are they not supplied with meagre food?

(9) Are not the warders, either old jail birds or untouchables?

(10) Are not some of the Warders dealing with the prisoners very cruelly?

(11) Are not some prisoners made to grined 30 to 40lbs. per day per head?

(12) Is not the man in charge stern and severe?

(13) Is it a fact, that prisoners are generally suffering from some kind of ailment or another and that medical arrangements are not adequate?

(14) Are not the dead bodies of prisoners disposed off by scavengers, and even the blankets in which they are wrapped up, are removed and reused?

(15) How often is the Inspector General visiting this jail?It is said, that when Mr. Ginvalla wrote about it and you commented on it, sometime ago, the I. G. paid several visits, which had some good effect. But things have again dropped to their old state; and the picture is one of middle age history. It is to this notorious jail, that our goodly Government has transferred Mr. Govindji Vasanji! Will the Director of Information answer these queries?—Yours, etc.

BARJORJI FRAMJI PHARUCHA.

## MR. BAPTISTA

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Kindly allow space to the following in your esteemed paper and oblige.

Now that a vacancy has occurred in the Corporation by the sad death of Mr. Dhondi who was sent there by the ratepayers of E Ward the citizens would be too glad if Mr. Joseph Baptista would announce his candidature for the same. It needs no mention that Mr. Baptista is the one outstanding personality amongst these Home-Rulers who found their place in the next Corporation, who should have been returned without any difficulty and whom the citizens would be really delighted to see in the Corporation representing their cause with efficiency peculiarly his own. By some mistake he failed in the last general election but that fact must not disappoint him, especially, since he did not desire to come in the Corporation of his own accord and did not even try to secure votes of a single gentleman. It is therefore a disgrace surely not to Mr. Baptista, but, as the "Chronicle" aptly said, not only to the ratepayers of E. ward but to the whole city that the citizens should not have been able to send him to the Corporation. Any how we want Mr. Baptista in the Corporation to tight our battles by the side of Messrs. Patel Mehta Nariman and others. In fact without Baptista Kaka who has experience of the work for 22 years all these men would hardly be able to direct their power in the proper channel, as a great army would be useless without the Commander. I therefore earnestly beseech him to stand in the bye-election that will take place very shortly and would request the ratepayers of E Ward to solidly vote for him if the bye-election is contested.—Yours, etc.,

M. P. VAGLE.

# TENNIS IN BOMBAY.

## WESTERN INDIA TOURNAMENT.

## RANGA RAO BEAT NIGEL JONES.

Play in connection with the Western India Tennis Tournament was resumed to-day at 4 p.m. in the Queen's Road Courts. Now that the preliminary rounds are over which serve the wholesome purpose of separating the wheat from the chaff by a process of elimination—the matches are getting more interesting consequently they attract larger crowds and yesterday it was before a fully packed gallery that play in the first Court began.

The day's programme consisted of nine events, 6 matches in Gentlemen's Singles and three in Gentlemen's Doubles. In some of the matches the adversaries were so ill-matched that very little of play was witnessed. This disparity accounted for the fact that Parton fel a willing victim to J. A. D. Naoroji, the score being 6—1, 6—2. Ranga Rao had little difficulty in defeating Nigel Jones—the Madras player. The latter is a classy player—but he is past his prime and when pitted against a comparatively youthful adveresary like the redoubtable Rao he had very little chances to win. As it is Ranga Rao gave him little chance with his judicious placings and punishing tactics. All the same it was a bit disappointing that Nigel Jones was not able to show slightly better form. The scores in this set were 6—1 and 6—2.

Pereira versus England was a match full of surprises. Both in turn bagged a set, but when with set all play was resumed England was a worn out man. He became slow in foot work and Pereira took advantage of the situation by making his perspiring opponent run from end to end. England's defence crumbled up. The end came when the third and deciding set was bagged by Pereira at 6—2.

Annett won comfortably over Dastagir in two straight sets of 6—1 and 6—3 Dastagir according to his previous form ought to have given a better account of himself. But Annet who belongs to the bull-dog breed was very tenacious and the relentlessness of his safety tactics nonplussed the junior player. Laxmidas and Liladhar won by a wide margin over Bhagwat and Savur. Brough and Portlock won from Kholoff and Harwood at 6—4, 6—0.

England and Naoroji versus Hosie and Farquharson was a fine match to see. Naoroji was the main stay of his side and was the deciding factor of the situation Though he was guilty of some double faults in service he made ample amends by his brilliant net-play. Hosie made heroic exertions to redress the balance—but to no avail. The score in this match was 6—3, 6—4.

### YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

L. Bean beat Krishna 6—2, 6—3.

E. T. Annett beat Dastigir 6—1, 6—3.

A. C. Pereira beat R. D. England 7—5, 2—6, 6—2.

Kamamura beat Hosie 6—2, 10—8.

J. A. D. Naoroji beat L. C. Parton 6—1, 6—2.

Laxmidas and Liladhar beat Bhagwat and Savur 7—5, 6—0.

Rangno Rao beat H. Nigel Jones 6—0, 6—1.

Brough and Portlock beat Kohlhoff and Harwood 6—4, 6—0.

R. D. England and J. A. D. Naoroji beat Hosie and Farqcharson 6—3, 6—4.

### TODAY'S MATCHES.

The following matches will be played at 4-15 p.m.:—

Court No. 1.—Gore vs. Pereira.

Court No. 2.—Syed Hassan and Dastagir vs. Nigel Jones and Vernon.

Court No. 6.—F. M. Garnett and Marshall vs. Fakuda and Kamamura.

The following matches will be played at 5-15 p.m:—

Court No. 1.—Mrs. Hale White and England vs. Miss M. Bruce and Comd. Parson.

Court No. 2.—Mrs. J. B. Crichton and Ranga Rao vs. Mrs. Hunt and T. W. Brough.

Court No. 4.—Miss D. Wills and S. F. Pearcy vs. Mrs. Birley and Farquaharson.

Court No. 5.—Mrs. Race and Kohlhoff vs. Mrs. Clayton and Annett.

Court No. 6.—Mrs. McInnes and Gonsalves vs. Mrs. Rao and R. A. Wagle.

## FIRE IN A GODOWN.

### DAMAGE ESTIMATED AT RS. 20,000

A big fire broke out yesterday evening at about 5-30 in a one-storeyed building belonging to Mr. Gowardhan Khatau Makanji, situated in Esaji Street. The ground floor of the building belonging to Noor Mohamed Vaichand, contained Crockery and all kinds of Glassware; while the upper storey belonging to Govindji Bhanji contained gunny bags; coir-mattings, etc.

One Luxman Sakaram, on seeing smoke issuing from the ground floor of the building, raised an alarm. The fire brigade authorities were immediately communicated with. The Mandvi Fire Engine under Mr. J. E. H. Scotchett, Station Officer immediately hurried to the scene. The Mandvi Fire engin was followed by other fire engines from Babula Tank; Bhuleshwar; Govalia Tank, Fort and Byculla. Mr. Greenop the Chief Fire Brigade Officer, with Messrs. Fox and Whitting, were also present on the spot. Mr Scully of the Salvage Corp with his lascars rendered great help in dragging burnt crokery boxes out of the godown that was on fire. While moving some of the boxes, Mr Fox got a deep cut on his left thumb.

The fire originated in the ground floor. The fire was brought under the control at about 6-15 p.m., but it smouldered on till 7-30 p.m., but it smouldered till 7-30 p.m

The cause of the fire is not known. The damage to the building and its contents is estimate at Rs. 20,000. The property, we understand, is partly insured. At the time the fire broke out, the godown was found closed on account of the Mahashivratri Holiday. The Police kept the traffic closed for about two hours with a view to facilitate the work of the firemen.

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*THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.*
*Saturday, February 25, 1922.*

## THE TURKISH TANGLE.

The report that M. Poincare hopes to bring England and Italy into line in the matter of a settlement with the Angora Government can have two interpretations. Either France has won over Britain and Italy to her more liberal attitude, or the diplomatic victory has been Mr. Lloyd George's and France contemplates cancelling the Franco-Kemalist agreement in favour of an All-Allied pact with the Angora Government giving each Ally a share in the spoils of "concessions" and "privileged zones." The announcement that the negotiations for a loan to Greece have fallen through supports the former interpretation in some degree. The terms which M. Franklin Bouillon suggests should be offered Turkey may be regarded by pessimists as supporting the latter view. M. Poincare's statement rather conspicuously excludes the questions of Constantinople and Thrace from the proposed settlement while M. Franklin Bouillon suggests that Constantinople be left to the Turks and that Thrace be subjected to a plebiscite—which is as good as saying that Thrace be restored to Turkey. We are inclined to the opinion that M. Franklin Bouillon's suggestions find favour with the fickle British Cabinet in its present mood, since otherwise Reuter's propaganda agency would not have cabled them to India. The message is either one of the numerous feelers now being put out by the Coalition Cabinet to sound opinion in India, or it is intended to allay Muslim unrest. We fear that it will achieve neither end.

While M. Franklin Bouillon's suggestions are liberal compared with the recent dreams of British Imperialists, they carry certain clauses whose enunciation will merely strengthen the force of the Khilafat agitation and movement. The suggested demilitarization of the Straits, supervised by an international commission, can operate only towards perpetuating Turkey's present state of servility to the Allies. An international commission can be only an Allied commission; its work can only be anti-Turk whenever Turkish interests conflict with those of would-be exploiters. To be frank, Turkey has in the past half-century suffered too much at the hands of European Powers to allow her or the Muslims of the world to put the slightest faith in the good faith of an international commission in the Straits. For this commission will enable the Allies to hold the door to Constantinople and to hold a pistol to the head of the Turkish Empire whenever, and as often as, the interests of non-Turk exploiters demand a surrender of Turkish interests. With the suggested plebiscite in Thrace, we have no quarrel. The people's verdict restoring Thrace to the Ottoman Empire is assured—provided always that a genuine verdict is secured by the absence of either Greek or Allied influences or garrisons who may rig the plebiscite. But India's Muslims must protest very emphatically against the amazing suggestion that Greece be alloted *"compensation"*—financial and territorial—in consideration of her evacuation of Asia Minor. "Compensation" for what? One does not compensate a thief who is compelled to make restitution of plunder. On the contrary he is usually punished. And when a thief aggravates his felony by murder, arson, destruction and rape, he is not deemed a fit subject for compensation because of the greater enormity of his crime. Greece has so aggravated her robberies of Turkish territory, and yet M. Franklin Bouillon suggests that Greece is entitled to claim "compensation." European diplomacy is a sordid thing but surely it has not yet sunk to the depths suggested by M. Bouillon As well might Germany demand "compensation" from the Allies for the evacuation of Belgium and the restoration to France of Alsace-Lorraine. Indeed, the atrocities perpetrated by the Germans in occupied Belgium were, in some respects, less vile than those with which an Allied Commission of Enquiry into the occupation of Smyrna has charged Greece.

M. Bouillon's final suggestion that to the League of Nations be assigned the responsibility of protecting Christian minorities, will not meet with the approval of the Islamic world. If the principle of protection of minorities in political power or number is applied in Turkey let it also be applied in the British Empire and in the French colonies. For instance, the Indians of Kenya have more right to clamour for special protection than the Armenians of Turkey boast. For the former were never persecuted and enjoyed greater previleges than even Turkish Muslim subjects before the Powers commenced to use them as tools in the disruption of the Ottoman Empire. But the Indians of Kenya are denied bare equal rights with the British settlers. Europe's stateman have yet to comprehend the full significance of Islam's awakening. The Islamic world is to-day remarkably jealous of its self-respect. If non-Muslim subjects of a Muslim Empire are to claim special protection, then Muslim subjects of a non-Muslim Empire must do the same. The only Turkish settlement that will appease the indignation of Muslims all the world over is one honestly arrived at on the principle that a Muslim is as well-worthy fair treatment as a Christian. Anything else is an insult to El Islam.

## PROPAGANDA.

The "Statesman" of Calcutta has secured a "scoop" and we confess to considerable surprise that the "Associated Press of India" did not apprise us of the fact some days ago. For the paper's own correspondent in London has cabled to say that the "Daily Telegraph" publishes a report regarding letters addressed to Mahatma Gandhi by Lenin and Zinovieff (Soviet leaders) promising the Mahatma financial and moral support. We expected some such statement to make its appearance. The rules of the dirty game of political propaganda demanded it. Given a cause or a movement which the Coalition Government or Imperialists wish discredited in England, it is safe to assume that the Russian Soviets will be described as being in sympathy with it, and as financing it. Unfortunately, Mahatma Gandhi is too busy at this juncture to challenge the "Daily Telegraph's" and the "Statesman's" veracity. Were he able to do so, we would be treated to an interesting exposure of propaganda from the inside. It yet remains for some Indian imitator of Mr. Upton Sinclair to publish a treatise on the subject of how newspaper propaganda is used by the opponents of India's freedom—and of how the truth is suppressed, as witness the letter we publish to-day from the "Daily Herald's" Indian correspondent. Such a guide to cabled messages would fill a great educational want, for the people of India have rather too implicit faith in what they see in newspapers; while the people of England are very prone to misconstrue the absence of truthful reports.

The interesting statement disseminated by the "Daily Telegraph" will bear a little examination as a most typical instance of propaganda at its lowest and worst. For it relies for its strength and force on the effect of previous propaganda. We run the risk of hearing that the "Bombay Chronicle" is in receipt of roubles from Moscow when we assert that the Russian Soviets are composed of mistaken idealists working with remarkable honesty on behalf of the people. It is the European Capitalist Press which is responsible for the new Russian bogie. The "horror" of the Soviets was born and lives only in the brain-cells of Europe's journalists and statesmen. Bolshevism—which is communism—certainly hopes to conquer the world but it intends that the conquest will not be by force but by example. Let the Soviets once prove, without indulging in the outrages that were perpetrated by their agents and which have shocked the world, that the country can be well-governed on communist lines—that Russia can be made a vast prosperous and contented community—and the proletariat of the capitalist-ruled States will most assuredly seek to establish a similar administration and social system all over Europe and America. This is what the capitalists fear, and this is why hitherto Soviet Russia has been consistently not only boycotted by Capitalist Europe but vilified and misrepresented. There are very few Englishmen who do not conceive of the Bolshevik as a hirsute monstrosity reeking of blood and the incarnation of ferocity and lust. This is because a section of the British Press has sedulously painted this picture—at the behest of its masters, the Capitalists. But fair-minded people know that the Bolsheviks are far otherwise. Theirs is no land-hunger for Russia, since their creed is internationalism. Every single one of the Soviet Army's wars has been a war of defence against the mercenaries of European Capitalists. So far as honesty and open diplomacy go, the Russian Soviet's record is far cleaner than that of any European Power. They do not enter into secret treaties or surreptitious covenants. They do not lend money to warring puppets protesting the while the most impartial neutrality. Their propaganda may urge all subject peoples to make themselves free but in this exhortation there is neither camouflage nor immorality. The very Capitalist Powers once professed to be solicitous of the rights of all people to choose their own rulers and Bolshevist propaganda (if it exists outside Russia and the fevered imagination of frenzied Big Business) merely reiterates what was at one time the Allies' slogan and battle-cry. As for the hobgoblin of Bolshevik intrigue in India—we have already professed ourselves sceptical as to whether such intrigue has ever been attempted. A leading "Extremist" paper like the "Bombay Chronicle" would surely be among the first "prospects" to be approached by any intelligent propagandists in Moscow. But we have neither been put to the trouble of refusing polite offers of financial assistance nor yet of declining to publish literature made in Russia. On the other hand, we are daily treated to Capitalist propaganda from England. But the British Press has done its work of misrepresentation all too well. To-day the Bolshevik is regarded by almost every Britisher as a bearded ghoul. Therefore, when the "Daily Telegraph" reports that Lenin has offered financial help to Mahatma Gandhi, the British people are convinced that the Mahatma is a Bolshevist agent very thinly disguised. That no Indian can be a Bolshevik is not realised in Europe. In the East we believe in God. The Bolshevik does not so believe. He is generally either an athiest or an agnostic and it is here that he alienates the East from complete sympathy with him. Bolshevism is a social system founded on atheism or agnosticism. Islam and Hinduism are social systems differing widely from each other on certain points but both founded on a belief in God and in a final Judgment. Under these circumstances Bolshevist propaganda could not flourish in India. Perhaps that is why we have not discovered Bolshevist propaganda in this country—outside the "Daily Telegraph's" reports—unless the above random remarks be construed as being directly inspired from Moscow. A quite likely contingency.

Imperialist and capitalist propagandists work both by the dissemination of falsehood and the suppression of the truth. The letter we publish to-day from the "Daily Herald's" Indian correspondent is a very interesting example of the latter process. While the truth is rendered contraband of war, lies are given safe conduct over the cables. Presumably the mental processes of the self-appointed Censor in Bombay operate as follows: The British people must not be allowed to realise that the Mahatma and the non-co-operators are sincere in their professions of non-violence. Delhi, as Sir William Vincent's latest "important statement" makes clear, is pathetically of opinion that the Bardoli decree is a sordid political move, inspired, doubtless, by fear. This impression suggests a victory for the Government and constitutes a testimonial to the efficacy of Repression. This impression must therefore be the only impression which the people of Great Britain should receive. Fortunately for India, the Nationalists remain quite unconcerned as to what Delhi may or may not imagine. The Nationalist movement is in some respects strangely independent of official actions and surprisingly untouched and uninfluenced by what Lord Reading may or may not believe or do. So, though we cannot ignore the propaganda of our opponents, realising how much mischief it may do, we need not be unduly disheartened thereby. Propaganda is a potent weapon, especially when it is quite unscrupulous. But the Truth must eventually prevail—nor need the prevailing be unduly delayed. Not even the self-appointed Censor in Bombay may prevent Great Britain from being clearly apprised of the fact that India has won *Swaraj*—though doubtless the gentleman in question will make a gallant effort on that day to suppress the truth. The late Bluebeard was a Censor after the heart of Bombay's—that is to say he was a foolish one. By making a dreadful secret of the chamber in which he preserved relics of his former unfortunate spouses, he practically compelled his latest wife to "go, look, see." There were three courses open to Bluebeard,—open confession, a downright lie, and a mere curiosity-piquing warning. He chose the most dangerous. He ruled out the course of open confession. But had he casually informed his wife that, in the chamber, he lodged an assortment of active mice, for vivisectionist purposes, the lady would have suffered the Third Degree rather than open the door. He was not a propagandist after the "Daily Telegraph's" model. He did not lie boldly. Instead he intrigued the lady's feminine curiosity by suggesting that there was a fascinatingly dreadful secret in the chamber. Similarly the Bombay Censor suggests to the British public that all sorts of dreadful things are likely to happen in India, while the truth that a great nation is quietly determined, and is organizing itself to win *Swaraj* by a movement of non-violent Non-co-operation, is suppressed. The truth when it comes to light, as it must eventually, will startle the British people a great deal more than would be the case if portions of the Truth were to-day allowed to leak out through the "Daily Herald's" columns. But that is not our affair.

## Notes of the Day

**Gandhi and Lloyd George.**

The "Servant of India" writes:—

The news from Bardoli—that mass civil disobedience and other hostile activities of non-co-operation are to be suspended—is the best that a distracted India has had now for ever so long. We sincerely and unreservedly congratulate Mr. Gandhi on the step taken by him and Working Committee on their endorsement of it. His enemies may mock him for it: but for ourselves we consider that in nothing does Mr. Gandhi show such true greatness as by the frankness with which he avows his own mistakes. He is being reproached for the alleged facility with which he makes these avowals. He has often been told that it is a good reparation after a great disaster has been brought about to say, "I am sorry, I made a mistake." Comparisons are odious: but one cannot but compare the attitude of Mr. Gandhi with that of Mr. Lloyd George, after they had both made "Himalayan" mistakes. Mr. George's "policy" reduced Ireland to complete chaos and savagery, but when he found that he had perforce to retrace his steps and reverse his policy completely—never a word did he breathe of having criminally blundered; to this day we have never yet had from him any avowal, frank or otherwise, of the huge mistake his Irish repressive policy was from start to finish. From Mr. Gandhi we have learnt to expect a more lofty attitude—simply because he is not a mere opportunist, but a man of principle; a man quite unlike Western "statesmen," in that he believes that his principles, his ideas and his religion (call it what you like), because true, are therefore also practical politics.

**An Example.**

In view of the necessity for real retrenchment—and not the sham one, of which one hears so much from the spokesmen of Government—the suggestion of the Hon. Mr. Das, Minister of Local Self-Government Behar and Orissa, that the office of the Local Self-Government Minister should be honorary and that he should be elected by Council members and not selected by the Governor, comes opportune. Mr. Das went to the length of expressing the hope that he would be able to place before the Council before the next year's budget a scheme in which an Honorary Minister of Local Self-Government would find a place. It is difficult to say how many co-operators—even those born with a silver spoon like Mr. Das—would view a proposal like that of Mr. Das, but the spirit underlying the proposal must commend itself to all who wish to relieve the tax-payer of a portion at least of the crushing burdens imposed on him in the name of "reforms." Five and a half thousand rupees a month are surely too extravagant and ruinous a price to pay for the office of a single Minister. The excuse of those co-operators who pocket these high fees is that it would be derogatory to their self-respect as Indians if they accepted anything less than what their European colleagues are paying themselves. The bleeding of the country thus goes on because neither the European nor Indian members of the Government care to take the initiative in suggesting that it must be stopped. In the case of most selfishness stands in the way, while with some it is pusillanimity, engendered by a false sense of fear of hurting the susceptibilities of their European colleagues. Credit is, therefore, due to Mr. Das for boldly coming forward to declare that we cannot afford to send the poor country to rack and ruin in this way and that steps must be taken to stop the bleeding. The nation will not mind paying adequately for services rendered, but the daylight loot of the finances of the country, whether by Indians or Europeans, must be arrested and the sooner the better.

**Worries**

The "Personal" columns of our Calcutta contemporaries usually provide pleasant reading for those of a speculative turn of mind. Thus, when we find in the "Englishman" a message such as that reproduced below, we begin to think:—

PERSONAL.

English gentleman of large heart and wide experience of the world will give absolutely free confidential advice to those desiring it. Nothing to pay whatever, but nothing to give but good advice. If anything worries you, write personally to "Dr. Goodhart", with stamped and addressed envelope for reply, c/o "Englishman", Box No. 944A.

We might here publicly invite "Dr. Goodhart" to give us advice about the Government, which worries us, but for the fact that we do not need advice and the Government does not worry us at all. But we sincerely trust his Excellency Lord Reading will lay his strange case before the "Englishman's" benevolent advertiser. Outside politics, several things worry us. There's the Bombay climate for one, and the rents, and the vociferous leather-lunged baby next door and the man in the flat above who sings: "You'd be surprised" in his bath, and the young lady in the flat below who plays the piano and the deuce with our temper. These are the little worries of which life is made up under the Reformed administration and we wonder whether "Dr. Goodhart" will prescribe *Swaraj* as a cure-all. *Swaraj* is the only remedy. When the baby, and the stentorian man and the musical young lady, and the landlord have learnt to love us as a brother, they will cease from troubling. The very climate—but here we are letting our enthusiasm run away with us.

**The Moderate.**

The Moderate Party stands self-condemned to obscurity by its very name. It excels neither in its function of patriotism nor in that of opponent of freedom. It is in brief a merely Moderate party—very moderately wise and very moderately foolish. But there is a gentleman called Mr. S. B. Dave, who is so enamoured of the name Moderate that he has produced a fortnightly journal thus unfortunately named. The "Moderate," however, does not live up to its name in that it is most immoderately futile and extremely bad as journals go. Mr. Dave does not agree with Mahatma Gandhi and the nation. From a persual of the contents it would seem that Mr. Dave is not quite satisfied that the universe is working as a Moderate might wish. The universe of the Moderate's dream is presumably a universe which functions only moderately well and suffers an occasional breakdown. A perfectly adjusted universe working according to the laws of nature would be anathema. So it is with India. The "Moderate" wishes India to be only moderately free. The paper introduces us to a new statesman—at least the Editor tells us the personage is a "statesman" and "well-known" at that. He is Mr. Kalianrai J. Baxi—an estimable gentleman—and he contributes to the "Moderate." Finally we must trouble the Editor for a free copy of the "Moderate" for a year with which to keep our waste-paper basket from feeling lonely. For the "Moderate" advertises: "Criticisms of this paper are invited and he whose criticism I shall find best will be given one copy of the 'Moderate' free for one year. One such prize will be given for every issue on the eighth day after publication."

# IRISH FREE STATE BILL.

## SIGNATORIES TO TREATY.

### INVITED TO LONDON TO CONFER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 8 a.m. Feb. 24.

In the House of Commons, asked whether Government intended to proceed with the Irish Free State Bill, in view of the Ardfheis' decision, Mr. Churchill said that Irish signatories to the Treaty were being invited to London for an early conference on the whole situation.

Mr. Churchill stated that Government did not propose to take the Irish Treaty Bill on Monday.

Asked whether Government intended to proceed with the Bill at all, Mr. Chamberlain declined to make a further statement before seeing the signatories.

Mr. Churchill announced that, with the concurrence of both Irish Governments, Justice McCardie had been appointed to conduct an inquiry into the Clones shooting affray on February 12th, and he hoped that an inquiry would begin early next week.

## "HOME RULE FOR SCOTLAND AND WALES."

### DRAFT OF A DEVOLUTION BILL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 22.
Recd. 8 a.m. Feb. 24.

A group of Welsh and Scottish Members of the Parliament have decided to draft a devolution bill conferring Home Rule on Scotland and Wales.

## PRINCESS MARY'S WEDDING GIFT.

### MARYS OF EMPIRE CONTRIBUTE £8,000.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 0-30 a.m. Feb. 25.

Over £8,000 sterling has hitherto been received by the organisers of the wedding gift of the Mary's of the Empire to Princess Mary and it has been decided to ask Princess Mary to accept a fine rope of pearls reaching to the waist. Princess Mary will give the larger part of the money to the Girl Guides movement to enable the provision of a training home and hospital camp.

## CHINA TEA TRADE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 0-30 a.m. Feb. 25.

Replying in the House of Commons, to Mr. Forrest, Sir Robert Horne stated the Customs Revenue from China tea during the past three years was £221,000 £179,000, and £238,000 sterling respectively. He said he was not informed regarding Mr. Forrest's allegation that the differential tea duty was ruining the China tea trade with Great Britain and thereby impending export of manufactures to China, nor with regard to the question whether Indian and Ceylon Tea Associations objected to the removal of the differential rate.

## EXIT REPRESSIVE LAWS.

### VICEROY GIVES ASSENT TO REPEALING BILL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, Feb. 24.

His Excellency the Governor-General has given his assent to the bills passed by both the Houses of Imperial Legislature, repealing those repressive laws, whose extinction was unanimously recommended by the Repressive Laws Committee, which sat last year in Simla, under the chairmanship of Hon. Dr. Sapru.

## NEXT HOME MEMBER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 24.

The "Leader" says, we have reason to believe that the rumour at Delhi of Mr. Sastri's succeeding Lord Sinha in the Governorship of Behar, is not well founded. Among other Indians mentioned in the same connection are Mian Sir Mahomed Shafi, Sir Ali Imam and the Maharajah of Burdwan.

We further hear, with what degree of truth is for the future to disclose, that the term of office of Sir William Vincent as Home Member is likely to be extended by a short period, in view of the complicated political situation in the country, and on retirement there is likelihood of his being succeeded by Sir Malcolm Hailey, the present Finance Member.

## IMPORTANT ARRESTS IN DEHRA DUN

(Associated Press.)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 24.

A Dehra Dun message says that the Doiwala Congress Sub-Committee's office, located at Pandit Kishan Chand's house, was searched. Pandit Kishan Chand was arrested on the 20th at Kalsi. The President, Seth Ballabh Das, the Secretary, Ishwari Dutt Vaidya, Thakur Chandan Singh, Captain of the volunteers of Bhogpur Congress Sub-Committee, and Thakur Nanda Singh of Thano were arrested yesterday at Dehra Dun.

# FRANCE & ANGORA

## M. POINCARE NEGOTIATES WITH BRITAIN AND ITALY.

### "TO ACHIEVE DEFINITE GENERAL TREATY."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., Feb. 24.

Paris.—M. Poincare, in a statement to the Foreign Affairs Committee, has declared that he is at present negotiating with Britain and Italy with a view to achieving a definite general treaty with Angora. The question of Constantinople and Tangiers is not included in the negotiations.

## GREEK LOAN.

### ORIGINAL LONDON GROUP WITHDRAWS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 22.
Recd. 8 a.m. Feb. 24.

It is reported that the original London group, invited by the Greek Government to negotiate a loan of fifteen millions sterling, have withdrawn from the affair, principally because it would have been necessary to obtain the consent of the American Government.

## BRITISH & FRENCH PREMIERS

### PRIVATE MEETING AT BOULOGNE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 0-30 a.m. Feb. 25.

The meeting between M. Poincare and Mr. Lloyd George which is taking place at Boulogne to-morrow will be a strictly private affair. Its chief object according to the papers, is to dekne exactly the scope and programme of the forthcoming Genoa Conference.

## MILDRED GOYENECHE CO.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 11-30 a.m. Feb. 24.

The Trustee, appointed in connexion with the bankruptcy of Messrs. Mildred Goyeneche Company, which was announced last July, notifies that the first dividend is to be two shillings and two-pence in pound, to be paid on 27th February. The Trustee states that, owing to adverse exchanges and political troubles, it has been most difficult to collect book-debts from India and elsewhere Net realisations hitherto amount to 48,097 sterling.

## GERMANY AND INDEMNITY.

### NOT EVEN PENNYWORTH RECEIVED BY BRITAIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 11-30 a.m. Feb. 24.

In the House of Commons, at question time, Sir Robert Horne stated that Britain had not received a penny worth of indemnity from Germany; on the other hand, the cost of the Army of Occupation, amounting to over a milliard gold marks, had been repaid to the extent of 970 millions.

## DEFAULT IN PAYMENTS.

### FRANCE'S DISAPPOINTMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Feb. 24.

Paris.—The disappointment in Germany's default, in indemnity payments, on which France had counted to balance the forthcoming budget, was freely voiced when the Chamber was debating a vote for thirteen and a half milliard francs to be subsequently charged to Germany. The Minister of Finance explained that the sum would have to be secured by means of fresh loans.

He regretted that Britain was more occupied in the resumption of trade than reparations.

M. Poincare outlined the difficulties of seizing German securities hold abroad owing to the involvement of neutral countries where the securities had been placed.

The vote was carried.

## MONTAGU'S SILVER REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. at 8-35 p.m., Feb. 24.

Montagu's Silver Report expresses the opinion that the undertone of the market is far from robust and should Bazaars refrain from purchasing after the departure of this week's settlement steamer, Bears will probably control prices.

## ARMS ACT IN CAIRO

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. at 8-35 p.m., Feb. 24.

Cairo—There has been good response to the proclamation forbidding Egyptians i Cairo and the district to possess arms a a steady stream of Egyptians han in arms at the police stations.

# NEAR EAST PEACE PRESCRIPTION

## CONSTANTINOPLE UNDER TURKISH SUZERAINTY

### PLEBISCITE TO DECIDE THRACE'S FATE

### ASIA MINOR NOR TO BE EVACUATED.

### M. FRANKLIN BOUILLON'S SUGGESTIONS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 22.
Recd. 8 a.m. Feb. 24.

Paris.—M. Franklin Bouillon, writing in the "Matin," suggests the following terms for peace in the Near East:—

Constantinople should be left under the Turkish sovereignty.

Conditions of demilitarisation of the straits zone, and the organisation, in agreement with Turkey, of a free passage should be arranged under the supervision of an international commission consisting of representatives of the Allies and riverain States.

The fate of Thrace should be settled by a plebiscite after the Greeks had evacuated the whole of Thrace and international commissions established to supervise operations.

The Greeks should evacuate Asia Minor subject to financial and territorial compensation, such as the renunciation of their debts and the cession of Cyprus to Greece.

The question of protecting Christian minorities should be left to the League of Nations.

## E. I. RY. STRIKE.

### MR. ANDREWS TO ACT AS INTERMEDIARY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 24.

In the course of his address to the E. I. R. strikers last evening, Mr. C. F. Andrews said that he was intending to go immediately to Tundla, and there it was probable the Railway authorities themselves might be consulted and each point in the dispute might be put before the leaders of the Railway workmen, and at last a settlement might be reached. If the settlement was reached at Tundla, where the leaders would come from other Railway centres, then Mr. Andrews hayed the workmen at Allahabad, who had gone on strike, might accept the agreement reached and return to work. If possible, he himself would come immediately back to Allahabad and explain the situation. Mr. Andrews then asked the Railway workmen assembled if they would be willing to abide by the decision reached in the course of negotiations with the Railway authorities. The audience at once answered that they were willing to do so.

EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK.

Certain complaints were then brought up before Mr. Andrews by individual members of the audience, and he answered them each in turn. A question was asked him whether he did not agree to the principle of equal pay for equal work. He replied that he had fought for that principle in Africa as well as in India. At the same time every consideration must be given to the fact that the Englishmen in India being far away from their own homes had heavier expenses than the Indians. If Englishmen were asked to come over from England to do any responsible work, they must be paid accordingly. The speaker was then asked concerning the pay of the Anglo-Indians, who were the actual residents in India itself. Mr. Andrews said he would consider carefully that question, but he was prepared to answer it at the spur of the moment. Certainly, however, equal pay for equal work was the standard, which must be aimed at and finally attained.

Mr. Andrews, in conclusion, asked the whole of his audience to promise him that there should not be a single act of violence or intimidation of any kind whatever. Now that he had come among them, any such act would be a disgrace upon his own head. The men promised that nothing of the kind would happen.

Mr. Andrews spoke throughout in Hindustani and his words were closely followed by his audience.

## AGENT'S COMMUNIQUE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Feb. 22.

The following communique has been issued to-day by the Agent, E. I. Railway with regard to the strike:—A report was received this afternoon that at Burdwan about midday a mob attacked the workshop of the Assistant Engineer and that the police had to open fire before the mob dispersed. Otherwise the position to-day is slightly better. Some of the staff at Cawnpore and Dinapore have resumed.

Improvement in goods and coal traffic continues, and recruitment of men to take the place of those on strike is proceeding energetically.

## RY. STRIKE SITUATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 24.

A wire from Meerut dated 23rd February says that fifty locomotive workmen resumed work at Ghaziabad to-day, mainly owing to the sustained efforts of the local officials, who have been at pains to instil common sense into the men.

The strikers have behaved quite well at Ghaziabad. It is hoped the others will soon resume work.

There is an inclination also here on the part of the men to return to duty as some of them appear to be in dire straits and have been seen going about begging for Monetary help.

## ARMY CLOTHING CASE.

### WHARTON AND RELEY CONVICTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 23.

In the second Army Clothing Embezzlement case, the jury to-day after about twenty minutes' retirement returned a unanimous verdict of guilty of abetment of criminal breach of trust against Robert Wharton. The Chief Justice agreeing, sentenced Wharton to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of five thousand rupees, in default, six months' simple imprisonment remarking he was satisfied from the evidence that Wharton, in conjunction with Feley, had committed fraud on Government, a froud of the utmost deliberation and that however leniently he may treat the offence His Lordship could not pass a lesser sentence.

Convicting Reley in the first case, the Chief Justice sentenced him also to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of two thousand rupees, or in default six months' simple imprisonment, and in the second case, Reley was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment, sentences to run consequently.

## FOREIGN OR INDIGENOUS?

### QUESTION ABOUT "KHADDER" IN BENGAL COUNCIL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

Replying to a question at to-day's meeting of the Bengal Council, Hon. Mr. Kerr said, that the Department of Commerce was aware that a new variety of cotton fabric, known as Khaddar has come into the Calcutta market. It is believed that the said fabric is a product of indigenous industry. Government had no information that large quantity of Khaddar imported from abroad was sold as having been made in India. But any specific complaints of malpractice or fraud would be investigated by proper authorities.

## RAMLAL RETURNS TO TUNDLA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Feb. 23.

Information was received here to-day, by a railway official, by wire from Mr. Toombs, Locomotive Superintendent, Tundla that the second fireman, Ramlal, who figured prominently in the East Indian Railway strike, and who had been sent to Calcutta, by the Khilafat party, for medical examination, was being returned to Tundla. This contradicts the vague rumour that Ramlal had been made to disappear or killed, the circulation of which rumour, had hastened the present strike.

## E. I. RLY. SITUATION.

### A DECIDED TURN FOR THE BETTER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Feb. 24.

The East Indian Railway strike situation is much improved to-day and the prospects are brighter at Burdwan. Excepting ten men of the menial saff, the whole of the batchmen of the Carriage Examiner's office resumed work to-day. A few shunters and cleaners retrned to duty to-day but Indian drivers are still out. Four cut of five local trains ran from Burdwan to-day. The situation at Bandel is normal. To-day all local trains including Naihati brances are running as usual.

There was a very marked improvement at Asansol to-day. Numbers of men are returning to duty daily, but loco men are still out. It is expected that an appreciable number of strikers will return tomorrow. At Mathupur, the Traffic staff resumed work to-day. 118 men of the traffic staff at Dinapore and thiry-six men of the loco stap at Ghaziabad had resumed work. The position of coal showed signs of gradual improvement. Eight coal trains were worked out yesterday and two trains were worked out this morning for Howrah. Another train was allowed to go to the jute mills on the Eastern Bengal Railway.

# GENOA CONFERENCE.

## ANGLO-FRENCH RELATIONS.

### TENSION RELIEVED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 8 a.m. Feb. 24.

The Anglo-French relations have been somewhat clouded recently on the subject of the Genoa Conference. The French Press have been criticising the British Government's failure to reply to the French memorandum of February 5th, requesting postponement of the Conference for three months and demanding a precise settlement of the Agenda beforehand.

The announcement that a meeting has been arranged between M. Poincare and Mr. Lloyd George on the French coast, on Saturday, has relieved the tension, and is heartily welcomed by the French Press as likely to lead to an agreement on political conditions of the Conference, including the conditions in respect of Peace Treaties.

The French newspapers congratulate M. Benes on his acting as conciliator during his visits to Paris and London, and declare that Benes urged the Czecho-Slovakian viewpoint that the maintenance of stability of Europe was dependent on a complete Anglo-French agreement.

## POSTPONED FOR SEVERAL WEEKS.

### DUE TO ITALIAN POLITICAL DEADLOCK:

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 11-30 a.m. Feb. 24.

Though official circles continue to maintain silence, it has now been taken for granted that the Genoa Conference will be postponed for at least several weeks. In addition to France's demand for exclusion from certain topics contained in the discussions notably, those connected with reparations and the unqualified admission of Russia, one of the factors making for the postponement is the protracted political deadlock in Italy.

## ITALIAN CABINET CRISIS.

### A REFUSAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 11-30 a.m. Feb. 24.

Sgrs. Denicola Bonomi and Orlando have successively declined to form the Cabinet. The King has now asked Sgr. Facta, formerly Minister of Finance, who is consulting Sgr. Giolitti on the subject.

## RUMOUR OF MAHATMA'S ARREST.

### PT. MALAVIYA'S CONTRADICTION.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya wires from Bhopal on the 23rd instant:—

Please contradict categorically the statement by an anonymous correspondent in your issue of 22nd instant that I communicated to Mahatma Gandhi the information regarding the issue of an order for his arrest gained from His Excellency the Viceroy. I had no such information. Mahatmaji was aware like many others, of the rumours of his probable arrest as appeared from his farewell speech at Sabarmati Ashram, as reported in your paper. The knowledge did not deter him then and could not have deterred him later from prosecuting his programme. The public can take it from me that Mahatma Gandhi's decision was due to Gorakhpur outrage."

## FIRE ON THE "ROMEA."

Fayal.—Fire in number 2 hold of the steamer "Romeo" has apparently been extinguished. Twenty-five feet of water have been pumped into the hold. Numbers 1 and 2 holds are being discharged.

(Fayal is an island in the Azores or Western Islands the Portuguese group in MidAtlantic).

## CABLE ITEMS.

Sir Eric Geddes has applied for the Chiltern Hundreds.

New York.—Italy, and also Czecho-Slovakia, have challenged for the Davis Lawn Tennis Cup.

New York.—Tex Rickard, who was arrested on January 21st, at the instance of the Children's Society, for a criminal assault, and released on a thousand dollars bail, has been further indicted on a charge of abducting two young girls whose case led to his original arrest. The bail has been increased to 25.000 dollars.

Berlin.—The League of German industrialists has elected twelve of its most prominent members as delegates for the German commercial mission which is going to Moscow to study conditions in Russia.

In the Southern Section of the Third Division of the League, Norwich beat Millwall, three goals to nil, on Thursday.

In the Football Association Cup replay, on Thursday, Preston defeated Barnsley, three nil.

Recd. at 8-35 p.m., Feb. 24.

Lord Meston has had an operation to an eye and it will be three months before his sight is normal.

Paris.—A further sensation has been furnished in connection with the Industrial Bank of China by the arrest of M. Pernotte the General Manager, after undergoing magisterial enquiry.

The Government reconstruction scheme to which it is proposed to apply France's unpaid shares of the Chinese Boxer indemnity, is now before Parliament but is encountering some opposition.

# FOR PEACE IN INDIA.

## REPRESENTATION CONFERENCE SUGGESTED.

### LABOUR PARTY'S RESOLUTION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. at 8-35 p.m., Feb. 24.

The Joint Council of the Labour party and the Trade Union Congress has passed a resolution urging Indian democrats and the Indian government to join in a conference of all shades of political thought to explore the possibilities of peace based on amnesty, abandonment of non-cooperation, a timelimit for transition stages, partial self-government and fresh elections at least to the Legislative Assembly.

## MR. MONTAGU'S RUMOURED RESIGNATION.

### DENIAL BY MR. MONTAGU.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 0-30 a.m. Feb. 25.

Mr. Montagu declares that the rumours that he intends to resign the Secretaryship for India is quite without foundation. The denial apparently has been prompted by the statement, given prominence to in an evening paper to the effect that his retirement was only delayed owing to the possible misapprehension which might be drawn from it while the Prince of Wales was in India and also owing to the uncertainty of the date of the general election. The paper mentioned Lord Ampthill as a possible successor to Mr. Montagu.

## STRONGER ARMIES IN INDIA.

### MR. MONTAGU EXPLAINS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., Feb. 24.

In the House of Commons, replying to Sir W. Joynson-Hicks, who called attention to Lord Rawlinson's speech at Delhi as regards stronger armies in India, and asked whether the Imperial Government had complied with all his requirements, Mr. Montagu said that the Government of India's military policy had the concurrence of the Commander-in-Chief.

## REDUCTION OF ARMY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., Feb. 24.

In a speech at Chorley, Sir L. Worthington-Evans foreshadowed a reduction of the army by 33,000 officers and men, which would involve disbandment of twenty-four battalions of infantry, forty-seven batteries of the artillery, and an equivalent of five cavalry regiments. Corresponding reductions were indicated in the higher staffs of ancillary services, representing economy by sixteen and a half millions, compared with twenty millions recommended by the Geddes Committee.

LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. at 8-35 p.m., Feb. 24.

Sir. L. Worthington Evans said he could not fully accept the Geddes proposals for reductions of garrisons in Egypt and elsewhere abroad. He contended that potential military liabilities were not less than prewar but it was the duty of government to face uncertain naval and military risks for a time rather than encounter certain financial and economic risks or calamities.

## ARMY IN COUNCIL STATEMENT

### GEDDES SUGGESTIONS BASED ON MISAPPREHENSION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. at 8-35 p.m., Feb. 24.

Supplementing this announcement the Army Council in a statement points out that the Geddes suggestions of reduction of 54,000 troops is based on a misapprehension, as the returns supplied by the War Office figure should have been 30,00. The Army Council proposes reduction in the territorial army, large reductions in Education and Accountants corps, and revision of the scale of fees for Woolwich and Sandhurst. The Council's statement points out that government is pledged to maintain the present scale of troops' pay.

## READING DESPATCH TO BE PLACED BEFORE PARLIAMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. at 8-35 p.m., Feb. 24.

In the House of Lords, Lord Curzon promised to present Lord Reading's despatch and other papers next week, probably on March 1st.

Through service over the Ceylon Railway has been resumed. Passengers to Colombo may travel via Dhanushkodi.

Their Excellencies' Garden Party, fixed for Thursday, the 2nd March, is now postponed to Friday, 3rd March. Invitations, already issued, will hold good for the altered date.

# AT DELHI.

## NO DECISION.

## ALL INDIA CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Feb. 24.

Yesterday by the Punjab Mail Mahatma Gandhi, Mrs. Naido, Seth Chotani, Mr. Bomanji and many others arrived from Bombay, and were received at the station by Hakim Ajmal Khan Sahib and Dr. Ansari and were accorded a great ovation at the station by a huge crowd. Members of the All-India Congress Committee and Central Khilafat Committee have assembled in large numbers. The Bardoli decisions are generally being adversely criticised. The whole atmosphere is tense. This morning the President Hakim Ajmal Khan Saheb, invited the representative gentlemen from all the provinces to discuss to gauge the correct situation and feelings with which the Bardoli resolutions have been received in different centres. Mahatma Gandhi and members of the Working Committee patiently listened to all the reports, which the responsible spokesmen from different provinces had to make. The Working Committee is sitting now and expects to finish its deliberations by this evening, when the All-India Congress Committee meets at the Hakim Saheb's residence.

The meeting of the Central Khilafat Committee takes place to-morrow morning. The decision of the Working Committee, regarding the present critical situation is most anxiously awaited by the general public. It is yet too early to prophesy anything definitely one way or the other, but it is hoped a settlement, acceptable to all, will be reached.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

DELHI, Feb. 24.

The Delhi session of the All-India Congress Committe which meets to-night at Hakim Ajmal Khan's residence promises to be most momentous one. The future course of the Congress activities, especially in regard to the programme of Civil Disobedience, will be settled at this sessions for which the members from several parts of the country have arrived besides some distinguished politicians.

### INFORMAL DISCUSSION.

This meeting has been summoned to pronounce its verdict on the decision of the Working Committee passed at Bardoli. In view of the differences of opinion which have been expressed in several quarters it can be safely predicted that the Working Committee's resolution will come in for a very severe criticism at to-night's meeting. In fact this difference of opinion was clearly noticed this morning at Dr. Ansari's residence where the members of the Working Committee had an informal discussion with the representatives from the provinces. This Discussion lasted for five hours and revealed great discontent among the Congress workers who, though willing to obey Mahatma Gandhi, are clearly against the suspension of the greater part of the Non-Cooperation programme including even Civil Disobedience. They expressed in unmistakable terms their dissatisfaction and disappointment at the Working Committee's decision and urged the necessity of redrafting it. This spirit of revolt on the part of the extreme Nationalists against Mahatma Gandhi seems to be growing in strength and the battle will be waged this night on the supreme question of Civil Disobedience, both aggressive and defensive.

### WORKING COMMITTEE'S MEETING.

After the informal conference of the leaders and the workers in the morning in which their feelings had been fully guaged Working Committee met in the afternoon and deliberated for nearly three hours' resulting in the drafting of certain amendments to the Bardoli resolution which will be discussed in the All-India Congress Committee meeting this night. As the seditious Meetings Act is in force in Delhi the admission to the meeting will be by tickets and strictly confined to the members of the Committee and a few distinguished persons, including Mr. K. Natarajan of Bombay.

Writing an hour before the meeting of the Congress Committee it is very difficult to say what will be the actual decision to be arrived at by that body. But there are sufficient indications to assert that, although Mass Civil Disobedience may be suspended or even abandoned, Individual Civil Disobedience, or least, of a defensive character as also peaceful picketing will be allowed. It is, also, rumoured that provincial autonomy in all Non-Cooperation activities except Mass Civil Disobedience will be granted.

## POSITION OF PARTIES.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Feb. 24.

A large number of members of the All-India Congress Committee have arrived for to-days momentous meeting. Since the morning members of the Working Committee had an informal conference with various Congress leaders who have arrived from the provinces so as to enable it to come to a satisfactory decision in view of the conflicting opinions expressed on the Bardoli decision. After gauging the feeling of leaders, the Working Committee met from two to half past four and decided on the terms of resolutions which would be placed before the All-India Committee.

Although Mr. Gandhi's opinion still carries weight among his followers, the extreme element against him appears to be stronger this time than ever. The crux of the issues before the Committee is Civil Disobedience both defensive and aggressive. The party for abandonment of Non-Cooperation, though existent, is negligible. The real conflict will be between Gandhists and extremists. The latter condemn the suspension and urge immediate resumption of defensive civil disobedience and resort to mass disobedience in the near future. As originally intended, the All-India Congress Committee was to sit at two this afternoon, but as the Working Committee had not come to any decision by two the session has been postponed till half past seven. The meeting will be held in a *shamiana* at Hakim Ajmal Khan's house and in view of the application to Delhi of the Seditious Meetings Act it will not be open even to a selected public. It is expected that the committee will also sit to-morrow.

Swami Shree Bharatee Khrishnatirth, in a message from Dakor to the All-India Congress Committee at Delhi, announces his disagreement from the Bardoli decision and prays for an unqualified success for the Delhi meeting.

## THE BARDOLI DECISION.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The Bardoli decision has led some of the newspapers and persons—both in India and England—to initate the scuttle-fish in creating a certain amount of muddiness, obviously to hide the real issues agitating the mind of India at present. The tall talk about maintaining law and order—words used with "Dominable iteration" as Shakespeare would say—by "arresting" Mahatma Gandhi and resorting to "strong striking measures" is so much more to thicken the muddiness already in existence, and in which the bureaucracy hope the main issues viz., the Punjab wrongs, the Khilafat question and Swaraj, would, somehow, be effectively hidden. The bureaucratic prestige has surely not been enhanced by so much useless talk and writing after the Bardoli decision was taken—it looks more like having a tilt with the windmills. If the "lesson for fifty years" and the subsequent senseless repression carried on up to date have not improved the situation, it only goes to prove that determination is not the monopoly of any one people. The time for bluster is past. India has regained her consciousness and is determined to continue to fight for justice and her birthright. The gulf between the ruled and rulers is being perceptibly widened, the "shadow of Amritsar" is taking a darker hue and impenetrable darkness (which God forbid) might envelope the land. Is it wise statesmanship to allow the country to drift towards the abyss [redacted] knows what? It is not too late [redacted] The Mahatma has, on behalf of India, stretched out his hand with love in his heart. Is there not one now in India, who will step forward on behalf of the British people and grip the hand in token of conciliation?

God grant that better counsels will prevail. Amen.—Yours, etc.

S. K. YUSUF.

Bombay, Feb. 22.

## MRS. NAIDU'S ALLEGATIONS

### DR. HARDIKER'S SUPPORT.

In the course of statement, Dr. N. B. Hardikar, says:—

Sister Sarojini Naidu, Srijut S. V. Kowjalgi and myself went to Calicut (on the 12th inst) to see the work of the Kerala Congress Committee with regard to refugees in Malabar Mr. Keshav Menon, the energetic Secretary of the Congress Committee, Calicut, received us at the station, and escorted the party to our residential place. After a brief rest and lunch Sister Sarojini received a number of women and talked to them about conditions in Malabar. We then visited five places and saw quite a fewe thin emaciated and unhappy people all refugees, from the affected area of Malabar. These people looked, though cheerful, discontended and dissatisfied with their life. In one place which was not, by the way, a Charka Asarama, but a private house, a weak, anaemic and dilapidated girl was brought out of the house by an elderly lady and made to sit, in front of us on a bench. We thought that this anaemic girl was about 17 or 18. But to our surprise we were told by Mr. Menon that she was about thirty. She had received *nine wounds* on her chest and the rest of her body. Some of the scars of these wounds were more than an inch long. She could not even walk. She wos helpless without an atendant. While returning from that house we were presented with a photograph of a boy whose hands seemed to be amputated. The boy came to the Congress Commitee for aid from the affected area where his hands had been cut off. The copies of the photograph had already been forwarded to the papers. While talking with Mr. Andrews, who was travelling with us in the Madras Mail on the 13th he showed me a copy of the said photograph and repeated the same story that was narrated by Mr. Menon at Calicut.

While at Calicut we spoke about the Malbar tragedy to many respectable residents of the town. They told us many harrowing tales. After what we heard and said I fully concur with the conclusions of Sister Sarojini, regarding the Malabar tragedy.

## EDUCATION AT AHMEDABD.

### OVER 30 SCHOOLS STARTED.

The Secretary of the Prajakiya Prathmik Kelavani Mandal of Ahmedabad writes to say that 31 national primary schools have been so far opened in different localities of the city including eight Girls' Schools and one school for the untouchables at Nadiawalla.

Three Urdu schools were going to be opened on the 23rd instant.

No fees are charged in the national schools as they are maintained from public funds.

## PRINCE LEAVES PATIALA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

PATIALA, Feb. 24.

The Prince of Wales left Patiala to-night after attending state banquet in the old palace.

A Agra message of February 23rd says.—Rear-Admiral and Mrs. Chiton Baker have arrived here at Hotel Cecil. He is the Commander-in-Chief of naval forces, Indian Squadron.

## COUNCIL OF STATE.

### THURSDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Feb. 23.

At the meeting of the Council of State to-day, the bill further to amend the Indian Lunacy Act as passed by the Legislative Assembly was passed on the motion of Mr. O'Donnel who explained the salient features of the measure which have already appeared in the Press. The Hon. Mr. Cook in moving that the bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to Income-tax and Super-tax as passed by the Assembly be taken into consideration, pointed out the careful consideration bestowed by the Joint Select Committee, in regard to this measure with the result that opportunities or loopholes of evasion had been reduced to minimum, the honest tax payer would not be unduly taxed and the assessment would be made properly, accurately and with minimum hardship.

EXEMPTION OF ASSESSMENT.

Sir Arthur Froom brought forward an amendment that exemption of assessment in the case of life insurances should apply only to adult male members and not to any male member as stated in the bill.

The discussion centred round Sir Arthur Froom's amendment.

Mr. Sukbhir Sinha opposed the amendment on the ground that it would work great hardship on the Hindu joint family. This question was discussed in the Assembly and rejected and there was no reason why the Council should accept it.

Sir Malcolm Hailey said that the Government having opposed the amendment put forward in the Assembly should not be taken by Mr. Sukhbir Sinha as wishing to destroy the Hindu Joint Family, especially as they (Government) had given most anxious consideration and most exceptional privileges to the Hindu joint family in the matter of income-tax. Other people, before they were taxed the supertax, were allowed to make a deduction of fifty thousand rupees while the Hindu Joint Family was allowed seventy five thousand. When taxing a man's individual income, it was proposed to relieve him of any taxation on account of income derived from the Hindu Joint Family. The Government having secured all these concessions should not be charged with seeking to do any harm to the Hindu Joint Family. Such insinuation was wholly unjustified. When an infant died there was not the same economic loss to the family as there was when the head of a Hindu family died. In the case of a Hindu Joint Family, if the infant whose life had been insured, died, there was no economic loss and that was why the Government did not think it justifiable to relieve the pleuma of a charge for income-tax.

Mr. Sethna pointed out that the total amount of money involved in the life insurance of children was not even one per cent of the whole insurance money and, therefore, this concession should not be given. But he drew attention to the fact that injustice would be caused to other communities if such a concession was given only to the Hindus.

Prof. Kale said it was not a fact that the public treasury was making a sacrifice on behalf of the Hindu Joint family. On the contrary it could be proved that the Joint Hindu Family was making a sacrifice for the public exchequer because in the case of the joint family, the whole family was taxed as a person.

Mr. Khaparde and Mr. Samaldas further opposed the amendment. After Mr. Cook, the Finance Secretary, had briefly replied the amendment was pressed to division and carried, twenty-one voting for and twelve against it and two remaining neutral.

This amendment having been accepted by the Council of State, the Bill will have to go to the Legislative Assembly for reconsideration.

Some more amendments were brought in particularly by Mr. Samaldas which were all rejected.

The Hon. Mr. Cook then moved that the bill as passed by Legislative Assembly and as amended by Council of State be passed.

Sir Malcolm Hailey referred to Sir Umar Hayat Khan's statement that the tax was mainly derived from agriculturists and pointed out that while thirty-five crores were collected as Land Revenue not less than twenty crores were collected as Income-tax and Supertax. The present bill was not a Government measure, in the strictest sense of the term, designed to raise the utmost taxation, but it was a bill forged on the anvil of free debate between Government and those concerned in payment of Income-tax and Super-tax.

Mr. Kale and Sir Umar Hayat Khan supported the bill as representing a greatly improved income-tax machinery. The bill as amended was then passed. But in consequence of Sir Arthur Froom's amendment having been accepted in the Council and a similar suggestion had been rejected by the Assembly, the bill as a whole will now be referred to the Legislative Assembly for reconsideration; and if the latter body rejects this particular amendment the bill will again return to this Council for still further consideration.

STATEES OF INDIANS IN COLONEES

The Hon'ble Mr. Samaldas moved "This Council recommends to the Governor-General-in-Council that he should communicate to the Rt. Hon. the Secretary of State for India, the strong feeling of resentment aroused in this Council and in the country generally by the speech of the Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill delivered at the East African Dinner in London and that in the opinion of this Council any further restriction on Indian immigration into East Africa or any differentiation against Indians as such with regard either to the ownership of land or the franchise or any extension of such differential treatment to Indians in the mandated territory of Tanganyika will be inconsistent with the principle underlying the resolution passed at the last Imperial Conference, regarding the status of Indians in the empire.

The President ruled the second part of the resolution as out of order, in view of the fact that an identical motion had been debated at great length in September session of the Council in Simla. He, therefore, allowed discussion only on the first part, relating to Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill speech. Mr. Sethna and Mr. Samaldas explained the difficulty of confining themselves to discussing only of the first part of the resolution when Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill's speech touched the points contained in the second part also. The President pointed out that this Council could not reargue a resolution already passed and adhered to his ruling. Mr. Samaldas in moving the first part of the resolution expressing the strong feeling of resentment aroused by Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill's speech, wanted from Government information as to what action had been taken by them on the resolution passed in September session. Mr. Churchill's speech, he said, had created resentment in this country as also in Africa and urged the Government of India not to adopt a tone of apology but a tone of firmness in cabling to the Secretary of State, the strength of feeling in India on a matter on which Indians were not prepared to compromise. He examined the electoral rules in East Africa and the language qualification required there, and remarked that all these requirements were put forward to prevent Indians from entering the Colony.

No less than eight nonofficial members, including Sir Dinshaw Wacha, Mr. Sethna, Mr. Khaparade and Mr. Kale supported the resolution. They all recognised the efforts of the Government of India in the matter but pointed out that if now the British Cabinet were to uphold what threatend to be the final view of the colonial Office, then it would tantamount to an act of betrayal.

GOVT. ACCEPTS RESOLUTION

Mr. Sarma on behalf of Government accepted the resolution as there was no difference of opinion between them and the council in this matter. He informed the House that the resolution passed in the Council in September was only communicated to the Secretary of State, as representing the unanimous advice of the Council. Mr. Sarma observed that they need not be afraid of Mr. Churchill's speech at the East African banquet because Mr. Montagu had stated that it did not represent the views of the British Cabinet. the Government of India did not mean to go back upon the policy of free emigration of Indians for settlement in self-governing Dominoons and India could, therefore, justifiably look for the fulqlment of the hopes and expectations that had been raised in this matter with regard to the crown Colonies and the Protectorates in the British possessions also the old policy under which Indians could freely migrate and settle down there still remained in effect. Lord Chelmsford had taken a firm stand in declining to be a party to the rights of Indians being frittered away and had insisted upon ebual rights being given for all His Majesty's Indian subjects. Lord Reading had adhered to that attitude and Mr. Sarma therefore denied that there had been any weakening on the part of the Government of India in their advocacy of Indians' rights. It might be that for the sake of harmony and peace and for the sake of soldiarity of the Empire, the India Office might have to give in one or two points but in essential matters of principle there would be no departure because that would be not only immoral but suicidal. The Revenue Member, therefore, advised patience and asked the House to rest content in the conviction that Great Britain would never conscientiously do any injustice. Mr. Samaldas briefly replied and the resolution was then carried.

EMGRATION LAW

Mr. Sarma next moved for consideration of the fill to amend the law relating to emigration as passed by the Legislative Assembly. He explained the salient features of the measure and emphasised on the resolve of the Government to take the advice of the Legislature in future on all matters relating to emigration.

Mr. Marcair and Mr. Samaldas welcomed the bill further consideration was then postponed. The Council adjourned till Monday.

## MILITARY OFFICERS IN CIVIL POSTS.

### MR ISWAR SARAN'S MOTION REJECTED.

ASSEMBLY PROCEEDINGS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Feb. 23.

Mr. Ishwar Saran moved that members of the foreign and political services as well as military officers, should not be appointed to juuicial or administrative posts in British India. He said his main objection was that men recruited and qualified for a particular service should not be called upon to do duties other than those for which they were eminently fitted. It was unsound and unwise to employ a soldier and a diplomat of political department to fill judicial and administrative offices. His main object was that in the interest of efficiency and economy, the military and Foreign and Political Department should not employ expensive officers who were not required by those departments for their use. The Government must overhaul its machinery before it was too late.

Mr. Denys Bray, the Foreign Secretary, in strongly opposing the resolution said the need of the present time was that the best men should be chosen for administrative posts. The appointment of officers to such posts was not peculiar to India. His Majesty's Government had appointed officers of Political Department to the highest posts like High Commissioner, Mesopotamia, High Commissioner, Egypt, Judicial Commissioner Mesopotamia. Among others he instanced the name of Colonel Humphreys who was now the first British representative at Kabul. If the rule that an officer of one department should get employment only in that department was to be observed then he would say let the lawyer stick to law and let him not occupy administrative and executive posts. (Laughter). It was only because officers of his department were very well fitted to administrative and judicial posts that they were called upon to fill them. Surely it would not be just to restrict the scope of appointment to which as an officer he shou'd rise by his ability. In case some Frontier Districts Deputy Commissioners were men of Political Department, because if they were civilians, then Government shall have to appoint in addition to the Deputy Commissioner asother Political Officer to look after political work. That would not be economical, although the overburdened political officer would welcome such a separation. The mover's speech suggested that Government was appointing to civil posts military officers who had finished their military service. The fact, however, was that although these officers started their careers as soldiers they were soon transferred to civil employment for which they were considered eminently qualified. Some members were desirous that the N. W. F. Province should be reamalgamated with the Punjab and Baluchistan with Bombay. He said the question of frontier would soon be examined by a committee, but the House should remember that if reamalgation took place, they would be forced to recruit military men to the Punjab Commissions. Because, only military officers were fitted for frontier administration.

Mr. Abdul Rahim (N.W.F.) strongly opposed the resolution and said that it was in Foreign and Political Department, that people gained knowledge and experience and if members of that department were kept away from these administrative posts, Government would be deprived of an efficient machinery.

Sir Sidney Crookshank also opposed the resolution tooth and nail from the point of view of military engineers not on their behalf but in the interest of this country, which he himself served as a military engineer.

Sir Gulab Singh while supporting the resolution refrained from deprecating the services rendered by military officers in the past.

SURPLUS WAR YOUNG OFFICERS TO BE PROVIDED.

Sir Godfrey Fell opposed the attempt to preclude employment of military officers in any administrative posts. He reminded the House that during the great war many young men joined the army not because they wanted a career in the army but simply in response to patriotic call. On the conclusion of the war, Government has been now faced with these surplus young officers who were not required in the army and numbered between two to three thousand. Government was in duty bound to explore all avenue of employment in civil capacity for these men who would have joined similar posts if they had not joined the army. It should not matter as to which department an officer belonged but the material issue was his competence to undertake the job he was called upon to do. As for Cantonment Magistrates, Government of India were considering the question of separation of judicial and executive function of these Magistrates and it might be possible that there be a change in future in the status of these officers. His experience in Burma was that the province owed immense debt to military officers who filled high administrative and judicial posts.

Mr. Yamin Khan supported that part of the resolution which laid that military officers should not be appointed to judicial posts.

Mr. Sharp contradicted Mr. Ishwar Saran's allegation that a military officer who had no connection whatever with educational service was employed in that service. The Educational Secretary explained that the particular officer to whom the mover referred was a civilian who joined the army during the war.

Mr. Agnihotri supported the resolution.

Col. Waghorn replied to charges made by certain non-official speakers regarding employment of military officers in railways and said that recruitment of only specialists in railways would be a costly matter.

Mr. Townsend (Punjab) entirely associated himself with the opinion expressed by Sir Godfrey Fell and said that the Punjab owed much to many military officers who were appointed to civil posts. Punjab, military officers had acquitted

Chaudhari Shahabuddin said that in the themselves as judicial officers much better pupil military officers has acquitted than many civilians and therefore should not be discouraged simply because they started their career as military men. He was, therefore, unable to lend his support to the resolution as it stood.

SIR WILLIAM EXPLAINS.

Sir William Vincent was the sixth and the last official speaker who pressed the Government point of view. He said acceptance of the resolutions would deprive the Government of services of competent men who though belonging to the other departments had filled the highest administrative and judicial posts. It would mean that whatevere their competence and ability they must not be appointed to the two kinds of posts because they had the misfortune to belong to Military and Foreign and Political Department. In the case of N. W. F. Provinces, officers belonging to the two departments were specially fitted to fill the administrative and judicial posts. He said only men experienced in military and political matters could fill the frontier posts. As for the Government of India Secretariat he assured that no one who had not been trained in the work of frontier affairs could do the work of the F. and P. Department half as efficiently as had been done by Mr. Bray. He deprecated the attitude of telling soldiers that they did not want them now that peace was again restored. It would be unworthy of the Assembly to deprive a soldier who risked his life during the great war of his bread and give preference to one who was sitting at home passing his examination.

MR. ISHWAR SARAN'S REPLY.

Mr. Ishwar Saran replying to the debate said the issue had been confused. He would pay as high compliments as paid by any other speaker to certain brilliant officers. He only wanted the House to give its verdict as to whether the objectionable principle underlying the present procedure should be upheld. He asked the Home Member to quote a single instance in which case military officers in England were occupying judicial benches. Moreover, the very stoppage of recruitment of military officers to Punjab and Burma commissions showed that Government agreed with the necessity of such a change.

After two and half hours' discussion the House rejected Mr. Ishwar Sanran's resolution by 23 votes to 18.

The Assembly then adjourned till Monday the 27th February.

# RELIGIOUS GRIEVANCE.

## PUNJA FUNCTION

## FORCIBLE DISPERSAL AT DAKOR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DAKOR, Feb. 24.

The Taluka Magistrate aided by the Deputy Superintendent of Police prohibited the religious function of punja of Shree Shankaracharya Bharti Krishna Tirthaji Maharaj and dispersed the assembled worshippers by force.

The whole town is on strike. Great sensation prevails. The citizens seem determined to continue the strike until the insult and grievance are wiped out.

## CABLE CENSORSHIP

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In recent issues you have published more than one reference to the fact that "The Daily Herald" London is the only newspaper whose columns give a truthful and accurate account of the happenings in India from day to day. Your own correspondent, Mr. B. G. Horniman, as well as the London correspondent of the "Hindus," Madras borne repeated testimony to this fact. But the public which is clamouring for effective propaganda in foreign countries little realises the difficulties of a foreign correspondent whose professional activities are at the complete mercy of a perverse censor, who can delay and suppress any cable which is not quite palatable to his political taste. My cables have been so delayed and suppressed and the latest instance is the most amazing. Your readers will recollect how necessary it was to inform the British public that Mahatama Gandhi's Bardoli decision was not a surrender in the sense that he was frightened into an abandonment of his programme by the effectiveness of Government's policy of repression; Mahatama Gandhi abandoned his programme because of the fear of the violence which would be likely to ensue if civil disobedience (non-payment of taxes) was generally copied by those parts of the country which were not yet organised on the Bardoli scale. It is an open secret that Mahatama Gandhi was informed that it was impossible to restrict the programme of non-poyment of taxes to Bardoli. I sent a cable to "The Daily Herald" giving the facts of the situation. That cable was stopped on the ground that it was considered "objectionable" by the Secretary to the Home Department of the Government of Bombay.

Now the question I want to ask is "Has the Government of Bombay instituted a censorship which passes lying reports of an alleged holdup of Royal trains and stops cables which tell the bare truth about the political sisuation? I would further like to ask whether the corresondent of any other London newspaper has ever, during his whole career, suffered suppression at the hands of this censor no matter how grotesque and distorted and lying the news that he has vouchsafed to the British public.

For journalists in India the institution of this curious form of censorship should be a matter requiring their careful attention. A great principle is involved and a straight answer should be obtained from the censor as to the origin and scope of his functions. For journalists in Europe this censorship should be clear proof that either India is considered by our bureaucracy to be in a state of seige, (The Indian "Dora" is still alive), or else the fact must be acknowledged that there is no freedom in India and that our liberties are at the mercy of any ignorent official foolishly trying to shut the light out of the world's Press concerning the Indian situation.

That there is need for strenuous propaganda in Europe no one will deny—not even Mahatma Gandhi. One of your correspondents suggests that Mr. B. G. Horniman should be placed in charge of our Propaganda Bureau in London. Why not? He is incomparably the finest propagandist that Providence ever threw in the hands of a suffering but forgetful and rather absent-minded people.—Yours, etc.

THE INDIAN CORRESPONDENT OF "THE DAILY HERAD".

Bombay, Feb. 22.

An Agra message of February 23rd says.—In connection with the strike of Chinese Seamen at Hongkong which commenced on the 15th January, the Officer-in-charge of the Shipping Department of Messrs Fardine Skinner and Company, Agents, Indo-China Steam Navigation Company Limited, interviewed by a representative of the Associated Press, said there appeared to be no sign of any immediate settlement and that about one hundred vessels were at present laid up in port.

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A Lucknow message of February 24th says.—A wire from Georgetown (British Guiana) says that Dewan Bahadur P. Kesava Pillay and Venkatesh Narain Tivary (of the Servants of India Society) members of Indian Delegation arrived there on the 12th instant after twenty-two days voyages from London. The Indian Association presented welcome address on 15th in town hall when the Governor was present.

* * * *

Berlin.—The death is announced of Herr Reinhard Mannesmann, head of the Mannesmann tube works whose activities in obtaining mining concessions in Morocco in 1910 were one of the causes of the Franco-German trouble which culminated in the Agadir incident.

It is understood that the strength of the Auxiliary Force, on the 31st January last year, was 33,425, representing an increase of 6000 in six months. (A. P.)

## MALABAR RELIEF.

### SUFFERING OF MOPLAH WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir.—It is a welcome feature of the situation in Malabar that in the news that I am getting from my colleagues over there, luckily no stories of further atrocities are reported and as a result of the process of repatriation, large numbers of people who perforce had to part from their homes leaving everything behind them are now returning to their places, with the assistance of Government officials as also of the relief-workers. It seems that Malabar is slipping out of the minds of people at large, but what I am anxious to point out here is that its present urgent needs still call for its friends' continued attention sympathy and help. In this connection I have to bring to the notice of your readers a few salient facts which emerge from the latest news that I have received from Calicut, and which is contained in two important telegrams, copies of which I attach herewith for publication.

2. First: As a result of the process of repatriation, my Committee in Calicut have been able so far to send back to the homes a very large number of refugees who were given shelter in our camps in Calicut and in the mofussil. Thus the original number of refugees which once went up so high as 26,000 and more, has now steadily gone down to 13,200; (that is 4,400 in Calicut and 6,800 in the mofussil centres). The daily expenditure which had mounted up to Rs. 4,000 has now gone down to nearly Rs. 2,500.

3. Secondly: this reduction is much too slow, because if the rate at which it was expected to go on and on which my Committee had based their calculations when I was there in December last had proceeded on its even course, our camps should have been nearly emptied by now; to that extent our calculations have unfortunately proved too sanguine. Before sending back people to their homes, as a special measure of encouragement our Committee have been giving them a three-fold assistance: (a) one week's provisions, (b) monetary help to the extent of Rs. 20 per family; and in addition, (c) all the wages the men and women may have earned during their stay in the camps for the employment supplied to them by us. Even this liberal provision does not seem to have proved sufficient inducement for them to go back to their homes. I cannot attribute it to any sordid desire on their part to live at the expense of public charity. There must be some causes for this phenomenon and a few have been suggested by the Managers of the several Camps: (1) there seems to be a lack of employment in their villages or amsams; (2) there seems to be a much greater lack of facilities such as ploughs, cattle and seed-grain to begin cultivation afresh.

4. Thirdly: The Special Commissioner, Mr. Knapp is divising measures such as seed depots, cheap grain shops, etc., etc., as a substitute for valedictory dole for partially helping the people as described in the accompanying telegrams and is inviting the cooperation of agencies like the Servants of India Society, the Y. M. C. A., to tour in the interior with his officials and examine the possibilities of working them out in facilitating reconstruction. With regard to these my Committee have been advised by me to restrict the application of these useful and necessary measures only to such classes of people as we had decided to take on our charitable list of valedictory dole. These restrictions are more or less prompted by the inadequacy of Funds at our disposal to carry out these measures on an extensive scale, and, secondly, because it is not intended to help with charity money those people who ought to be helped by the Government.

5. My Committee in pursuance of their non-sectarian relief had started a Camp for Moplahs as it had done for other communities and about 200 Moplah women and children were housed in a Camp at Quilanly when they approached the Committee for relief. And even to-day in Kottakkal, we are helping under the supervision of Dr. Warrier 337 destitute Moplahs, women and children, from that area. And I further understand that my Committee have promised to pay Rs. 1,000 towards mat-making by Moplah female refugees. But this was only a fraction of the real Moplah Relief problem which has now begun to face us in all its enormity. Thus, the most outstanding problem now is the relief of destitute Moplah women and children whose number in the whole of the disturbed area to-day seems according to Mr. Knapp wellnigh 35,000. As suggested by the Commissioner this is merely a rough calculation because even for the Moplah Gentlemen's Committee appointed by him it must have been a difficult task to form an accurate estimate of this number, scattered over a wide and destroyed area within a short time. The furnishing of the necessary date with regard to the solution of any particular problem in Malabar, in my opinion, at the present moment must be a matter of considerable time and thought. We have, therefore, to go by the rough figures supplied by the Special Commissioner and think of this vast problems of Moplah Relief. Its cost is bound to be enormous. In my opinion, it could *not be less than* Rs. 3 *lakhs*. In this connection the Special Commissioner in his letter dated the 13th instant writes as follows:—"It seems to me that the Funds required to meet Moplah Relief will be as great if not greater than those which have been hitherto spent on Hindus"; by which he means hitherto spent but not necessarily on Hindus alone

6. In pursuance, moreover, of the policy of valedictory dole desided upon for our work at this stage, I have advised our Committee to get about fifteen small Committees of Moplah gentlemen formed in the interior itself and to entrust the work of giving rlief to the really destitute Moplah men, women ,and children *in their homes*, specially in view of the dicision unanimously arrived at of closing down the Camp Relief by the end of February. I have further advised them that a sum of Rs. 15,000 may be gudgetted at this stage for this purpose out of the small balance.

7. The Government of Madras and their officials have been timely informed of our Committee's decision of closing down the camps by the end of February and have been requested to take charge of the relief of such of the remaining refugees that may still linger on in our camps, even after the end of February, with the help of their men and money. My Committee, however, have been advised to keep up a Camp, if necessary, *for the forcibly converted Hindus* who on justifiable fears would not still like to return to their homes, and another camp for those *sick refugees* in our hospitals, who are yet not completely cured and thus cannot be sent back in a weak condition of health. I have been told to give this advice because I have been assured that "the Government will of course render thereafter any aid that may be called for."

8. Lastly, after completing the work of Repatriation, our Workers will busy themselves while moving in the interior with the distribution of the much needed valedictory dole—*provided*, however, we have *some money left for such work*—to the classes of people already defined such as widows, orphans, and old, infirm, and decrepit men and women, and also landless labourers without any means of livelihood, irrespective of their caste or creed. This is not calculated to be any very large help (even if we had meant it), for an indefinite period.

9. I have further suggested that in the case of others such as carpenters, weavers, potters, Pappad chetties, etc. etc., monitary advances might be given as a temporary help, and it may be renewed on their handing over to our agencies finished articles for which a market may be found in places like Bombay.

10. In conclusion, I have again with redoubled emphasis to repeat my appeal to all my countrymen *for further greater and quicker financial help*, and particularly to my Mahommedan brethren in view of the special work now both necessary and possible of relieving the distress among the Moplah women and children whose condition has been sufficiently described in the subjoined telegrams both by the Special Commissioner as well as my colleagues. We have been able to get so far only about 2½ lakhs; I am, however, sorry to say that barring a few contributions from some of my kind and generous Mahommedan friends in Bombay, Calicut and outside, we have not yet received much help from the Mahommedan commity as a whole. But now that I am making a special appeal to them I have every hope that they will rather respond to it promptly and liberally. Contributions may be sent to the address in Bombay mentioned below. The need for funds is as great as it is urgant, and now that it has really arisen, I am confident that at least those who in certain quarters have been impatiently making anxious enquiries will readily come forth to enable us to carry on our work in this direction. *Prompt payment is double payment.*—I remain, Yours, etc.

G. K. Devadhar,
Joint Hon. Secretary,
(General Organization),
Malabar Relief Fund, Bombay;
and Vice-President Malabar Central Relief Committee, Calicut.
Servants of India Society's Home,
Girgaum, Bombay,
February 19.

## MALBAR RELIEF FUND.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Malabar Relief Fund which was started under the auspices of the Servants of India Society Poona and for which an earnest appeal has been made and subscriptions collected from all parts of India, is intended as is evident from the statement of Mr. G. K. Devadhar, Joint Secretary the senior member in charge of the fund to help all the sufferers irrespective of caste and creed. It was told that Hindus and Musalmans get relief from the fund. But from a printed appeal sent to the "Hamdam" a daily Urdu paper of Lucknow by a Musulman Editor of a paper published in Malabar it appears that the Musulmans are suffering untold miseries and no monetary help is given to them. Besides this a gentleman named Mohomed Abdul Aziz of Cananore has published a heart rendering account of the sufferings endured by the Musalmans in the "Dauri Jadeed," a daily paper of Calcutta wherein it is stated that not even one Musulman gets any relief from the Congress or the Imperial Relief Funds and there is no hope of his getting any sort of help in future. These latest reports contradict the claim of the Managers of the Malabar Relief Fund, that it is open to all. Therefore we invite the attention of the gentlemen in charge of the Funds and also hope that some responsible persons in Southern India will testify as to the truth of this allegation.—Yours, etc.,

HAJI REAZUDDIN AHMAD.
Bhikanpore, (Aligarh),
February, 19.


## GOT INDIGESTION?

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## "CORONER AND JURY."

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir—My esteemed friend, Mr. V. F. Vicajee, would have done more justice to himself as well as to me, and certainly rendered better service to the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd. he represents, if he had profixed his letter in your issue of 21st instant with the usual affix of a lawyer, "Under instructions from my client, the B.E.S. and T. Co., I address you as follows etc.," and subscribed himself as V. F. Vicajee, "Counsel for the Company." That would have apparently explained the extraordinary inconsistency of his position. Mr. Vicajee, the counsel, is essentially a different individual from Mr. Vicajee, a disinterested gentleman in his former capacity, while discharging his duty towards a long standing fat client, he is not bound to maintain the high-sounding principles of justice, equity, fair-play and self-respect, about which he always talks so loudely and so vehemently. As counsel for the company, his duty demanded that he should stand by the Coroner, whether right or wrong, and thus safeguard the interests of his clients; on the other hand, his duty to his profession and a professional brother, and even to himself, required him to do other wise. The sacrifice was too great, and we cannot blame him for making this choice. That only can account for his most extraordinary attitude in Court, when this great champion of liberty and dignity of the profession played the part of a silent spectators, when his professional brother and it I may presume a personal friend was subjected to an absolutely uncalled-for and unjustifiable indignity of even a threat of arrest, when attempting to discharge his professional duties fearlessly and honestly. He has gone a step further, and has given a disagreeable surprise to me as well as to several of our friends by his figuring in the Press perhaps for the first time and making a futile attempt to defend the absolutely indefensible.

If Mr. Vicajee had been a disinterested spectator of the proceedings, or even if he had appeared for a stray client and not for the Tramway Company I am sure he would have given a different and a more fair version. As it is, he himself does not vouch for the absolute accuracy of his statements, and anticipates a contradiction by stating, "I state these facts to the best of my recollection, though there may be a great deal more I may have missed in the turmoil." I think in fairness to me as well as to my client, you will permit me to supplement many important facts that my friend has quite accidentally and insdvertantly "missed in the turmoil:—

After the argument on both sides the Coroner's summing up was entirely one-sided, more a reproduction of address for the Tramway Company than a Judicial summing up and finally the Coroner drew up an inquisition that Tramway Company was not to blame; the car jumped off the rails on account of a stone placed by some unknown person at the point, and the collision was, therefore, an accident. At this stage I objected and requested the court to let the jury consider the verdict independently. Thereupon, the jury to bring it to his point of view when I again protested and appealed and the jury being questioned, I admit that one or two of them said they could not say one way or the other, as they were not present there, when two gentlemen maintained that they did not believe the theory of stone and the accident was due to pointsman's error. At this the Coroner again began to argue with the jury was ultimately persuaded to go out and bring in a verdict. Before they left the interpreter explained to them that the points for consideration were whether the tram car went over the cross-line on account of a stone placed on the point by some unknown person or on accound of the fault of the pointsman.

The jury did leave after some persuasion and returned after about ten minutes' deliberation. My friend Mr. Vicaji himself requested the interpreter to question the first gentleman, i.e., a Marwari as the Foreman and directed that juror to stand up and give his verdict. That juror stood up, and in reply to a question from the interpreter clearly stated that in their opinion the collision was due to the fault of the pointsman and not on account of this stone as alleged by the company, and as a further reason for arriving at that conclusion he stated that the stone would have been crushed and powdered if the wheels had gone over it and not remained in the three clean pieces as the stone appeared in Court. The interpreter questioned the other jurors if they agreed to this verdict, and they all said "Yes." Drawing up the inquisition in accordance with this clear and unanimous verdict of the jury was the plain legal duty of the Coroner under the Act; but instead of adopting that legal course, the Coroner again began to argue with the jurors and tried to maintain the theory of the stone, and explained to them that the stone was not crushed because it was of a particular nature. I first appealed to his sense of justice and fair-play and requested him to record the verdict as given, and when these appeals and requests were unheeded, I admit I lost my temper and loudly protested against the unfair and arbitrary conduct of the Coroner and refused to sit down till my right was granted and justice was done to my client. In spite of all that the Coroner ultimately did not draw up the inquisition in accordance with this unanimous verdict, and to my great surprise my friend Mr Vicaji supported that course alleging at this late stage that the jury's business was simply to find out the cause of the death and not the cause of the collision, to which I retorted that if the verdict had been in favour of the company my learned friend would not have taken up that position; the result was the inquisition drawn up as already reported without referring to the unanimous opinion of the jury.

The above true facts I am prepared to maintain on oath before any man or tribunal.

The tender advice given by my friend to have avoided this unseemly "contretemps", I would have gratefully accepted, if it had come from him as a disinterested friend, and not as an interested counsel. Maintenance of dignity and prestige of Court or even of the bar is to my mind of secondary importance to the strict and impartial administration of justice, and I would rather see Dame Dignity smashed and slaughtered than allow Angel Justice to be so cruelly and mercilessly murdered. Did my friend or any one else expect me to sit silent with folded arms and on bended knees when elementary justice was denied both to the living and the dead, to the helpless widow and the unfortunate victims? I have no doubt that if I had not entered the strong protest and shown a firm determination to see justice done at any cost, the first perverse inquisition as drawn up by the Coroner, entirely exonerating the Tramway Company would have remained on the record, much to the detriment of my client.

The last para. of my friend's letter, preaching a little presumptuous sermon on the question of respect to Court and respect to self is rather amusingly preposterous. "Reformer, reform thyself first" is a maxim he should remember. Besides respect to the Bench does not consist in slavish submission to all the erratic pranks of the Court, and justice is often more effectively extorted by a strong and firm protest than by humble and meek submissions and prayers.

Mr. Vicajee, being conscious of an injury perhaps reluctantly done to a professional brother and apprehending adverse criticism, has wound up his letter by a sort of apology for his attitude, again posing himself as a champion of dignity and respect of the profession; and we may readily and willingly admit his claim, but only with one proviso that he will stand for the profession, only when such an attitude does not clash with his personal or client's interests.—Yours, etc.,

KHURSHED F. NARIMAN.
Bombay, Feb. 23.

After a keen contest the Congress Committees candidates of Chanda scored a signal success in the Municipal elections old candidates having gracefully withdrawn.

## THREATENED N. W. R. STRIKE

### ARREST OF MR. MILLER.

The Secretary of the N. W. Railway Union, Lahore, writes under date February 19:—

Mr. J. B. Miller the founder and chief organiser of the N. W. Ry. Union, was arrested last night at 9-30 p.m., at his banglow, on a charge not yet known, and taken to the Central Jail. He reached his head quarters on the 17th, after touring over the N. W. Ry, on Union business. On being interviewed by Rev. Father Ammaul he said "I hope to come out soon as my cause is just, and expect my men to keep absolutely non-violent and do their duty towards the Union".

The N. W. Railway Union has made two demands viz. the legalization of service award, which are now made as gift and revision of wages and working hours. We want that this matter be settled by an arbitration Board appointed by the Government, representatives of the Employers. the Employees and the public.

We strongly resent the arbitrary measures that may tend to weaken our Union and shall fight with all our strength which we will use only as the last resort by a general strike on the entire line. The responsibility of the strike, if we are forced to declare it, would only rest on the employyers. Our means will always be non-violent.

Our Union is one of the best organised Labour Unions in the whole of India. and the arrest of any of our officers will not in any way impair our strength.

## ALLEGED STONING BY STRIKERS.

### FIRING BY POLICE AT BURDWAN.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 23.

The accounts received from the passengers who arrived at Howrah or rioting at Burdwan by the East Indian Railway strikes show that the strikers of the menial staff at Burdwan had been showing signs of hooliganism in and around the station from the early morning and stoning some of the Indian staff. This culminated at about 11 a.m. in an open attack on Mr. Cambridge, Assistant Engineer who was hit on several parts of the body by a shower of stones. Some Anglo Indians who went to protect Mr. Cambridge were also stoned and when the news reached Mr. Lerwell, the Station Master, he ran to the scene when it is said he was, also, heavily stoned and injured. At the same time an infuriated mob was advancing towards the station and two or three more men of the station staff were injured. Armed police were given order to charge but they were also stoned and ultimately they fired a few blank shots with no result. At last they opened fire in earnest and one rioter was struck on the temple. The rumour that two more strikers had been killed, could not be verified, as all talked of the rumours only. Everything became quiet after the shooting.

According to the version of Brother O'Connor who arrived at Calcutta from Burdwan, a large crowd attempted to force its way into the station and when it was prevented by the Station Master from doing so, it began stoning the station staff. The mob was warned that if it did not disperse quietly force would be employed to protect the railway property against its fury. The crowd paid no heed to the warning and it made such determined rushes to overcome the station staff that order had to be given to armed police to fire in the air. This had no effect, on the other hand, fusillade of brickbats increased in volume and the crowd made a desperate effort to overpower the small force guarding the station. An order was then given to fire at the howling mob. This had the desired effect and it was later ascertained that one person in the crowd was hit in the face by a pellet, another had been wounded in the arm and some others had received slight injuries.

A Bengalee gentleman who travelled by the same train said that he understood that there was a demonstration organised by the strikers in Burdwan and strikers marched down in great force to the station. One bolder than the rest entered the station and created a disturbance. He was arrested by the police. When the crowd outside heared of the arrest it demanded his release and on the Station Master refusing to do so, the mob indulged in stone throwing before declaring its intention to destroy the station building if the man was not set free.

A correspondent wires from Delhi on the 21st instant:—His Majesty the King has directed that the monies in the King Emperors patriotic fund shall be used to build boarding schools for the sons of Indian soldiers and his name be associated with these institutions and they be known as King georges Royal Indian Military schools. It has been decided that a beginning shall be made by building two schools in the Punjab one at Jullunder and the other at Aurangabad Serai.

The Working Committee of the Behar Provincial Khilafat Committee met on the 18th inst., under the Presidentship of Maulana Shah Muhiuddin Saheb of Phulwari Sharif, and it was resolved that in order to maintain discipline and create an atmosphere of truth and non-violence, it was necessary that the decision arrived at by Mahatmaji and the Congress Working Committee should be adopted.

* * * *

The Annual Adhiveshan of the Mahamandal held at Cawnpore in the beginning of this year was a grand success. The Conference had a stimulating effect on the socio-religious movement. The leaders and other members manifested keen interest for the preservation of Varnashram Dharma, which is the life-blood of Hinduism.

## PILGRIM TRAFFICS.

### INADEQUATE RAILWAY FACILITY.

The Hon. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas speaking in the Council of State the other day on his resolution recommending the Governor-General-in-Council that steps be taken immediately to put a stop to the practice of Railways conveying human beings in cattle trucks or goods wagons said:—That the poorest of our countrymen should be treated as human beings and should not be carried as cattle or chattel is a proposition that has merely to be put before the House to get its approval. That they suffer such indignities most of us must have noticed, and I hope the Honourable Members who have seen it will, when they support this resolution, give the advantage of their experience to this Council. This resolution, may for practical purposes be divided into two portions:—(1) the carrying of passengers in trucks in ordinary trains, on ordinary occasions; and (2) doing so on special goods waggons, trains, or trains composed partly of passages reaches and partly of waggons pilgrim days, or on what are known as Mela days. I myself have seen a large wedding party being carried in goods wagons attached to an ordinary train. That experience is not a solitary one and it is borne out by the fact that some of the witnesses before the Railway Committee said practically the same thing.

I now pass on, to the second part of the resolution dealing with what is commonly known as 'pilgrim traffic.' The attention of the Government of India has been drawn to the inconveniences experienced by passengers when they are carried in goods-wagons as pilgrims. So far back as 1916 the Sanitary Commissioner to the Government of India in his letter dated 27th September, 1916, forwarding the reports of the four Pilgrim Committees appointed under the orders of the Government of India by the Governments of Madras, Bihar and Orissa, United Provinces and Bombay, said that 'By far the most important objections and criticisms that the public make regarding railway administration are (1) Pilgrim specials and (2) the use of Goods wagons to carry pilgrims. It may be safely said that if these objections are removed the remainder would be so insignificant as to give rise to no serious agitation. Stress has again been laid on this point by the recent Railway Committee, who say: 'the Government ought to put a stop to this practice.' Now, all the Pilgrim Committees have unanimously condemned this practice, but the Committee in the United Provinces and the Committee in Bihar and Orissa have gone into details and have given full particulars of the objections that are raised to this pilgrim traffic in goods waggons. The first objection raised is that the use of goods wagons from a sanitary point of view is most objectionable as it leads to much more overcrowding than could be possible in ordinary coaching passenger vehicles and that it increases the danger of infection of such diseases as cholera. The Committee found 'not only the carriages were packed' I am quoting the words of the Committee—but after they were fully and tightly packed, a few more passengers were always squeezed in at the last moment'. The Hon. Members of this House can realise what it means to have a "few more passengers squeezed in' after the goods wagons had already been tightly packed with pilgrims. But that is not worst part of it. The worst part of it is that when a passenger is suffering from an infectious disease like cholera—I am sorry to refer to these matters, but the Committee have referred to them—what happens is that the dejecta comes in contact with the clothing of the passengers who happen to be sitting near the patient and they cannot keep themselves or their clothing from contamination.

A second disadvantage in the use of goods wagons for passenger traffic is that they are constructed wholly—I hope I am right—of steel and iron, and are therefore liable to become excessively hot during the day in the hot season and excessively cold at nights during the cold season. A third difficulty which has been pointed out is the want of ventilation. Defective ventilation as we know led to the terrible tragedy in Malabar. That tragedy would not have occurred if action had been taken by the Government of India on the recommendations of the Sanitary Commissioner in 1916.

The fourth objection is, the absence of latrine accommodation.

After referring to these main objections, the committee touch on some minor objections, such as dirtiness, the difficulty of ingress and egress, no lights, jolting, and last—but I believe not the least important—what the committee call the sentimental objections, which they say—I quote the words of the Committee—'may not sound a very serious complaint, but it is a real sentiment, especially amongst the well-educated classes.

The question is as to what system should be followed, for meeting the rush of passengers on pilgrim days and melas. It was suggested to the United Provinces Committee that the Railway Board should purchase a reserve stock of carriages which should be hired out by the Railway Board to the various railways at the time of pilgrim traffic. There may be some difficulty in adopting this suggestion but as a layman, in all humility, I support that proposition. It would not be difficult for the Railway Board to incur this expenditure and then keep carriages or train constructed specially for pilgrims to be hired out for use of whichever Railway that requires it. I believe that the amount that they would receive by way of hire of the carriages will most probably meet the interest on the capital cost. Even if it does not, the Railway Board can represent to both the Houses to agree to this loss being thrown on the general revenue, because it has merely to be recognised that this system of carrying human beings brutalizes not only the passengers who are carried but brutalizes and dehumanises railway officers. If that fact is recognised, I am quite sure the Honourable the Finance Member and the Commerce and Industry Member will not talk of practical difficulties and carry out the proposal that I have laid before this House. The Railway Committee have told us that it is the man who grumbles most that gets most money from the Finance Department. They say, referring to the reductions made in the budgets of various companies by the Railway Board under instructions from the Finance Member "we were told by well-informed witnesses that if a community is more than usually clamourous, if a district is easily accessible to Delhi or even if an Agent is more than usually persuasive, that community, district or Agent tends to get an unfair share at the expense of the others."

### NEED OR URGENT REFORM.

The poor third class passengers do not know how to be clamorous, no person who has access to Delhi or who is persuasive has taken up the cause of these passengers, and as a result, their wants are not attended to. I am quite sure that if this matter had been properly represented at the headquarters we would have been something better than what we have noticed in the last year's administration report of the Railway Board. Referring to this difficulty they merely say that owing to the unfavourable financial position and material difficulties due to the dislocation of the industries and commerce caused by the war, progress in this direction has not been all that could be desired. If, matters had been really enquired into more sympathetially we would have had a better and fuller appreciation of the difficulties of third class passengers than we have got in this small paragraph about the third class passengers in the last administration report. I hope that the Railway Board will not await the clamour for reform becoming very strong before they take acton, for it is always statesmanlike to see things far ahead and to take action before you are forced to do so.


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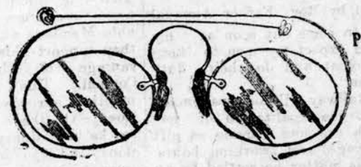
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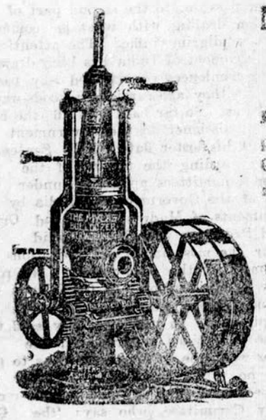
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## INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Exhibition of Indian Arts and Crafts announced by The 1921 Club of Madras is now fixed to run from March 1 to 8. It will be held in the Club Rooms and premises of the Young Men's Indian Association, Armenian Street, Georgetown, Madras. The purpose of the Exhibition is to show what is being done to-day in art and artistic handicrafts, and so to encourage and develope them. The exhibits already offered promise a representative collection of paintings, sculpture, pottery, wood, ivory, metal and lacquer work, and textiles. The Tagore School of Calcutta is sending pictures which will be accompanied, it is hoped, by one of the now world-famous artists. Communications should be addrssed to the Secretary, Art Exhibition, Y.M.I.A. Armenian Street, Madras.

* * * *

The "Indian and Eastern Engineer," Calcutta, understands that negotiations are in progress for sale of Government Ammunition Factory at Dum-Dum. Confirmation of the detail is not available.

* * * *

The hearing of the defamation case instituted by Mr. Kidd, Deputy Commissioner of Police, against the Editor and Printer of the "Servant" having been resumed on Wednesday five witnesses were examined in regard to the search of office of the "Servant" in connection with the case and declaration of the second accused as printer and publisher. Hearing was adjourned to sixth proximo

* * * *

At Wednesday's meeting of the Calcutta Corporation, the Commissioners, in view of East Indian Railway strike, authorised the Chairman to make suitable arrangements to ensure an adequate supply of coal. —(A. P.).

* * * *

A Madras message of February 22nd says information has been received here that H. E. the Viceroy has consented to receive the deputation of the members of the Madras Legislative Council to lay before His Excellency the case of Madras, regarding provincial contribution. The reputation consisting of six members is proceeding to-night to Delhi.—(A. P.).

* * * *

The "Maharashtra" Nagpur criticising Bardoli decision recommends to the All-India Congress Committee at Delhi that portion of Bardoli resolution suspending individual Civil Disobedience be cancelled at once.—(A. P.).

* * * *

"Dr. Indumatibai Naik." A member of the All-India Congress Committee, Poona thus wired to Hakim Ajmal Khan, President All-India Congress Committee, Delhi, thus:—

"Regret" ill-health prevails attendance, strongly hope committee passes Individual Civil Disobedience."

* * * *

The working Committee of the Ghazipur District Khilafat Committee resolved to urge on the Central Khilafat Committee to stick to the Non-cooperation programme until a satisfactory settlement of the Khilafat question was reached, irrespective of the decision of Mahatma Gandhi's or the Congress decision, and requested Maulana Hasrat Mohani to come forward and take the lead of the Indian Musalmans.

* * * *

On Tuesday Khilafat Volunteers paraded Kananj town. At a public meeting presided over by Mr. Bisheshwar Dayal, it was resolved that the meeting considered the Bardoli resolution quite contrary to public sentiments and urged the All-India Congress Committee to cancel it.

* * * *

A meeting of the citizens of Nasirabad Cantonment entered its emphatic protest against the retention of section 216 of the Cantonment Code in any form and requested government that as circumstances were completely changed in the country, this "ugly and unbritish section" which promised to take the grace from the Cantonment Reforms, should be deleted and reforms introduced wholly.

* * * *

The anniversary of the late Mr. G. K. Gokhale was celebrated by the Parel High School of the Gokhale Education Society, on Sunday 19th, when Prof. V. N. Naik M.A., delivered an instructive address to the students, on "Gokhale's and students," when Mr. T. A. Kulkarni was in the chair.

The members of the Currimbhoy Ebrahim Workmen's Institute enjoyed Sunday the 19th instant in a merry excursion to the Andheri Caves.

* * * *

The Gokhale anniversary was celebrated on Sunday under the auspices of the Deccan Sabha when Sir Mahadev Choubal eulogistically enumerated the numerous services services rendered by the late Mr. Gokhale to the country. It was also decided to erect a memorial in the form of a hall and subscriptions amounting to rupees fifteen thousand have been promised.

From a photo of a Bonnie Glaxo Baby
Glaxo lays for Baby a firm foundation of sturdy health
A suitable form of milk is the only food for a baby up to 9 months, and Glaxo is pure cow's milk made safe and suitable for Baby by the Glaxo Process. It contains NO starch, NO flour, NO malt.
Glaxo is a *complete* food for Baby, and is prepared by the addition of *boiling water only*. Your Baby not only gets from Glaxo all he needs to make him healthy, happy and strong, but is safeguarded against the dangers inseparable from your local milk supply.
Glaxo
"Builds Bonnie Babies"
*A Doctor says:* "Glaxo is not only perfect from a scientific and clinical point of view, but it is so easily prepared that even in the hands of the most ignorant and careless person, I firmly believe infants would thrive and avoid the many dangers that there are with infant feeding, particularly in the hot weather."
*(Signed)*.....M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.,
Medical Officer of Health.
PLENTIFUL SUPPLIES OF GLAXO ARE NOW AVAILABLE
Through
Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co.
BOMBAY.

Every wise woman

LOOKS UPON MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP AS HER BEST FRIEND !
Nearly every woman has her "bad days"—days when she is tortured by splitting headaches, when she is irritable and nervous, or bilious and dizzy, when she feels heavy and listless, or so dispirited that only "a good cry" will save her from a breakdown. Whenever you feel like that, be assured that your stomach and liver are out of order. They have lost tone and strength, and are therefore unable to do their work thoroughly and efficiently. Headaches, bilious attacks, constipation, nervousness, languor and low spirits are usually caused by stomach and liver disorders and are banished and prevented by the herbal tonic, Mother Seigel's Syrup. Rid yourself of headaches, biliousness, constipation, flatulence, acidity, and keep yourself fit and well by taking the herbal remedy.
MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP
Also in Tablet form

FORD OWNERS
WHY WORRY YOURSELVES ABOUT YOUR SPARES WHEN WE CAN GIVE YOU
RELIABLE AND TRUSTWORTHY
FORD CAR SPARE PARTS
No order too small or bing to handle. Discount to Traders. Prices on Application.
*WRITE TO*
THE PRAMASHAW MOTOR CAR CO.,
*Telegrams*: "PRAMASHAW" NEW QUEEN'S ROAD, BOMBAY.

# ASOKA SALE IS NOW PROCEEDING

## Special Clearing Lines—at Head Stores only—Special Clearing Lines

**Serviceable Black and Navy Serge** for Suits and Long Coats all wool 54 inches wide, Clearing price Rs. **3-8** per yard.

**Gents. Wool Vests.** Double Breast, sizes **34" × 38"**. Very Dhrable Quality. clearing Price Rs. **3-8** each.

**Childrens' Cot Blankets**. All wool with coloured border. Size 36" × 54". Clearing price Rs. **3-2** each.

**White Khadi Caps.** Strong Quality. Clearing price **0-2** each.

**Brown Teapots "Gwalior make"** 2.3.4 & 6 cup size. Clearing prices Rs. **0-12 0-14 1-0 1-6** each.

**Fine Texture Zephyr Shirting**. White grounds with mat woven purple, brown, blue and Black mat Stripes. Clearing prices Rs. **0-12** per yard.

**Strong Printed Bedspreads.** white grounds with various floral and conventional effects size **72** by **108** inches clearing price Rs, **6-4-0** each.

**Fine Quality "Ramkrishna" Dhoties.** All 11 yard size to be cleared at 10 yard rate, less 10% Discounts.

**Gents Cotton Socks**. Plain and Rib, in Black and various shades all sizes. Clearing price Rs. **6-0-0** per dozen.

**Tussore Suiting** for smart Office Suit in various light shadings. Clearing price Rs. **0-9-0** per yard.

**Cawnpore "Lohies"** all wool, in shades of Green, Brown, Red, Purple, etc. Size 3 yards by 64 inches clearing price Rs. **6-8-0** each.

**Brown and Black Boot Polish and Paste** Clearing price Rs. **0-4-0** per bottle or tin.

**White Khadi for Coa's.** Heavy weight–Clearing pri e **0-4** per yard.

**Servants Grey Cawnpore Sweaters.** All wool slightly Damaged. Clearing price Rs. **2-8-0** each.

**Gent's Art Silk Handkerchief Ties.** In Grey and various dark shades, with mat woven designs. Clearing price Rs. **1-0-0** each.

**Gwalior Water Jugs**. With painted designs, and all White Hot-**Water Jugs** various sizes Clearing prices Rs. **1-6-0** and **1-12-0** each.

**Blue and Helio Striped Cotton Twill**. Suitable for summer Sleeping Suits, 32 inches wide. Clearing price Rs. **0-10-0** per yard.

**Plain coloured and Printed Art Silk Wadded Bed Quilts**. Single and Double Bed size **37-8-0** to **65-0-0** to be cleared at half price.

**Ladies Printed Patals**. Fine Texture, in various clearing effects, 5 and 9 yards. Clearing prizes Rs. **5-8-0** and **10-0-0** each.

**Serviceable WHITE TWILL SHIRTS.** With band or collars, all sizes, Clearing price Rs. **1-14-0** each.

**Durable Printed Crittone**. For chair covers and curtains in floral, bird, and conventional designs. Clearing price Rs. **1-4-0** per yard.

**Strong White Pillow Cases**. Full size Buttoned, 'House-wife' and H. S. Clearing prices Rs. **0-13-0 & 1-0-0** each.

**Amritsar Wool Rugs**. Grey and White check only slightly damaged, 72 by 90. Clearing price Rs. **2-8-0** each.

**White "PIPPO" and "HATTO"** (for clearing shoes and Topus). Very good makes. Clearing prices Rs. **0-1-0** and **0-2-0** each.

**Ladies, Gents, and Childrens Lather and Canvas Boots and Shoes to be cleared at Half Price.**

# The Asoka Swadeshi Stores, Limited,

**General Drapers & Gents Outfitters.**


# COMMERCIAL.

## CABLE QUOTATIONS.

### COTTON.

### LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

Liverpool, Feb. 20th

| | | Bales |
|---|---|---|
| Total Day's Sales at Liverpool | | 20,000 |
| " " Sales on Spec. & for Exp. | | — |
| " " Sales of East Indian | | 500 |
| " " Imports | | — |
| EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES:— | | |
| Mid. Americans Spot. Quieter | | 10 83 |
| Egyptian F. G. F. Spot Sakels | | 18 28 |
| New York 11 a.m. | March | 18 27 |
| (As known in Liverpool at closing time.) | May | 18 04 |
| | July | 17 51 |
| New Orleans 10 a.m. | March | 17 04 |
| | July | 16 95 |

### OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Feb. 2 st.

| Months. | To-day's Price. |
|---|---|
| Jan. | — |
| Feb. | 10 34 |
| Mar. | — |
| April | 10 36 |
| May | — |
| June | 10 32 |
| July | — |
| Aug. | — |
| Sept. | — |
| Oct. | — |
| Nov. | — |
| Dec. | — |

### CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Feb. 20th.

| Months. | To-day's price |
|---|---|
| February | 10 18 |
| March | 10 22 |
| April | 10 21 |
| May | 10 23 |
| June | 10 20 |
| July | 10 20 |
| August | 10 11 |
| September | 9 94 |
| Oct. | 9 86 |
| November | 9 80 |
| December | 9 76 |
| January | 9 69 |

Tone :—Barely Steady.

### EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 20th.

| Months. | To-day's price |
|---|---|
| February | 17 10 |
| March | 17 25 |
| April | 17 40 |
| May | 17 60 |
| June | 17 70 |
| July | 17 80 |
| Aug. | 17 95 |
| Sept. | 18 10 |
| Oct. | 18 25 |
| Nov. | 18 35 |

### ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Feb 20th.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| M. G. Bengal, Good | | 6 50 |
| " " Fully Good | | 7 00 |
| " " Fine | | 7 50 |
| " No. 1 Oomra, Good | | 7 95 |
| " " " Fully Good | | 8 45 |
| " " " Fine | | 8 95 |
| " Broach, Good | | 8 60 |
| " " Fully Good | | 9 10 |
| " " Fine | | 9 60 |
| " Scinde, Good | | 6 40 |
| " " Fully Good | | 6 90 |
| " " Fine | | 7 40 |

Nominal.

## BOMBAY MARKETS.

### PIECE-GOODS.

There has not been any substantial improvement in the cloth market during the past week but the retail demand has been somewhat better and some sales have resulted, much to the relief of the merchants, who were anxious to dispose off their stocks even at sacrifices. The absence of wholesale demand has been keenly felt and hopes are now centred for a better inquiry on the mill and Hamjan occasions and also the marriage season. Rupee rates of some well-known cloths have touched the bottom, having declined a good deal. The replacing cost is found to be higher and the merchants are therefore chary to make further reductions. But the buyers are not giving much support, as they believe in a lower level of values in the near future. The trade has been disorganised by the disturbed conditions prevailing in the upcountry districts, and the consumption of foreign goods has suffered a good deal. The retention of the Swadeshi propaganda in the future programme will continue to hamper trade, as preference will be given to Swadeshi goods over foreign cloths.

In Grey shirtings and Drills the position has not shewn any change. In Jaconets, prices continue to favour buyers, but in spite of the low level transactions of importance have been scarce. In White Goods generally there has been good retail demand and scattered sales have resulted. 58 inches by 28 yards Red End Mulls have declined further by four annas per piece, and it is expected that the price will soon touch Rs. 9 per piece. Nainsooks have not attracted much attention. White shirtings have shewn a further reduction.

Some of the Importing Firms are said to be in a fix as to what course they should now adopt with regard to the goods held on account of the merchants. They are hesitating to take legal steps lest the delay or their part, in selling the goods by auction some months ago, might go against them, the market price time. Unless the merchant has given a to-day being very much lower than at that written request to hold over the goods, the firm will be responsible for the delay and the consequent further loss owing to the fluctuations in the market, in spite of the resolutions passed by the Bombay Native Piecegoods Merchants' Association, as these were binding on the members and not the Importing firms

The Manchester Market has been quiet, and the tendency all round seems to be for lower rates. The consumption of cotton has diminished a good deal in Lancashire and it is said on good authority that there will be an increased acreage next season in the United States. The bleaching charges have shewn a reduction of about five per cent. and there is expectation of a reduction in wages after a month's notice from 24th March. Makers are in want of work to keep their looms going and will have to accept lower rates to hook business.

There has been some discussion in Lancashire regarding the effect of the Indian Import duty on the Lancashire cotton trade. The Cotton Trade Propaganda Committee have decided to make representations to the Government and the speakers at different meetings have emphasised the alarming outlook. The views of the Indian piece-goods trade on this matter have been ably set forth by Mr. Motilal Kanji, representing the Association, and by Sir Vithaldas Thackersey in their evidence before the Fiscal Commission now being held in this city.

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under :—

| | Ins. | Yds. | Rs. | as. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **GREY SHIRTINGS—** | | | | | |
| Balli's Fari No. 2000 | 39 × 37 1/2 | | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| " 10,000 | 45 × " | | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| " No. 32000 | 48 × " | | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| " " 2800 | 37 × " | | 13 | 8 | 0 |
| Graham's No. 2730 | 39 × " | | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| " Yellow Horse | 43 × 39 | | | — | |
| " No. 2310 | 44 × 38½ | | | — | |
| Dewhurst's BBB | 38 × 38½ | | 22 | 0 | 0 |
| " BB | 36 × 38 1/2 | | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| " Rupee No. 5 | 38 × 35½ | | | — | |
| Bates' No. 12838 | 41 × 37½/3 | | | — | |
| Bombay Co.'s No. 3580 | 44 × 38 | | | — | |
| " No. 1500 | 39 × 37½/38 | | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| " No. 5600 | 38 × 37½/38 | | | — | |
| Ritchie's No. 510 | 39 × 37½/38 | | | — | |
| " " 4462 | 41 × | | | — | |
| " " 1566 | 33 × 37/37½ | | | — | |
| Forbes " 651 | 38 × 37½/38 | | | — | |
| Lyon's Shanker | 39 × " | | | — | |
| **GREY DRILLS—** | | | | | |
| Pepperell's Dragon | 39 × 40 | Net | 21 | 6 | 0 |
| Balli's Musjid No. 425 | 39 × 40 | " | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Mitsui's Elephant " | 39 × 40 | " | 19 | 8 | 0 |
| **GREY JACONETS—** | | | | | |
| Balli's No. 18 | 45 × 22 | " | 8 | 7 | 0 |
| " " 15 | 40 × 22 | " | 7 | 7 | 0 |
| " " 138 | 40 × 22 | " | 7 | 4 | 0 |
| " " 656 | 44 × 22 | " | | — | |
| **WHITE SHIRTINGS—** | | | | | |
| Liepman's No 1502 | 32 × 42 | " | 27 | 0 | 0 |
| H.B T.C. 40000 | 36 × 40 | " | 30 | 0 | 0 |
| Balli's No. 9839 | 33 × 40 | " | 22 | 0 | 0 |
| Forbes' S B. 100 | 33 × 40 | " | 22 | 0 | 0 |
| " 151 | 33 × 40 | " | | — | |
| **WHITE MULLS—** | | | | | |
| Balli's No. 6 | 41 × 19 | " | | — | |
| " No. 60 | 46 × 19 | " | | — | |
| " No 600 | 51 × 19 | " | 12 | 8 | 0 |
| " No. 6000 | 50 × 19 | " | | — | |
| " No. 88 | 58 × 20 | " | 9 | 4 | 0 |
| " No. 1270 | 27 × 16 | " | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| " No. 818 | 29 × 20 | " | 5 | 6 | 0 |
| " No. 1440 | 36 × 20 | " | 8 | 12 | 0 |
| " No. 5352 | 42 × 20 | " | | — | |
| " No. 2755 | 42 × 20 | " | | — | |
| " No. 1703 | 52 × 20 | Net | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| Ritchie's No. 1260 | 27 × 16 | " | 4 | 8 | 0 |
| " No. 119 | 37 × 16 | " | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| " No. 229 | 42 × 18 | " | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| " No. 33 | 47 × 18 | " | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| " 1K/4R 38" 43", 45", | 52" × 18 | " | 6 | 8 | 0 |
| " No. 95 | 58 × 20 | " | 9 | 4 | 0 |
| " " 66999 | 40 × 16 | " | 6 | 8 | 0 |
| " " 86099 | " " | " | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| " No. 775 | 40 × 16 | " | | — | |
| " No. 875 | 45 × 18 | " | | — | |
| " No. 975 | 50 × 18 | " | | — | |
| " No. 615 | " " | " | 8 | 6 | 0 |
| Graham's "Baloon" | 58 × 20 | " | 9 | 4 | 0 |
| " No. 142 | 34 × 16 | " | | — | |
| " No. 850 | 36 × 18 | " | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Greaves No. 12403 | 27 × 16 | " | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| **WHITE NAINSOOKS—** | | | | | |
| Balli's No. 7070/9090 | 27 × 18 | | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| " Nos. 61/8 | " " | " | 6 | 12 | 6 |
| " No. 1900 | " " | " | 4 | 5 | 0 |
| " No. 30629 T.B. | 28 × 22 | " | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Graham's Nos. 83/8288 | 28 × 18 | | 5 | 8 | 0 |
| " 95950/97970 | | | | — | |
| " Saraswati | 36 × 18 | " | 9 | 12 | 0 |
| " "Tipoo W/WWW | 34 × 18 | " | 5 | 6 | 0 |
| " No. 50000 | " | " | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| " Nos. 33340/33850/33360 | " | " | 6 | 8 | 0 |
| Lyon's Nos. 4545/5656/6767 | 25 × 18 | " | 4 | 8 | 0 |
| Greaves' Nos. 80000/50000 | " | " | | — | |
| " No. 8000 T.B | 33 × 22 | " | 7 | 6 | 0 |
| Ritchie's Nos. 3500/4510/5520 | 25 × 18 | " | 4 | 8 | 0 |
| S. W. & Co's Nos. 5800/5820 "Motor Car" | " | " | | — | |
| Bombay Co's ZZ/ZZZZ | " | " | 6 | 8 | 0 |

The above quotations are on bazaar terms, with discount of 3½ per cent. on Grey Goods and 4 per cent. on White Goods.

## MONEY AND SHARE MARKETS.

Feb. 24.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 28-2-0.
Bars Gold forward 27-13-0.
Bars Gold 1st Settlement 27-11-0.
Bars Silver ready 91-12-0.
Bars Silver 1st settlement 88-2-0.
Bars Silver 2nd settlement 87-8-0.

### EXCHANGE.

B. C. Rates Bank's selling T T 1/3 5/16.
B. C. Rates Bank's selling D D 1/3 11/32.
On London Bank's selling T T 1/3 3/8.
On London Bank's selling D D 1/3 13/32.
On London Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/3 23/32.
On London Bank's buying T T 1/3 7/16.
On London Bank's buying D D 1/3 15/32.
Tone of Exchange. Quiet market.
On Paris Bank's selling D D Frcs. 307.
On Paris Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 327.
On Japan Bank's selling T T Rs. 167.
On Paris Bank's buying D D 317.
On Japan Bank's buying 60 D/st D P 162.
On Singapore Bank's selling D D 181¼.
On New York Bank's selling D D 356.
On Hongpong Bank's selling D D 191.
London Gold read yper oz. sh. 93/10.
London Silver ready per oz. d. 33/2.
London Silver forward oz. d. 32/14.
Tone of Silver. Quiet and weak. India and China sold.

### CROSS RATES ON LONDON TO THE POUND STERLING.

American Exchange dollars 4.41.
French Exchange Frcs. 48.50.
Swiess Exchange 22.40
Belgium Exchange 51.00.
Italian Exchange 88.00.
German Exchange Mrks. 967.

### GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper Rs. 56/8.
5 per cent War Loan 83.
4 per cent Terminable Loan 96.
4 per cent Conversion Loan 75.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922 99/12.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928 100.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1926 100.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1931 100.
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 103.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 66.
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930 95.
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 66.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929-49 95.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 66.

### FINANCE.

Money is very tight as the demand is brisk both from Rangoon and upcountry. The Imand the Bank rate is unchaned at 8 per cent. perial Bank Balance is down by Rs. 49 lakhs, There has been good borrowing by the market and the Imperial Bank has very ably helped trade. In some quarters it is believed that should present conditions continue, before long the Bank rate will be up to 9 per cent.

Government of India Treasury Bills are popular and on this basis of interest. the general public and small investors are taking good advantage of it. It would be worth while for the Government to issue Treasury Bills even at the other important trade centres where the Imperial Bank has branches. The small investors ought to be encouraged and those that are shy to buy long-termed loans, would, we think, buy freely Treasury Bills.

Exchange was a weak market and at the close, the market was completely demoralised. There were no reliable rates available. Banks were quoting 1/3½ for ready T. T. but were very reluctant to operate either way. Exchange settlements for Bullion imports were not large, but the sundry bazaar who had buyers. It is estimated that the bazaar is sales due end of February were the principal overbought for forward positions. There are no reliable rates for forwarti deliveries and the Banks who needed cover, had to sell ready During the course of the day on Thursday, and buy forward T. T. at 1/16d. against them. the rates for forward were at a discount of about 3/32d.

Export bills are still scarce and even in Calcutta and Rangoon, the rates are more or less nominal.

Gold was steady to firm owing to good upcountry demand. The stock is estimated at about one lakh tolas, and the off-take is about 20,000 tolas a day. The total import of gold bullion amounted to Rs. 12,94,923 and coins to Rs. 4,05,435 and 4 boxes value not declared.

Silver was firm for ready and weak for March and April deliveries. Ready is in big demand as the belief is general that duty would be imposed in the Budget on the 1st of March. The total import of silver coins amounted to Rs. 12,50,412 and 1,894 bars. The stock is estimated at about 2500 bars, and the off-take on an average of about 250 bars a day.

The American Exchange on London improved from dollars 4.35 to 4.41½.

The Shanghai/London rate is 3/2½d. per tael and the Hongkong/London rate is 2/5 per dollar..

### SHARES.

The market opened weak, but soon recovered on profit-taking and bulls buying. The bull "coterie" were the principal buyers for March delievery and it looks as if they may push up rates still further, so that they may have to pay out small loss this month. Their commitments are increasinw and it is common knowledbe that they follow these tactics everytime at the end of the month. Swadeshis, Naypurs, Kohinoors, Pearls, Davids and and Shapurjis seem to be the hot favourites of the bulls. The general feeling in the bazaar is for a fall, as the cloth market is going from bad to worse, and the financial situation is bad.

As in other markets, the bona-fide operators are awaiting to see the budget and the taxation which is inevitable.

In shares for ready delivery, there is a decline in almost all scrips. The miscellaneous section is dull and uninteresting with hardly anything to report. Trams are steady at Rs. 110 and Tata Steels Deferreds have improved to Rs. 235. Bank shares are steady and it seems we have seen the worst in this section.

The following are the closing rates of the 23rd February: 22.

### BANKS.

Imperial 1290, Imperial Contributory 355, India 121 xd., Central 34, Tata Bank 17/12.

### COTTON MILLS.

Ahd. Advance 2700, By. Cotton 1100, By. Dyeing 1600, Century 905, Cent. India 4405, Colaba Land 2470, Crescent 560, Currimbhoy 1557/8, David 1472/8, Ed. Sassoon 605, E. D. Sassoon 5/2, Elphinstone 150, Fazulbhoy 1425, Finlay 1225 xd., Gokak 230, Ind; Bleaching 225, Ind. Malwa 572/8, Jamshed Mfg 515, Kasturchand 1080, Khatao 635, Kohinoor 3050, Luxmi Cotton 4540, Madhavrao Scindia 575, Madhowji 510, Madhuradas 925 N, M. Petit 4850, Meyer Sassoon 375, Morarji 6600, New Great 860, New City 760 Pabani 895. Pearls 1125, Phoenix 1020, Premier 200, Planet 280, Shaanji 353/12, Sholarur 16000, Simplex 790, Standard 2400 N, Swan 1175 xd., Swadeshi 4770, Tata Mill 1210, Vishnu Cotton 2040.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

Andhra Valley 670, Alcock 605, By. Burma 510 By. Burma N. I. 142/8, pr, Bt. Burma Petrol 10, By. Tramway 110, By. Flour 1600, By. Steam 235, Bundi Cement 40/8, Ind. Cement 295, Katni Ord 237/8 xd., Katni Defd 1200 xd., New India Ins. 17, Shivrajpur 33, Tata Ord 65, Tata Defd 230, Tata New Ord 57/8 Tata New Defd 190, Tata Oil 60, Tata Hydro 260, Scindia Steam 7.

## HOME MARKETS

During the week under review the House markets have been fluctuating but on the whole have displayed—a continuation of upward tendency, and the last quotations to hand register a moderate advance both in Liverpool and New York as compared with a week ago. Reports from Lancashire seem more hopeful and unless checked by unfavourable outside influences it looks as though the advance may go further.

Our local market has been up to now more ready to respond to bearish than to bullish influences, and has rather hesitatingly followed the advance in the Home markets.

The following were the changes in the Home Markets as compared with last week:—

Liverpool March 9.94—10.24 plus 30.
Liverpool May 9.94—10.27 plus 33.
Newyork March 17.93—18.23 plus 30.
Newyork May 17.68—17.91 plus 23.

### LOCAL MARKET

Fully good m.g. Broach April-May opened on the 16th inst. at Rs. 420 and after touching Rs. 424½ on the same day eased to Rs. 418½ next day. The prices then improved to Rs. 441½ on 21st inst. in accordance with continued higher advices reported from. Home markets. It closed at Rs. 427 easier on 22nd inst. Fine m.g. Oomra March opened on the 16th inst. at Rs. 345 and going up till Rs. 359 same day, declined till Rs. 336 on the 17th inst. The market again advanced till Rs. 369 on the 21st and closed at Rs. 357 on 22nd inst. While Oomra May opened at Rs. 358½ on 16th inst. and advancing to Rs. 363 same day dropped to Rs. 348 on 17th inst. Again went up till Rs. 382 on 21st inst. closing at Rs. 369 easier on 22nd instant.

### COLOUR-MARKET.

Feb. 24.

Business is generally quiet. Limited business was only in Alizarine 20 per cent., Congo-Red and Magenta Crystals. The bazaar appears gloomy in absence of healthy demand. Big stockists find very difficult to unload their burden. Alizarine 20 per cent. had poor sale though the prices were steady. Magenta-Crystals, Z. changed hands at Rs. 12-8-0 per lb. Bolt had some business at Rs. 9-10 per lb. Benzo-Purpurine and Delta Purpurine, were ruling easy and very small business is to be reported in Benzo at Rs. 3 per lb.; while Delta had no business. Madrasi Fast Red was quoted at Rs. 7-8 per lb., some business passed. Victoria Blue had some inquiries and it was quoted at Rs. 8 per lb. Metanil Yellow remained steady and no business. Malachite Green changed hands at Rs. 8-9 per lb. Methyl-Violet was nervous and it was quoted at Rs 6-7 per lb. Sulpher Black had some business at Rs. 1-8-0 per lb. The market on the whole is very nervous and the merchants are passing their time in hope of improvement, which is not possible in near future.

### MILL-STORES

Feb. 23.

The market continued very dull. Offers from manufacturers are getting easy every mail. Stock-holders get nervous, and apprehend a crisis in the market. The tone is quite uncertain. Demand is comparatively poor. The lots are arriving in the market, especially of Healds, and Oldham Cotton Bandings. Healds are quoted at Rs. 2 13-0 and Reeds at Rs. 0-5-3. Roller cloth and sizing flannels are very silent. Fillets are now quoted at Rs. 1-2-0;

The quotations are as under :—

Healds Rs. 2-13-0.
Reeds Rs. 0-5-3.
Pickers No. 4 Rs. 75.
Picking Bands—Rs. 2-7-6;
Roller Cloth—K—bs. 10-8-0
Bandings Rs. 1-4-0;
Rope Lambeth P 2 0...
Fillets (Cyl. and D...) bs. 2-...
Bow Springs Rs. 20-0-0.
Sizing Flannels—Rs. 5-8-0 (Twill)
Roller Skins (Country) Rs. 22-0-0
Slubbings (Jap.) Rs 37-0-0.

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The Doctor is essential for your Health. The Lawyer is essential for your person and property, The Merchant is essential for your necessities in Life, Some Profession is essential for acquiring wealth and Above all a policy with us* is essential for you and your family.

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| Browney Blue or Read Pencil | 2 | 4 0 | Dozen. |
| Transparent Adhesive Tafes (Ready gummed) | 2 | 0 0 | Dozen. |
| Window covers. Large Window | 14 | 0 0 | per 1000 |
| Regent Lever Files. Index as Foolscap | 3 | 0 0 | each. |
| Envelope openers | 1 | 4 0 | " |
| Bank of England Sealing wax | 4 | 0 0 | Box. |
| Desk Hand Blotters | 1 | 4 0 | each. |
| Venus Drawing Pencils | 3 | 0 0 | Dozen. |
| Rubber Stamps (if contract) | 0 | 12 0 | Line. |
| Die embossing (if contract) | 3 | 0 0 | per 1000 |
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| Blackbird | 2 | 14 | all Hollow ground | | |
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| " Safety | 6 | 12 | Crown & Sword | 3 | 12 |
| Waterman | 6 | 12 | Rodgers | 2 | 8 |
| " Safety | 9 | 8 | Lion Strop | 1 | 0 |
| Safety with Bands | 12 | 0 | Cushion Strop | 1 | 8 |
| Alexandra | 2 | 4 | American Safety | 1 | 0 |
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| Waverly | 7 | 8 | Nickel Case | 5 | 0 |
| Self-fillings | 8 | 8 | Flasks (German) | | |
| Conklin | 6 | 12 | "Aero" Pint | 4 | 0 |
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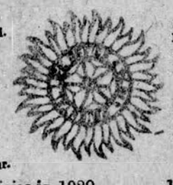

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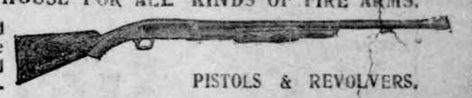

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Of 24 years fame all over the world.

THE OUDH TIMES DAILY PAPER, LUCKNOW.

Wednesday November, 8, 1899, Page 3.

A marvellous cure for Asthma has been discovered, and is being practised by a gentleman at Benares with great success. He treats Asthma patients coming to him GRATIS and has permanently cured many painful cases. Those who are aware of the distressing effects of this fearful disease will hail the discovery of this curative treatment with gratification.

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## THE WEATHER.

### METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay, Feb. 23rd

Means of observations taken at 0 a.m. 10 a.m., 5 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr. in | | 29.911 |
| Temperature of Air | degrees. | 77.8 |
| Wet Bulb Thermometer | " | 69.6 |
| Dew Point | " | 63.5 |
| Relative Humidity of Air | " | 0.669 |
| Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—1.0) | " | 0.0 |
| Maximum temperature of Air | " | 86.1 |
| Minimum do do | " | 69.7 |
| General direction of Wind (from midnight to midnight) | | N, NE, NW, NNW. |
| Movement of Wind do | miles | 130 |

### SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY

High Water.

| Day of Week. | Day of Month | Bombay Mean Time. | Depth on Still |
|---|---|---|---|
| Thu. — | 2nd Mar. — | h. m. m 1 5 1 29a | ft. in. 27 10 26 9 |

Low Water.

| Day of Week | Day of Month | Bombay Mean Time. | Depth on Still |
|---|---|---|---|
| Thu. — | 2nd Mar. — | h. m. m 7 11 7 10a | ft. in. 16 9 17 8 |

### CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 22.

The market ruled dull with business generally on small scale. Dunber cotton opened weaw but gradually recovered some points on bears covering. Keshorams fluctuated very little, Agra United shewing no change. Jute section revealed little activity with prices if anything inclining downwards. In coal section Bengals and Kalapahari have maintained their rates while Burrakurs gave way to some extent, dealings in this section being very limited. In miscellaneous and industrials continued small demand for Hume pipes and Indian Tanneris met with hardly any response and other transactions similarly were of small importance with small enquiry for Central Province Cements and Marshalls noticeable. Stock Exchange will be closed on Friday, 24th instant on account of Hindu festival "Shivaratri." Following were closing quotations:—

Cotton:—Agra United 7-10, Dunbar 454, Keshoram 14-10, New Victoria 11-6.

Jute:—Budge Budge 283 and (pref.) 100, Dalhousie 200 s. l., Gourepore 402-8, Howrah 23-12 s. l., Kanknarrah 271-8, Lansdowne 135 s. l., Lawrence 278 s. l., New Central 332 and (pref.) 100, Nuddea 40, Naihaty 200 s. l., Orient 76, Clive 17-14.

Coal:—Auckland 3-12, Bansjorah 28-12, Bengal 834-8, Bogra 3-4, Burrakur 42, Gopalichuk 13-8, Jainty Central 12-4, Kalapahary 32, Talcher 7-2.

Miscellaneous:—Borooah Timber 102, Hume Pipe 4-6, Kumardhubi Engineering 10-4, Marshall and Sons 7-6, Thornycroft 4 s. l., Central Provinces Cement 7-6, Titaghur Paper Mills 11-8, British India Corporation (Ord.) 9 and (deferred) 12-10, Indian Tanneries 1-3, Rajshahi Tannery 4, Gourepore Jute debentures 79, Ryam Sugar debentures 98, Imperial Bank fully paid 1285 and country 350, Hosiarpur Doab Railway 67, Sara Serajgunge Railway 60-8, Jaybirpara Tea 15-4, Tukvar Tea 205 s. l.

Government paper 3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 55-14. War Bonds 1926 at 100, 1930 at 99-14.

Exchange:—Bank Telegraphic transfer one shilling three and thirteen thirty-two pence and demand bills one shilling three and seven sixteenth pence.

### READY MARKET

During the week under review our market for ready cotton remained steady in consequence [illegible] advices reported from Home Markets. There was a fairly good demand from Japan exporters for high class Bengals, Berars, and Khandesh cotton on the party of March contracts. Local spinners also bought some Berar and Khandesh Cotton. About Rs. 35,000 are reported to have been sold during the week.


[illegible]AI SAHEB UP DASS'S SECRETS OF HAPPY LIFE -FREE-

APPLY TO THE:— SWASTHYA SAHAYA PHARMACY

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You CAN BE A BOND-HOLDER, NOMATTER Wether Your Monthly income is Rs. 30 or 3000.

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Will drill a hole in metal or wood in ON[illegible] FIFTH of the Time required by hand.

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Furnished with 15 feet of Wire Cord suitable for at[illegible]ching to any Electric Lamp Socket.

You hold these drills in the natural way with your forefinger on the trigger and have perfect control at all time without changing the position of either hand. This patented control saves drill bits and has made the tool a general favourite. The spindle on B. & D. drills is offset for close corner drilling

Th[illegible]motors are built specially for these[illegible] drills[illegible]y the General Electric Company and[illegible]perate on any current from direct to 60[illegible]cle alternating. They are cooled by forced circulation of air and will not overheat under the most severe conditions of [illegible]ration. Sprrd varies automatically according to the size of the drill bit.

CAPACITY 0 TO 3/8 INCH.

This is the standard size drill for general garage repair work. A popular model.

| | |
|---|---|
| Drilling Capacity in Steel | 0 to ⅜" |
| Capacity in hardwood | 0 to 9/16 inch. |
| Dimensions | 4½" x 12½" |
| Net Weight | 13½ lbs. |
| Full Load: | |
| Approximate Energy Consumption | 250 |
| Speed in R. P. M. | 375 |

Furnished with Interchangeable Spade Handle and Breast Plate,* No. 7F Almond Chuck to take straight drills 0 to 3/8", 15ft. Duplex electric cable and separable attachment plug. Runs on both D. C. and A. C.

Rs. 390-0.

CAPACITY 0 TO ½ INCH.

This model is especially suitable for chassis work—converting passenger cars into trucks, etc.

| | |
|---|---|
| Drilling Capacity in Steel | 0 to ½" |
| Capacity in hardwood | 0 to ½ inch. |
| Dimensions | 8½" x 17½" |
| Net Weight | 21½ lbs |
| Full Load: | |
| Approximate Energy Consumption | 400 |
| Speed in R. P. M. | 400 |

Furnished with Interchangeable Spade Handle and Breast Plate, No. 1 Cushman Chuck to take straight shank drills 0 to ½". 15 ft. Duplex electric cable and separable attachment plug. Runs on both D.C. and A. C.

Rs. 450-0.

NOTE:—Can be operated on Alternating or Direct Current 220 Volts.

A number of distinct improvements over contemporary drill design have been incorporated in these B. & D. Portable Electric Drills. Of these probably the most radical is the "Pistol Grip and Trigger Switch," enabling the operator to turn the current on or off without removing either hand. When the bit breaks through, the operator instinctively tightens his grip—and the drill stops. Nothing simpler and safer. The Motor is very powerful, being capable of developing ½ H. P.

## THE ADVANCE MOTOR Co.,

"THE HOUSE FOR ACCESSORIES."

CROWN[illegible]

Teleg. "[illegible]



## PURE FOOD LAWS.

In the matter of Laws to protect her people from the Danger of impure food and drink, India is about 100 years behind the time.

In every other dominion of the great British commonwealth, the people are protected against impure food and impure drink.

## Amber Tips Tea

is an absolutely pure product from India's finest gardens.

It is free from all injurious properties and will not harm the most delicate constitution.

It is a safe and healthy drink for the children, and for the tired and brain fagged business man, there is no drink which will stimulate his mental energies and increase his capacity for work more than a cup of

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Sold by all the retail dealers of Bombay at the following prices:

ORANGE PEKOE BLEND.

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PEKOE BLEND.

Rs. 1-4,

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The above prize is offered for the solution of the phrase "Outer and Inner Seal" appearing on every tin.

Send a postcard for particulars.

## Amber Tips Tea Company,

AMBER TIPS BUILDINGS,

BYCULLA, BOMBAY.



OTTO-DE-ROSE NO A[illegible].

An Ideal Perfume for handkerchief. Scientifically made at our Laboratory. Absolutely pure and free from Spirit. Possesses charming odour of freshly cut Red Rose Flowers. [illegible] by Rajas Mah[illegible]


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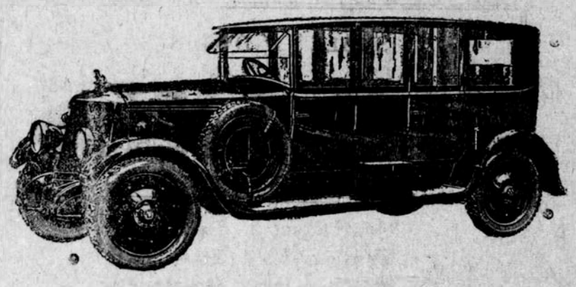

*SOLE AGENTS:—*

## Bombay Cycle & Motor Agency, Ltd.,

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## ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

*Commencing from*

**Monday 27th February, to Monday 13th March, 1922.**

PERFUMERY. . :
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RIBBONS . . .
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STATIONERY : :
WATCHES . . .
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We have decided to Clear our Entire Stock at Rock-Bottom Prices during this Sale.

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## The Shri Krishna Stores Co.,

**Limited.**

KRISHNA BUILDING HORNBY ROAD, FORT,

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# ATLAS TONIC

## The FIT Tonic to make Men FIT.

### THE SECRET OF ITS SUCCESS

is due to its two-fold action as a Tonic and as a Digestant. In addition to the nutritive value of its own ingredients **Atlas Tonic** increases that of the food you take, while it gives to the stomach the physiological rest it often needs so much. It is the **Tonic par Excellence** for weak children for pale and delicate women, for all those who are mentally or physically overworked; for those who lead a sedentary life, for old age and during convalescence after illness.

**WHAT DO THE DOCTORS SAY?**

"I have prescribed Stearn's Atlas Tonic extensively in my practice and it has yielded good results invariably. It proves very helpful where nervous breakdown is associated with digestive disorders in which cases its action is most marked and rapid. I recommend it for General Debility and convalescence after illness as well as for brain fag, loss of memory and sleeplessness due to too much worry or mental overwork."

3d.——F. R. C. S.

"Stearn's Atlas Tonic is very powerful and successful restorative of the Nervous and Digestive Systems, and as such it is used largely by my patients with excellent results."

Sd.——M. B. B. S., F. R. C. S.

"I have tried Atlas Tonic in many cases of Neurasthenic and Nervous Exhaustion and have obtained excellent results therefrom. I strongly recommend it in cases of Nervous Breakdown especially when associated with chronic Dyspepsia."

Sd.——M. B. B. S.

**FOUND AT LAST.**

**THE TONIC FOR THE TROPICS!**

Composed of Pepsin, Diastase, Pancreatine, Glycerophosphates of Quinine, Strychnine, Manganese and Potassium, [illegible] and Sodium, Fluid-

**WHAT DO [illegible] DOCTORS SAY?**

"I have [illegible] las Tonic a very good remedy for [illegible] stomach complaints and Liver di[illegible]
Besides it [illegible] ely used as a Nervine Tonic for ner[illegible] kdown."

Sd.—L. M. & S.

" I have [illegible] Tonic in a variety of cases with [illegible] results. It proved especially va[illegible] persons suffering from over work an[illegible]
"I can r[illegible] it safely to any one who require[illegible] regain his nervous strength."

[illegible]——L. M. & S.

"I have [illegible] s Tonic" on several of my patie[illegible] y on Neurasthenic, and Dyspep[illegible] The result have been excelle[illegible] ses, I have been largely rec[illegible] this Tonic during convalescent[illegible] any acute illness. I have been[illegible] sfied with its marvellous resul[illegible]

—L. M. & S.

"I have [illegible] Gesr a[illegible] some of m[illegible] r Sultan's Atlas Tonic to Persons rec[illegible] ger size with good results. recouped we[illegible] depth acute illness have patients are [illegible] Tonic. Dyspeptic it."

—L. M. & S.

ALSO

Stock [illegible] AST
ds of [illegible] and. ING EFFECTS!

THE TONIC [illegible] ervous Exhaus-

For Gene[illegible] particulars asthenia, Digestion, Emacia[illegible] prices uralgia, and all Anæmia, [illegible] S. L[illegible] by Defective Habitual [illegible] Nervous D[illegible] Nerve Nutrit[illegible]

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